## Headway

Intermediate Workbook with key



Liz & John Soars • Paul Hancock

# Headway Intermediate Workbook with key

Liz & John Soars • Paul Hancock



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1

## What's your story?

- Question forms
- Adjectives, synonyms and antonyms

- Phrasal verbs in situations
- · Saying the right thing

#### Grammar Question forms

#### Questions and answers

- 1 Read these questions (1-12) from an interview from Aksel Pedersen. Match them with his answers (a-1).
  - 1 Who do you live with?
  - 2 How many houses have you lived in?
  - 3 How much time do you spend writing every day?
  - 4 What are you like in the morning?
  - 5 Whose writing has influenced you the most?
  - 6 How long did it take you to write your first novel, Crime City?
  - 7 Which university did you go to?
  - 8 How often do you travel abroad?
  - 9 What kind of holiday do you like?
- 10 What objects do you always carry with you?
- 11 Who are you like in your family?
- 12 What are you afraid of?

#### 11 Listen and check.

- 2 Find questions in exercise 1 with:
  - a how + adjective / adverb 6 How long ...?
  - b what + noun
  - c which + noun
  - d whose + noun
  - e how much
  - f how many
  - g a preposition at the end
  - h like as an adverb
  - i like as a verb

"W	hat matters
to	me,, THE FIVE-MINUTE INTERVIEW
	k the Danish crime writer, Aksel Pedersen, t his life and career.
	My Copenhagen card (that's a travel card), a photo of my son and my phone, of course.
	It depends sometimes I spend all day just researching, other times I write all day and night – that's exhausting.
	Stieg Larsson's, the Swedish writer, without a doubt. Especially his <i>The Girl with the Dragon Tattoo</i> . He was a genius.
	My wife and son. We have a small family house in Elsinore – you know, Hamlet's Elsinore!
	My son and I go to a fishing lodge on Fyn Island every summer. I love fishing – I find it really relaxing.
	This is my first house. I've always lived in apartments, two in fact – one in Copenhagen, one here in Elsinore.
	Four or five times a year – always work. I've done author tours from Brazil to Bulgaria. I find it exciting but very stressful.
	Dreadful! I'm not an early-morning type of person – especially if I've been writing all night.
	I look like my mother, and I have my father's bad temper. It's an unfortunate combination.
	I didn't. I studied acting at the Commedia School in Copenhagen. I was useless, I got just a few small parts on TV.
☐ k.	That anything bad might happen to my wife or son.

 Kriminalitet City – I first had the idea when I was 15 and I finally finished writing it when I was 35!

#### Questions with what / which / whose

3 Write a question with what / which / whose + noun.

1	Do you want to get up at 6.00? 7.00? 8.00?	What time do you want to get up?
2	Are you looking for a small shirt? Medium? Large?	
3	Is this Jane's coat? Annie's? Henry's?	
4	Is your wife Hungarian? Spanish? Lebanese?	
5	Do you read The Times? Daily Mirror? The Telegraph?	
6	Do you like classical music? Rock 'n' roll? Jazz?	Telephone and the second
7	Is the healthiest vegetable cauliflower? Broccoli? Spinach?	
8	Is your smartphone an Apple? A Samsung?	
9	Is it the 39 bus that goes to the station? The 18? Or the 103?	1
10	Is this my dictionary or your dictionary?	- The state of the
11	Is your house number 3? Number 33?	
12	Do you want this one or that one?	

#### Questions with how

4	Write	question	with	how
_	VVIIIC &	question	WILLI	now.

1	'How wide	is the English Channel?'
	'About twenty-five m	iles from Dover to Calais.'
2		is it from your house to school?'
	'About five kilometre	s.
3	(	can your car go?'
	'The top speed is 240	
4		time do you spend on social media?'
	'I guess about three h	nours a day.'
5	·	do you go to the dentist?'
	'Three or four times	a year.'
6		have you known your girlfriend?'
	'We were at school to	ogether, so all my life.'
7		are you?'
	'I'm 1 metre 75.'	
8	•	did your baby weigh when she was born?
	'3.2 kilos.'	





#### Questions with like

5 Match a question in A with an answer in B.

A SA	В
1	a It's lovely and sunny. b Either. I don't mind. Whatever you're having. c I'll have a Coke, please. d She's OK. We get on most of the time. e Yeah, he's all right but he's not really my type. f No, thanks. I'm too tired. g No, I hate it. I can't even boil an egg. h Everyone says I look like my mother.

#### Questions with a preposition

- 6 EXTENSION Complete the questions. They all have a preposition at the end.
  - 1 A I think Jamie's in love?
    - B Oh, really? Who / he / in love ...?

Who's he in love with?

- A Beth, of course. He's crazy about her.
- 2 A Dad, can I have the car tonight?
  - B What / you / want it ...?
  - A I'm going out with a couple of friends. Is that OK?
- 3 A Someone's left their phone on the table.
  Who / it belong ... ?
  - B It's mine. Thanks.
- 4 A Jack's grandad died last week.
  - B Oh, dear! What / he die ... ?
  - A A heart attack.
- 5 A I am REALLY angry.
  - B What / you so angry ...?
  - A My bank charged me £20 for being 50p overdrawn.
- 6 A Pierre's the director of a European company.
  - B Really? Who / he work ...?
  - A Allgemeine Union.
- 7 A We can't go yet! Not everyone's here.
  - B Who / we waiting ...?
  - A Anna. She's getting ready.
- 8 A Do you like my new dress?
  - B Mmm! Where / you get it ...?
  - A I got it online.
- 9 A Mary got married last weekend.
  - B Really! Who / she get married ...?
  - A A guy she met in Spain.
- 10 A I had a great chat with Rob the other day.
  - B Oh, yes? What / you talk ...?
  - A His relationship with his mother. Very interesting.

#### Questions in context

12 Character

7 Read Holly's profile on her website. Complete the questions about her.



1	Where does	she <u>come</u> from?			
2	What	she	?		
3		university does she	study		?
4		does she get		her course?	
		does she live			
6	Has she	a boyfrienc	1?		
7		doing in her free tir	me?		
8	What is her	nair?			
9		colour	her e	eyes?	
10	<u> </u>	is she?			
11	What	of clothes do	es she	IDW _ S	?
12	What is she	as a pe	rson?		

ambitious

passionate, outgoing,

#### Vocabulary

#### -ed / -ing adjectives

1 Complete the story about Happy Holly. Use the words in brackets. Add -ed or -ing. Sometimes the spelling changes.

#### Happy Holly!

Holly Summers is very happy with her life. She thinks her drama course is really interesting (interest), but it isn't easy, and she has a lot to learn, so she finds it very 2\_\_\_\_\_(challenge) as well.



Her teachers have told her that they are more than 3\_\_\_\_\_(satisfy) with her acting ability and Holly is obviously 4\_\_\_\_\_ (delight) to hear that. She has always wanted to act, and has an 5\_\_\_\_\_ (overwhelm) passion for the theatre.

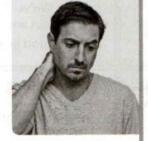
Holly shares a flat with her sister, who's a nurse. It's a tiny flat but it's on the fourth floor and has 6\_\_\_\_\_\_ (stun) views over the city. The sisters find it very 7\_\_\_\_\_(excite) to be living in a big, cosmopolitan city like Manchester, but they are too \*\_\_\_\_\_ (exhaust) at the end of each day to have much of a social life.

2 Complete the story about Miserable Max. Use the words from the box below. Add -ed or -ing. Sometimes the spelling changes.

					CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR O	30253	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
hore	WORRY	confuse	frighten	annov	disappoint	tire	nlease

#### Miserable Max!

Max isn't happy at all. He has just started a new job and he is both 'disappointed and 2\_\_\_\_\_\_ because his salary is much less than he was promised. This is really 3\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Max because he was out of work for a long time, and has a lot of debts. Also, his new boss doesn't seem 4. with his work so far. She doesn't explain clearly what she wants



6\_\_\_\_\_\_ to ask her many questions. All these problems mean that Max isn't sleeping well, so he always arrives at work feeling 7\_\_\_\_\_ and he sometimes falls asleep at his desk. And his work colleagues don't help they're no fun at all, they're all really \*\_\_\_\_\_ Poor, miserable Max.

him to do, which is very 5\_\_\_\_\_ for him, and he is too

#### Antonyms

3 Match an adjective in A with its opposite in B.

A	В
l hard-working	a part-time
2 old-fashioned	b stressful
3 casual	c lazy
4 good-looking	d smart
full-time	e rude
5 polite	f modern
7 relaxing	g unattractive

A		В
8	quiet	h light
9	easy-going	i tiny
10	shy	j moody
11	enormous	k boring
12	second-hand	I noisy
13	heavy	m sociable
14	thrilling	n brand-new

- 4 Complete the conversations with a word from the boxes in exercise 3.
  - 1 'He isn't very polite, is he?' 'No. In fact, he's incredibly rude.'
  - 2 'They really need to modernize the way they work.'

'True. Some of their business practices are

- 3 'Camping is not a relaxing holiday, is it? 'I know, it can be a very way of spending a holiday."
- 4 'Jane's such a lazy person.' Strange. Her brother is very
- 5 'You can't wear jeans to an interview! You've got to look \_\_\_\_\_!
- 6 'Can I help you with that bag? It looks very

'Thank you! That's really kind of you.'

- 7 'My sister's really difficult one minute she's kind, the next she's horrible.' 'She sounds like a typical teenager to me.'
- 8 'Look at the size of that sunflower!' 'Wow, it's absolutely ! It's even taller than Ben!'
- 9 'I don't really want to go to Kim's party.' 'Oh, come on! You really have to try to be

#### Antonyms and synonyms

5 EXTENSION	Write the op	posite.
-------------	--------------	---------

		17070 T
1	a rich person	a poor person
	a rich cake	a plain cake
2	an old car	7. Yest 1466 L.
	an old man	0.00
3	a single person	
	a single ticket	
4	a light suitcase	3000
	a light colour	
5	a hard exam	
	a hard pillow	
6	a hot drink	
	a hot curry	

6	Write a	n adjective	of similar	meaning
---	---------	-------------	------------	---------

1	a rich woman	a wealthy woman
2	2 a handsome man	of hand your dear
3	a funny story	Ben bellingeren strept
4	an untidy room	
5	a badly-behaved child	2. Juliah van
6	a brilliant idea	
7	tasty food	TELEBRANCH STATES
8	3 a lovely view	

#### Phrasal verbs

Phrasal verbs in situations (1)

**7 EXTENSION** Complete the conversations with a phrasal verb from the boxes. Put the verb in the correct form. The definitions in brackets will help you.

#### Journeys

set off pick up hang on get in

A You're arriving in London next Monday, right?

- B Yes, that's right.
- A I'll 'pick you up if you like. (collect)
- B That would be lovely.
- A What time does your train 2 ? (arrive)
- ! (Wait). I'll just check on the ticket. Er ... 17.45.
- A OK. The traffic's bad at that time, but if I \_\_ (leave the house) at about 5.00, I'll be there in plenty of time.

#### STARTING A BUSINESS

set up work out cut back come up with



A Jim and I are going to 9\_\_\_ our own business. (start)

- B Wow! What are you thinking of doing?
- A Well, I've always liked cooking, and Jim 10\_ the idea of opening a restaurant. (thought of)
- B Have you found a place yet?
- (calculated) that we A We're looking. We've 11 can afford about £25,000 a year rent. We're saving like crazy. We've 12 (reduced) our spending on going out and clothes and stuff like that.
- B Well, good luck. I'll be your first customer.

#### Relationships



put up with split up get over go out

- A Did you hear that Sam and Dee have 5 (ended a relationship)
- together for years! B Really? They've been 6\_ (be boyfriend and girlfriend) What went wrong?
- A Sam said all they did was argue, and he couldn't \_\_\_ it anymore. (tolerate) Dee is very upset, apparently.
- B I'm sure she is, but she'll 8 it. (begin to feel better) He wasn't that great!

#### MOVING HOUSE

get down to bring up work out settle in



- A I hear you've just moved house. How are you ? (adapting to new surroundings)
- B Not bad. It's all a bit chaotic, so it's hard to 14 any work. (finally start doing)
- A And the kids?
- B Well, we moved to the country because we didn't want to in a town. (educate and them care for) They're finding it a bit difficult at the moment. They've left their friends behind.
- \_. (get better) Give it time. A I'm sure it'll all 16

1.2 Listen and check.

## Everyday English Saying just the right thing

3	ау	ing just the right thing:
1		omplete the questions and the adjectives in e conversations.
	1	<ul> <li>A So, you've met the 'love of your life'! Tell me about her. What's she like?</li> <li>B Fabulous! She's really good-looking, and she's always smiling and cheer</li> </ul>
		You'll like her.
		A I'm sure I will.
	2	A Wow! Is that your car? It looksnew!
		B It's new all right, but it's not mine.
		A is it then?
		B My dad's.
		A That's a shame.
	3	A I'm so w about my son. He's always looking at a screen.
		B I know – it's a common problem these days else does he like doing
		A Not a lot! He needs some digital detox!
		B That's a great idea! don't you take the family on a digital-free holiday?
	4	A They say I'm the image of my mum do you look
		in your family?
		B I'm a mixture – I've got my mum's very red hair. I spend hours
		each day trying to straighten it. But I'm like my dad, 1 metre 80.
		A Lucky you! I hate being so short.
2	ex	Trite a response to the lines below using the expressions in <i>italics</i> from the conversations in tercise 2.
	1	'I've won £1,000 on the lottery!'
		'Wow! Lucky you!'
	2	'I know you'll really enjoy the film.'
	3	'Why don't we take a picnic to the beach?'
	4	'Sports day was cancelled because of the weather.'
	5	'Have you heard? Max and Fiona are getting divorced.'
		Go online for more skills

and language practice.

#### **REVIEW**

1 Rosa Volpe is an Italian housewife. Read her answers and complete the questions about her kitchen.

#### 'My kitchen is my life'

Q1: <u>How much</u> is your house worth? About €70,000. It's not a ¹ <u>modern</u> house – it's a 100-year-old farmhouse.

100-year-old	farmhouse.		
Q2:	's your kitcl	nen like?	is minist.
And it's quite		kitchen, but it's big en here's only one small t	
Q3:	big is it ex	actly?	
		oved to a 3 apa n mine. It's beautiful, b	ortment in the city centre out I prefer mine.
Q4:	time do yo	u spend in your kit	chen?
		and out to my kitchen fruit and vegetables f	garden – it's just outside or my cooking.
Q5:	often do y	ou eat together as a	a family?
farm so they	're always hungry. Th	isband and two sons. ney have <sup>5</sup> app is everything – I want	etites! Eating together i
Q6:	recipes do	you follow?	Live land but tip .
grandmothe		books. I just cook like cupboards are full of hey are 7	
Q7:	helps you	in the kitchen?	anni anni anni d
	sons can cook but the	ney're usually too 8	to help me, and my
Q8:	else would	you like to have in	your kitchen?
Nothing rea perhaps a di	lly! I'm very <sup>9</sup> ishwasher would be	with my kitch	en and my life. But d sons are always too

2 Complete the gaps 1-10 in Rosa's answers with the correct adjective from 1-10 below.

to help with the washing-up at the end of the day.

1	modern	old-fashioned	up-to-date
2	light	dark	useless
3	brand-new	fresh	tiny
4	new	mature	fresh
5	delicious	huge	tiny
6	second-hand	homesick	home-made
7	delicious	charming	stunning
8	hard-working	busy	overwhelmed
9	disappointed	satisfied	thrilled
10	exhausting	relaxed	exhausted

Go online to Check your progress.

### Language matters

- · Tenses, auxiliary verbs
- Vocabulary word formation, words that go together
- Prepositions verb + preposition
- Everyday situations

#### Grammar

#### Tenses

#### Recognizing tenses

- 1 Look at the emojis 1-4 and match them with meanings a-d.
  - a I'm only joking!
- c I'm not going to say any more!
- b I'll think about it.
- d I feel so embarrassed!





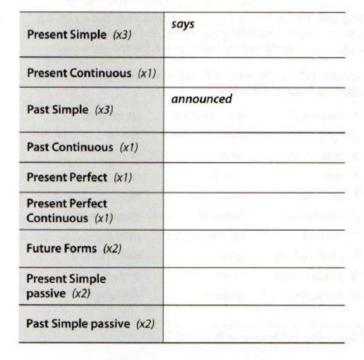




\_ 2 \_

4

- 2 Read the text and answer the questions.
  - 1 Why were people surprised by the Oxford Dictionaries Word of the Year in 2015?
  - 2 Who were the first people to use emojis?
  - 3 How many emojis are sent every day?
- 3 Use the verb forms in italics in the text to complete the chart.





When the Oxford English Dictionary *announced* its word of the year for 2015, the surprise was ... it wasn't a word! It was the 'face with tears of joy' emoji.

Casper Grathwohl, president of Oxford
Dictionaries, decided that emojis were the
most important new development in our use of
language that year. In 2015, Hillary Clinton asked students
to tell her how they felt about student loans in emojis.
Classic literary works were translated into emojis – Moby
Dick, for example, was renamed Emoji Dick!

Grathwohl, 44, says he's been avoiding using emojis himself until now – he didn't want people to think he 'was trying to get in on teen culture'. Emojis were originally popular with Japanese teenagers, and in the UK, a third of people over 40 have never used them. However, Grathwohl feels it's becoming acceptable for older people to use them now, and even the messages his mother sends him are full of them. Worldwide, six billion emojis are sent every day, and the 'face with tears of joy' is used the most.

Emojis *help* us to communicate better, but they *aren't* going to replace text language. And the 'face with tears of joy' won't appear in the Oxford English Dictionary. For a start, there's the problem of where to put it!

#### **Producing tenses**

4 Complete the sentences using the verbs from the box and the TENSES given.

m	ake	
1	PRESENT SIMPLE	
	I work for a company	that makes printers.
2	PRESENT SIMPLE PASS	
_	an anatomic to the state of the state of the state of	in China
2	PRESENT PERFECT	III Olima
,	We	a big profit
	this year.	_ a big pront
ta	ke	
4	PAST SIMPLE	
	Ι	my daughter to
	the park yesterday.	,
5	GOING TO FUTURE	
	Ι	her to the cinema
	tomorrow.	
6	PAST SIMPLE PASSIVE	
	This photo of her	
	when she was six.	
be	CALLED TO THE STATE OF	
7	PRESENT PERFECT	
•		to every country in
	Europe on business.	to every country in
8	PAST SIMPLE	
700	This time last year I	
	in Prague.	a dea of a
9	WILL FUTURE	
	Next week I	in
	Madrid.	- Septica 77
	hy mater	
W	ork	
10	PRESENT CONTINUO	OUS
	I	from home today.
11	PAST CONTINUOUS	
	I	in Munich when
	my wife and I first n	
12	PRESENT PERFECT C	ONTINUOUS
	I'm tired. I	too hard
	recently!	

#### Tenses and time expressions

5 Put the verb in the correct tense for each group of time expressions.

			six months ago.
1	1	(move) to Italy	last year.
	1000		in 2015.
	1000010		every day.
2	He usually	(go) jogging	twice a week.
			on Saturday mornings.
	Filesh Re	de to be the second	for five years.
3	We	(live) here	since January.
	14"		all our lives.
		111071-	at the moment?
4	What	(work) on	these days?
			this week?
	Jelista a	mare a war 185 ma	next week.
5	1	(see) you	later.
		TELL	tonight.

#### be, do, have: auxiliary or full verb?

**6** Is the verb in **bold** used as an auxiliary verb (A) or a full verb (F)?

1 A F	Have you ever been to China? They have three children.	
2 🔲	I <b>do</b> my homework every night. Where <b>do</b> you come from?	
3 🔲	They <b>are</b> such lovely children! They <b>are</b> learning Chinese.	
4 🔲	What time <b>did</b> you get home?  I <b>did</b> a lot of research for that project.	
5 🔲	England has only won the World Cup once. England has some beautiful countryside.	
6 🔲	I was just thinking about you! I was just a kid then.	
7 🔲	My son <b>is</b> at the same school I went to. He <b>is</b> taught French by my old teacher!	
8 🔲	My sister <b>does</b> yoga every day. What <b>does</b> your father do?	1

#### Asking questions

7 Read Language facts. Choose the answer you think is correct. Then complete the questions that will get the information.



- Sumerian, the oldest written language, was first written down in 3200 / 1500 BC.
- South Africa has 7 / 11 official languages the most in the world.
- The word which is most often pronounced incorrectly in English is pronunciation / picture.
- English once had 180 / 130 irregular verbs.
- In the Georgian language, mama means 'mother' / 'father'.
- Over 1 million / billion people around the world are learning English.
- An American / Chinese newspaper, USA Today, has tried using emojis next to headlines.
- ough can be pronounced in five / nine different ways in English.
- Pinocchio / The Little Prince is the book which has been translated most often. after the Bible.
- Tolkien used 6 / 12 invented languages in Lord of the Rings.

1	When was Sumerian first written down	
2	How many	
3	Which	?
4	How many	
	What	?
6	How many	
	In which	
8	How many	
9	Which	
	How many	?

8 1 Listen and check.

#### Replying with questions

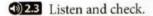
_		to the second se
9 R	epl	y to these statements with a question.
	7	Amy's writing an email.
		Who's she writing to ?
2	A	Dom speaks four languages.
~		Which?
2		I got some great presents for my birthday.
3		What?
4	A	Jamal and Naomi paid a lot of money for that house.
	R	How much?
5		I'm going to the cinema tonight.
	В	What?
6	A	We had a wonderful holiday.
	B	Where?
7	A	Bye! See you later!
		Where?
0		I really enjoy learning Italian.
	-	I really enjoy learning statian.
0	D	How long ?
Ne	gat	How long?  tives  vthing that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as
Neg O E	gat ver	
Neg O E	gat ver he o	ything that <b>A</b> says is wrong! Complete <b>B</b> 's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.
Neg O E s	yer he o A B	ything that <b>A</b> says is wrong! Complete <b>B</b> 's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!
Neg O E s	ver he o A B	ything that <b>A</b> says is wrong! Complete <b>B</b> 's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool. <u>They don't live in the centre!</u> They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.
Ne. 0 H si. 1	yer he o A B A B	ything that <b>A</b> says is wrong! Complete <b>B</b> 's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.  She works in advertising!
Ne. 0 H si. 1	gat iver he o A B A B	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.  She works in advertising!  Anna's got two brothers.
Ne: 0 H ss 1 2	gat ever he o A B A B	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.  She works in advertising!  Anna's got two brothers. ! She's an only child!
Ne: 0 H ss 1 2	A B A B A A B	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.  She works in advertising!  Anna's got two brothers. ! She's an only child!  They've been sharing a flat for two years.
Ne: 0 H ss 1 2	A B A B A A B	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.  She works in advertising!  Anna's got two brothers. ! She's an only child!
Ne: 0 H ss 11 22 33	B A B A B A B	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.  She works in advertising!  Anna's got two brothers. ! She's an only child!  They've been sharing a flat for two years. ! They only met last August!  They've made a lot friends in Liverpool.
Ne: 0 H ss 11 22 33	B A B A B A B	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.  She works in advertising!  Anna's got two brothers. ! She's an only child!  They've been sharing a flat for two years. ! They only met last August!  They've made a lot friends in Liverpool.
Ne. 0 F s 1 2 3 4 4 5	A B A B A B A B	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.  She works in advertising!  Anna's got two brothers. ! She's an only child!  They've been sharing a flat for two years. ! They only met last August!  They've made a lot friends in Liverpool. ! They don't seem to know anyone!
Ne. 0 F s 1 2 3 4 4 5	A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.  She works in advertising!  Anna's got two brothers. ! She's an only child!  They've been sharing a flat for two years. ! They only met last August!  They've made a lot friends in Liverpool.
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Neg 0 H ss 1 2 3 4 5	B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.
Neg 0 H ss 1 2 3 4 4 5 6	B A B A B A B B A B B A B B A B B A B B A B B A B B A B B A B B A B B A B B A B B A B B A B B B A B B B B A B	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.
Neg 0 H ss 1 2 3 4 4 5 6	B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A B A	ything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as corrects him.  Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool.  They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburbs!  Jane works in a bank.  She works in advertising!  Anna's got two brothers. ! She's an only child!  They've been sharing a flat for two years. ! They only met last August!  They've made a lot friends in Liverpool. ! They don't seem to know anyone!  Jane went to Oxford University. ! She went to Cambridge!

#### Short answers

11 Read the conversation between Tina and Beth. Complete the sentences with short answers.



- B Hi, Tina. I haven't seen you for ages. Have you been away?
- T Yes, 'I have . I was in South America for four months.
- B Wow! Did you have a good time?
- T Yes. 2 . It was amazing.
- B Were you travelling around?
- T No, 3 \_\_\_\_\_. Well, not for most of the time. I stayed in Buenos Aires for three months.
- B Oh yes, haven't you got an aunt and uncle who live there?
- T Yes, 4\_\_\_\_\_. I stayed with them for a couple of weeks, and then I got a place of my own.
- B Did you rent a room somewhere?
- T No, 5\_\_\_\_\_. I found a really nice apartment on Airbnb, and I had it all to myself.
- **B** What did you think of the Argentinians? They're very friendly, aren't they?
- T Yes, 6\_\_\_\_\_. Very outgoing, with a good sense of humour.
- B They eat a lot of meat, don't they?
- **T** Yes, <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. They have these amazing barbecues, called *asados*, with tons of meat.
- B I guess it's always good weather for barbecues there.
- That's when I went to Brazil.
- **B** Oh! A different language there, but you've been learning Portuguese, haven't you?
- T Yes, 9\_\_\_\_\_\_, but not for long enough. I found it much easier speaking Spanish in Argentina. Anyway, what about you? Are you doing OK?
- B No, 10\_\_\_\_\_\_, really. Still fed up with the job. But I was saying that when I last saw you, so I really must do something about it!



#### Vocabulary

#### Grammar words

1 EXTENSION Match words in A with a grammar term in B.

A		В
1 [	f write, want	a preposition (prep)
2 [	she, him	b adjective (adj)
3	car, tree	c adverb (adv)
4	can, must	d modal auxiliary verb
5	slowly, always	e pronoun (pron)
6	nice, pretty	f verb (v)
7	bigger, older	g count noun (C)
8	to like	h uncount noun (U)
9 [	a	i comparative
10	on, at, under	j superlative adjective
11 [	hoping, living	k infinitive with to
12 [	the	I -ing form of the verb (-ing form,
13	fastest, hottest	m past participle (pp)
14	done, broken	n definite article
15	rice, weather	o indefinite article

#### Word formation

2 Change the words in A so that they fit the grammar term in B.

A	В
silent (adj)	silently (adv)
educate (v)	(U noun)
easy ( <b>adj</b> )	(superlative adjective)
break (v)	(pp)
simple (adj)	(verb)
correct (v)	(C noun)
fluency (U)	(adj)
die (v)	(-ing form)

HAPPY			
<ol> <li>People often find when they're not looking for it.</li> <li>You seem with your job – why don't you look for another one?</li> <li>It's nice that your children and mine play so together.</li> </ol>		course /ko:s/ noun 1 [C] a course (in/on sth) a complete series of lessons: I've enrolled on an English course. A course in self- defence. 2 [C] one of the parts of a meal: a three-course lunch I had chicken for the main course. 3 [C] an area where golf is played or where certain types of race take place: a golf course a racecourse 4 [C] a course (of sth) a series of medical treatments: The doctor put her on a course	
FRIEND  4 Jason is such a neveryone.	ice guy – he's to	of radiation therapy. <b>5</b> [C, U] the route or direction that sth, especially an aeroplane, ship, or river takes: We changed course and sailed toward land.	
5 Your	is very important to me. ething wrong? Why are you being to me?	Match the word <i>course</i> in sentences <b>a–e</b> with a meaning <b>1–5</b> in the dictionary entry.  a I'm on a <i>course</i> of antibiotics.	
8 The	re a lot of responsibility for their staff rate in the UK is about 5% I can work for whoever I want.	b My daughter did a <i>course</i> in interior design.  c We had to run a five-mile cross-country <i>course</i> .  d A three-course meal consists of a starter,  a main course, and a dessert.	
ords that go toge Match the verbs in A	ther with the nouns in B.	Prepositions  Verb 4 preposition	
A	B not wated brow	Verb + preposition	
take correct	a prize a noise	<b>7 EXTENSION</b> Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.	
have support	places a presentation	of about (x3) to at with (x2) for (x2) as on	
give	a mistake	1 I don't agree anything you've said.	
win	a photo a team	2 You look worried. What are you thinking	
hear	u court	3 I'm dying a coffee! Can we go in that café	
hear swap	an allergy		
swap  EXTENSION Which e	expressions from the box go a go with do? Write them in the	4 Are you listening me? 5 What were you and Alex talking? It looked very serious! 6 We're hoping to have a barbecue, but it depends	
extension Which ewith make, and which correct column.  research exercise the shopping a join	expressions from the box go	4 Are you listening me? 5 What were you and Alex talking? It looked very serious! 6 We're hoping to have a barbecue, but it depends the weather. 7 I really like Ela. What do you think her? 8 How much did you pay that painting?	
extension Which exith make, and which correct column.  research exercise the shopping a join	expressions from the box go a go with do? Write them in the a list notes a phone call by an exam a profit an effort	4 Are you listening me? 5 What were you and Alex talking? It looked very serious! 6 We're hoping to have a barbecue, but it depends the weather. 7 I really like Ela. What do you think her?	

11 Does the chicken curry come \_\_

be fine.

12 Don't worry \_\_\_\_\_\_ your interview - you'll

#### **Everyday English**

#### Everyday situations - short remarks

**1 EXTENSION** Match the lines in **A** with what the other person says in **B**.

A			
1	g 'I've got a cold. It's aaaatchooo!'		
2	The taxi's here – it's waiting outside.'		
3	You can keep that umbrella if you like.'		
4	Good luck in the exam!		
5	Do you need any help?'		
6	"I'm going on holiday to Barbados tomorrow."		
7	'How short do you want your hair?'		
8	1 recommend the steak pie.		
9	You should visit the cathedral this afternoon.		
10	Could I try one of your biscuits?'		
В			
a	'Does it come with chips?'		
b	'Just a trim, please.'		
c	'Is it within walking distance?'		
d	'Sure, help yourself!'		
e	'OK, let's go!'		
f	'Are you sure? Thanks!'		
g	'Bless you!'		
h	'Same to you!'		
i	'No thanks, I'm just looking.'		
j	'Lucky you!'		

102.4 Listen to the lines from A. Reply, then check and repeat. Pay attention to stress and intonation.

Go online for more skills and language practice.



#### **REVIEW**

Read the text about keyboard design, and <u>underline</u> the correct answers in 1-20.



Q-W-E-R-T-Y. 'Have you seen / Did you see this arrangement of letters before? Look 'to / at the top of the keyboard on your laptop or smartphone and you 'll /'re going to see that, yes, you 'have / did. Your keyboard is called a Qwerty keyboard, and although you've probably never thought of / about the order of the letters on it, your fingers know it 'every time / all time they 'types / type something.

So who put the letters in this order? And how \* did / have they decide which order was the \* easy / easiest to use?

The Qwerty keyboard ¹º is /was invented for the new mechanical typewriter in 1867, by an American, Christopher Sholes. On his first design, Sholes put all the letters in alphabetical order. However, there ¹¹ was /has been a problem; in the alphabet the most-used letters are often next to each other, and when typists ¹² were typing / have typed quickly, the letters often stuck together. So, the keyboard ¹³ was / were rearranged and Q-W-E-R-T-Y was born.

14 On /In 1873, the Qwerty keyboard was used by Remington, the makers of the first popular typewriters. 15 Since / From then, all typists in English, and most other European languages, 16 are using / have been using the Qwerty keyboard. But is the Qwerty design the 17 efficientest / most efficient for modern digital keyboards, where there's no problem of letters sticking together? The answer is no, it probably 18 doesn't / isn't, and there have been many suggestions for more efficient keyboards. It's unlikely that we're ever 19 going to make / making the change from the familiar Qwerty, however, and it probably wouldn't 20 do / make much difference to our typing speeds anyway.



The Dvorak keyboard, one of many suggested alternatives, designed by August Dvorak (cousin of the Czech composer Antonin Dvorak), in 1932.

Go online to Check your progress.

## Just a job?

- Present tenses simple, continuous, passive
- State and activity verbs
- Jobs, work and play

- Phrasal verbs + noun
- · Making small talk

#### Grammar

#### Present tenses

#### Recognizing tenses

1 Look at the photos. What do the people do? What are they doing at the moment?

Sanjeev S	The state of the s	
He's a		
He's serv	ing a customer.	
		Section 600
Dave Telfo	rd	
Dave Telfo	rd	

2 Read the texts. Complete the charts with the present verb forms in italics.

Present tenses	Sanjeev
Present Simple	have, run, don't have
Present Continuous	
Present Simple passive	
Present Continuous passive	Electrical and a second

Present tenses	Dave
Present Simple	work
Present Continuous	93 3 8
Present Simple passive	

#### My Working Life

#### SANJEEV SINGH

I have a small corner shop on the outskirts of Birmingham. I run it with my wife Farida. We don't have any days off, our whole life is controlled by the shop. The shop opens every day at 6 a.m. and doesn't close until

We sell everything - from biscuits to batteries, light bulbs to lemonade. Our shelves are always stocked right up to the ceiling. People need shops



like ours for all the things they forget to get at the supermarket. We're entering the Best Small Shop in Britain Competition this year, so the shop is being redecorated at the moment - my nephew, Suneet, is doing it for us. Running a shop is hard work, but we love it - we're serving our community.

#### DAVE TELFORD

I'm a police officer. I work in Devon, in the south-west of England. I love my job, but my passion is surfing - it's why I live near the sea. I work different shifts. I hate the morning shift because it begins at 5 a.m. My favourite shift goes from 2 p.m. till midnight. I work ten hours a day for four days then I'm given three days off. My job is often stressful and challenging, but I like working in a team. I go surfing to get away from it all, not just from work - I'm going through a rather messy divorce at the moment. I travel all over the world surfing. This year I'm training for the World Surfing Games in Costa Rica.



#### Simple or continuous?

op	pen	
1	PRESENT SIMPLE	
	We	our shop at
	6 a.m every day.	
2	PRESENT CONTINUOUS	
	Starbucks	a new
	shop on the High Street t	his week.
w	ork	
3	PRESENT SIMPLE	
	Dave	ten hours
	a day, four days a week.	
4	PRESENT CONTINUOUS	
		(not) today
	because it's his day off.	
gi	ive	112901000
5	PRESENT SIMPLE PASSIVE	
	Police officers	
	three days off a week.	
6	PRESENT CONTINUOUS	
	Suneet	up his

nink	
PRESENT SIMPLE Dave officers work very hard.	police
PRESENT CONTINUOUS Sanjeev opening another shop for run.	of his nephew to
	PRESENT SIMPLE  Dave officers work very hard.  PRESENT CONTINUOUS  Sanjeev

weekend to help his uncle.

se	erve
9	PRESENT SIMPLE PASSIVE Excellent south Indian curries in the restaurant
ŀ	next door.
10	PRESENT CONTINUOUS PASSIVE A special south Indian curry there tonight.

#### What's the question?

**4** Read the answers to questions about Sanjeev and Dave. Complete the questions.

11	e questions.	
S	ANJEEV	
-	Who does he run the shop with?	
	His wife, Farida.	
2	How many	?
	They don't get any. They work every day of	the week.
3	What kinds	
	All kinds - from biscuits to batteries, light b	
1	Why is	
	Because they are entering a competition.	
	AND DESCRIPTION	
_	DAVE	.1 .
,		near the sea?
	Because he loves surfing.	(3)
)		job like?
	Very stressful and challenging.	
7	How many	given?
	Three days a week.	and adoptions
3	He's training for the World Surfing Games.	at the moment?
	He doesn't live in Manchester. He <u>lives</u> in Bir	mingham.
2	Farida works in a hospital.	
	She	in their shop.
3	They have Sundays off.	
	any days T	ney
4	The shelves in the shop are often empty.	
	They_	The state of the s
	up to the ceiling.	
	DAVE	
5	He likes the morning shift best.	
		. His favourite
	goes from 2 till midnight.	
6	He has a happy marriage.	
	He	a divorce.
7	He's training to run a marathon.	
		the

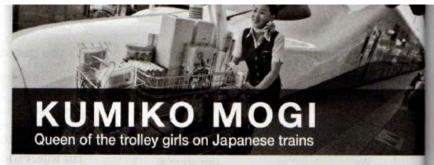
8 He's going to Miami soon.

Costa Rica.

#### Questions and negatives

6 Read the text about Kumiko Mogi and do the exercises.

(	Complete the questions in the Present Simple	le.
1	How fast	?
	300 km/h.	
2	How many passengers	_?
	800.	
3	How long	?
	Two hours 48 minutes.	
4	How much	?
	125,000 yen.	
5	How many women	?
	1,300.	
	Complete Kumiko's questions about the	
	assengers in the Present Continuous.	
	What	
	Who	
8	How many bags	_?
9	What books or newspapers	_?
C	Complete the negative sentences.	
	Mogi / not sell / ice cream / winter.	
11	People / not want beef / rice / breakfast.	
		_
12	She / not got whisky.	
13	The trolley girls / not sit down.	_
14	Mogi / not turn / back on / customers.	_
15	She / not want / be promoted.	_



KUMIKO MOGI is 27 and the most successful snack food saleswoman on the Japanese train network. Bullet trains travel at 300 km/h and carry 800 passengers, but they have no dining cars. Mogi works on the train that goes from Yamagata to Tokyo. The journey takes two hours 48 minutes. Ordinary wagon girls earn about 25,000 yen (£110) on the six-hour return journey. Mogi earns 125,000 yen.

She is more successful than all her colleagues, and she is now an instructor to the 1,300 women who work on the East Japan Railways bullet trains.

'The important thing in this job,' she says, 'is to know the customers. I look at them very carefully as they are getting on the train, and I ask myself these questions.

- → What / the passengers / wear?
- → Who / they / travel / with?
- → How many bags / they / carry?
- → What books or newspapers / they / read?

Based on the answers, she decides what people will want to eat and drink. 'If it's hot, I sell a lot of banana cakes and iced coffee for breakfast. No ice cream in winter. People buy lunchboxes of beef and rice. I also have dried fish, salted beef tongue, and beer. But there's no whisky in my trolley.'

The trolley girls have no seats. They carry on selling until the door opens at the terminus.

She pulls her trolley, she doesn't push it. 'I never turn my back on the customers. I can look at their faces all the time and work out what they want.'

Does she want to be promoted and do something different? 'Of course not,' she replies. 'You can see that I'm perfect for this job.'



#### **Present passive**

#### **Present Simple passive**

**7** Put the verbs in brackets into the Present Simple passive.



1	Open plan offices (dislike) by 40% of workers.
2	40% of Internet use in the office (not relate) to
	work.
3	Nearly half of work time
	(waste) on chatting, drinking coffee, and taking personal calls.
4	In 70% of offices, employees(ban) from using social
	media sites.
5	More than 120 billion business emails(send) worldwide
	every day.
6	Both employers and employees
	(stress) by the
	number of emails they receive.
7	On average, 31 hours a month (spend) on unproductive
	meetings.
8	95% of new products which

#### **Present Continuous passive**

(introduce) each year fail.

	Put the verbs in b	orackets	into the	Present	Continuous
	passive.				

- 2 As a result, many employees are now complaining that they \_\_\_\_\_ (overwork) by their employers.
- 3 Another complaint is that they \_\_\_\_\_ (underpay) for the increased amount of work they now do.

#### State and activity verbs

9 Some verbs rarely take the continuous form. These are called state verbs. Complete the sentences with a verb from the lists below.

believe know remember forget think love like need prefer hope seem hear smell taste see feel

1 That phone belongs to Justin.

belong have own cost contain mean depend not matter

I	2 Britain	a popu	lation of 60	million.
5	3 I	your face, but	I've forgotte	n your name - sorry!
6 Petrol over a pound a litre. 7 This cake delicious. Can I have the recipe? 8 Good luck! I the exam goes well. 9 We might have a picnic. It on the weather. 10 I like both tea and coffee, but I tea. 11 If you (not) the answer, don't put your hand use. 12 That's a lie! I (not) a word you say.  10 Some state verbs can be used in the continuous form but the meaning changes. Complete the sentences with the verb in the Present Simple or Continuous according to the meaning think  1 I you'll get the job.  1 possible plan 2 I of applying for a new job.  1 have  1 possession 3 He a brand new motorbike.  1 a great time in Majorca.  1 see  1 a great time in Majorca.  1 a feeling 7 Tom and Sarah each other.	4 I really	a haircu	ıt. My hair is	too long.
7 This cake	5	you	this flat, or	do you rent it?
8 Good luck! I the exam goes well. 9 We might have a picnic. It on the weather. 10 I like both tea and coffee, but I tea. 11 If you (not) the answer, don't put your hand use. 12 That's a lie! I (not) a word you say. 10 Some state verbs can be used in the continuous form but the meaning changes. Complete the sentences with the verb in the Present Simple or Continuous according to the meaning think  opinion	6 Petrol	over a p	ound a litre	Sell-month reserve and
9 We might have a picnic. It on the weather.  10 I like both tea and coffee, but I tea.  11 If you (not) the answer, don't put your hand use.  12 That's a lie! I (not) a word you say.  10 Some state verbs can be used in the continuous form but the meaning changes. Complete the sentences with the verb in the Present Simple or Continuous according to the meaning think  11	7 This cake	delic	cious. Can I	have the recipe?
10 I like both tea and coffee, but I tea.  11 If you (not) the answer, don't put your hand use.  12 That's a lie! I (not) a word you say.  10 Some state verbs can be used in the continuous form but the meaning changes. Complete the sentences with the verb in the Present Simple or Continuous according to the meaning think  11 you'll get the job.  12 possible plan 2 I of applying for a new job.  13 have  14 possession 3 He a brand new motorbike. activity 4 She a great time in Majorca.  15 see  16 appointment 5 What time you the dentist?  17 understand 6 I what you mean.  18 love  28 a feeling 7 Tom and Sarah each other.	8 Good luck	! I t	he exam go	es well.
11 If you (not) the answer, don't put your hand use 12 That's a lie! I (not) a word you say.  10 Some state verbs can be used in the continuous form but the meaning changes. Complete the sentences with the verb in the Present Simple or Continuous according to the meaning think  opinion 1 I you'll get the job. possible plan 2 I of applying for a new job.  have  possession 3 He a brand new motorbike. activity 4 She a great time in Majorca.  see appointment 5 What time you the dentist? understand 6 I what you mean.  love a feeling 7 Tom and Sarah each other.	9 We might	have a picnic.	It	on the weather.
10 Some state verbs can be used in the continuous form but the meaning changes. Complete the sentences with the verb in the Present Simple or Continuous according to the meaning think  opinion 1 I	10 I like both	tea and coffee	e, but I	tea.
10 Some state verbs can be used in the continuous form but the meaning changes. Complete the sentences with the verb in the Present Simple or Continuous according to the meaning think  opinion 1 I	11 If you	(not) the	answer, do	n't put your hand up.
meaning changes. Complete the sentences with the verb in the Present Simple or Continuous according to the meaning think  opinion 1 I you'll get the job.  possible plan 2 I of applying for a new job.  have  possession 3 He a brand new motorbike.  activity 4 She a great time in Majorca.  see  appointment 5 What time you the dentist?  understand 6 I what you mean.  love  a feeling 7 Tom and Sarah each other.	12 That's a lie	! I	(not) a	a word you say.
have  possession 3 He a brand new motorbike.  activity 4 She a great time in Majorca.  see  appointment 5 What time you the dentist?  understand 6 I what you mean.  love  a feeling 7 Tom and Sarah each other.	opinion			
possession 3 He a brand new motorbike.  activity 4 She a great time in Majorca.  see  appointment 5 What time you the dentist?  understand 6 I what you mean.  love  a feeling 7 Tom and Sarah each other.	and the second of the second o			
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see appointment 5 What time you the dentist? understand 6 I what you mean.  love a feeling 7 Tom and Sarah each other.	possession	3 He	a bran	d new motorbike.
appointment         5 What time you the dentist?           understand         6 I what you mean.           love         a feeling         7 Tom and Sarah each other.	activity	4 She	a grea	t time in Majorca.
the dentist?  understand 6 I what you mean.  love  a feeling 7 Tom and Sarah each other.				
understand         6 I what you mean.           love         a feeling         7 Tom and Sarah each other.	appointment	5 What time	e	you
love  a feeling 7 Tom and Sarah each other.	e whatthem			
a feeling 7 Tom and Saraheach other.	understand	6 I	what y	ou mean.
	love			
enjoyment 8 I this holiday. It's great.	a feeling	7 Tom and 9	Sarah	each other.
	enjoyment	8 I	this ho	liday. It's great.

#### **VOCABULARY**

#### Work and play

1 Use the clues to complete the crossword. All the words have appeared in Unit 3.

#### **ACROSS**

- 3 thinking deeply and quietly
- 6 shoes worn for sport
- 12 helps you look after your money
- 13 a worker for a company
- 14 wear this to protect your head
- 16 use this for DIY
- 17 money you owe

#### DOWN

- 1 sit on this on a horse
- 2 play tennis or squash with this
- 4 running to keep fit
- 5 do these to keep fit
- 7 someone who hires and fires people
- 8 people who buy things in shops
- 9 ride the waves on this
- 10 wear this to hear music
- 11 follow this when you cook
- 15 you need this when camping

#### Phrasal verbs + noun (1)

2 EXTENSION Many phrasal verbs go with a noun. Match a verb in A with a noun in B.

A	В
1 take up 2 look after 3 fill in 4 find out 5 try on 6 look up 7 pick up 8 take off 9 turn off	a a new suit b golf c the truth d your jacket if you're hot e your phone in a meeting f your work colleagues g an application form
9 turn off 10 get on with	h somebody from the airport i a word in a dictionary j sick patients

						4	
5		6		7			
					8		
		9	10				
	11		12				
105							
13					14		15
						1	

C	omplete the sentences with o	ne of th	e phrasal ver	bs in its corr	ect form.
1	A Can I		these jeans,	please?	
	B Sure. The changing room	is are ov	er there.		
2	I can't go out tonight. I'm _	11 112		the chil	dren.
	If you're so bored, why don't hobby.	2.0			a new
4	No one's watching the TV	01000	it	!	
	A What do I do with this form?				
	B Just it		and give it to	o the recepti	onist.
6	Please	y	our dirty sho	es before yo	u come in.
7	I	well	n	ny sister, but	not my
	brother. He and I fight all th	ne time.			
8	His train gets in at 14.42. Castation?	an you _		him	from the
9	A I don't know what time n	ny train	leaves.		
	B Don't worry, I'll	it _		for you onlin	ne.

that I didn't get the job.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

10 A What's the matter? You look upset.

B I've just\_

#### **Everyday English**

#### Making small talk

- 1 ①3.1 Eva is in Britain to study. She's staying with a host family. Listen to the conversation between Eva and the mother, Anna. Why aren't Eva's replies friendly?
- 2 Now read the conversation and complete it with the lines below to make it more polite.

#### Welcome Eva!

- A Hello, Eva. It's lovely to meet you at last.
- E Hello.
- A Did you have a good journey?
- E It was OK. \_
- A That's good. Would you like to see your room and freshen up a bit?
- E Yes, I would.
- A That's fine. I'll take your bags upstairs and show you the bathroom.
- E Thank you. \_\_\_\_\_
- A Just follow me. Kate is really looking forward to meeting you – she'll be back from school soon.
- E That's nice. \_\_\_\_\_
- A How old's your sister?
- E 13.
- A Ah just like Kate! Do you get on well with your sister?
- E Sometimes.
- A Here's your room. I hope you like it.
- E I do. \_\_\_\_
- A That's good. We want to hear all about your home and family. Now, unpack your things, have a shower and come down when you're ready.
- E Thank you. \_\_\_\_
- 1 I managed to sleep for an hour on the plane.
- 2 Nice to meet you, too.
- 3 I'd love to have a shower if that's OK.
- 4 But I think she's a bit spoilt. I get on better with my brother he's 11.
- 5 I can't wait to meet her. I have a younger sister I think she's the same age as Kate.
- 6 You're very kind, but I can carry them myself. Now where do I go?
- 7 You've made me feel very welcome. I'm sure I'll be very happy here.
- 8 She looks and acts as if she's 16 though!
- 9 It's lovely. It looks like my room back home in Slovakia – I won't feel homesick at all.

3.2 Listen and check.

#### **REVIEW**

Read about 'The Cowboys in the Sky' and complete gaps 1-14 with the correct word from 1-14 below.



#### THE COWBOYS IN THE SKY'

Who builds the New York City skyscrapers?

New York City is famous worldwide for its skyscrapers.
The term 'skyscraper' 1 for buildings over
50m high and currently, over 50 skyscrapers 2
in New York City. The ironworkers who 3 the
steel frames for these buildings 4 as 'cowboys
in the sky'. Johnny Malone is one of 100 or so of these
'cowboys' who 5 on a new 40-story building
in Times Square 6 Ironwork is a trade that is
handed down from father to son. Johnny's
great-grandfather helped build the Empire State
Building. Johnny loves his job. He * very
proud when he 1 the New York skyline. He
says: 'We ironworkers work hard and play hard. It's
a very 10 job and we 11 many days
12 When we do, we often 13 the time
together - we all 14 well with each other - you
have to in this job.'

1	describes	is called	is used
2	are building	are being built	are built
3	erect	builds	are making
4	are known	are called	are named
5	are worked	work	are working
6	usually	these days	at the moment
7	frequently	never	from time to time
8	is feeling	feels	takes
9	looks after	looks up	looks at
10	busy	stressful	violent
11	have	don't have	are given
12	on	off	away
13	take	keep	spend
14	go on	get on	put in

Go online to Check your progress.

## Tales of the unexpected

- Narrative tenses
- Past Simple, Past Continuous, Past Perfect
- · Sounds and spelling; birth, marriage, and death
- Prepositions of time in / at / on
- Expressing opinions

#### Grammar Narrative tenses

Recognizing tenses

1 Read the story. Why is there a question mark after the title?



UNDERGROUND

Brigit Larsen, from Norway, was visiting London last autumn, when she noticed a handsome young man on the Underground. He was wearing headphones and listening to music. She was too shy to talk to him, but she secretly took his photograph with her phone. She returned home but couldn't forget the young man she had seen on the Tube, so she put his photo and this message on a social media site.

Brigit didn't have much hope of getting a reply. Fortunately, the message was seen by a journalist from London's City News and both message and photo were printed in the newspaper. Immediately, the young man was identified by one of his work colleagues. He was 24-year-old Theo Asher, a graphic designer from south-west London.

Theo said, 'In fact, when my friend showed me the photo, I'd already seen it.'

He had been standing on the Tube on his way to work and as usual lots of people were reading City News. He couldn't understand why they were giving him funny looks. 'Then I saw my picture!'

So, was there a happy ending? Well, that's still to be seen. Theo called Brigit and they met when she returned to London. They had their first date, a meal in Covent Garden, and they got on really well. Who knows what will happen in the future?

2 Read the story again. Put the verbs in *italics* in the correct place in the chart.

Past Simple (x10)

	-
Past Continuous (x5)	3
	_
Past Simple passive (x3)	
tord of some finite time	
Past Perfect (x2)	710
Past Perfect Continuous (x1)	



05/12/2015 Brigit Larsen

On October 8 this mystery young man was travelling on the London Underground, Victoria Line. He got off at Green Park at about 5.30 p.m.

If you know him, or you are him, please call 00 47 571 43 890.

#### Forming the tenses

3 Use the information in the story to complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in **bol** 

visit	PAST CONTINUOUS PAST	PERFECT
1 Brigit	London for t	he first time
	never	
Londo	on before.	
wear	PAST SIMPLE PAST CONT	INUOUS
saw h		
4 He sai	id he alwaysl Tube.	headphones
see	PAST PERFECT PAST SIM	PLE PASSIVE
5 The n	PAST PERFECT PAST SIMmessage and photogue of Theo.	
5 The n collea 6 Theo	nessage and photo	by a
5 The n collea 6 Theo	nessage and photo gue of Theo. said that he	by a already

#### Forming questions

8 She

4 Complete the questions about Brigit and Theo.

a few days when Theo got in touch.

only

1	'When was she visiting	London?
	'Last autumn.'	
2	'Who	on the Tube?'
	'A handsome young m	an.'
3	'What	_?' 'Listening to music.'
4	'Why	
	'Because she was shy.'	
5	'Where	the message
	'In City News.'	3,
6	'Whystanding on the Tube?	Theo
	'Because there hadn't	been any room to sit down.

4.1 Listen and check.

#### Forming negatives

- 5 Correct these sentences about the story.
  - 1 Brigit put Theo's photo in an album.

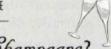
    She didn't put his photo in an album. She put it on social
    media
  - 2 Theo and Brigit were travelling on the bus.
  - 3 Theo's photo was identified by a journalist.
  - 4 He'd been sitting on the Tube when he saw his picture.

#### Past Simple or Past Perfect?

- 6 Read the beginning of a romantic novel. Why is Nancy exhausted? What happens to wake her up?
- 7 Read the extract again and underline the correct tense.



CHAPTER ONE



#### Hot Chocolate or Champagne?

It was ten o'clock in the evening. Nancy ¹ sat / had sat down on her sofa and thought about the day. What a busy day it ² was / had been. This was her first night in her very own flat. She ³ lived / had lived her entire life so far, 23 years, in the family home with her parents, and now for the first time, she ⁴ was / had been on her own.

She sat surrounded by all the boxes that she <sup>5</sup> didn't manage / hadn't managed to unpack during the day. It <sup>6</sup> took / had taken months to get all her belongings together and her mum and dad <sup>7</sup> were / had been very generous, buying her things like towels and mugs.

She suddenly <sup>8</sup> felt / had felt exhausted, she yawned. No wonder she <sup>9</sup> was / had been tired! She <sup>10</sup> was / had been packing and unpacking since six o'clock in the morning. She <sup>11</sup> decided / had decided to make a mug of hot chocolate and go to bed. She knew she <sup>12</sup> packed / had packed the mugs somewhere, but she couldn't remember where.

There was a knock at her door. There stood a neighbour holding a bunch of flowers and a bottle of champagne. He <sup>13</sup> came / had come to welcome her to their apartment block. Nancy was suddenly awake! Champagne <sup>14</sup> won / had won over hot chocolate every time. Her neighbour smiled at her. He <sup>15</sup> looked / had looked like a really nice guy.

4.2 Listen and check.

Past Pe	erfect Si	mple or	Continuous?
---------	-----------	---------	-------------

		ickets. Use the Past Perfect Simple or Continuous.
1 I was broke because I'd I	been shopping and l	'd spent all my money. (shop and / spend / money)
2 Mary was really angry. S	She	(wait / for hours and / boyfriend / not / turn up)
3 Before his accident, Peter	er	
(be / best player / team a	and / train for the O	lympics)  (listan (har music (not / hear ma call her)
		(listen / her music / not / hear me call her)
5 Jack wanted a new chall (be / at the same compar		
6 When I got home, I was	starving. I	(work / all day and / not have / anything to eat)
8	0	A III A AND A
Past Simple passive		
<b>9</b> Put the verbs in brackets i	n the Past Simple p	assive.
SOME FACTS ABOUT	TO THE	
SHAKESPEARE'S	ROMEU	AND JULIET
1 Romeo and Juliet was	first <u>published</u> (pub	The state of the s
2 It isn't known exactly w	hen it	first (perform)
3 It(bas	se) on real lovers wh	no lived and died in Verona in 1303.
4 In Shakespeare's day, w	omen	(not allow) to act on
stage. Female roles	(play) b	y young men.
5 Many of Shakespeare's	early plays	(perform) at the
Globe Theatre in Lond	on, which	(build) in 1599.
6 The first film of Romeo	and Juliet	(make) in 1916. It was a
silent movie.		
7 The most recent versio	n, starring Leonard	o DiCaprio, (set) in
modern-day Los Angel	es. It	(shoot) in Mexico City in 1996.
8 Some scholars still belie	eve that the plays _	(not write) by ROMEO-JULIE
Shakespeare.		IN TREATRES NOVEME
9 Shakespeare died in 16	16 and	(bury) in Stratford-upon-Avon.
Past tense homophone	s	11 In each sentence there are two homophones in phonetic symbols.
Write another word that s		Write the words.
as these past tense forms.	ounds the same	1 The burglar /θru:/ threw a brick /θru:/ the window of
1 readred	/red/	the factory.
2 knew	/nju:/	2 He was /kɔ:t/ by the police and went to /kɔ:t/
D CHANGE IN SECTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDRESS OF THE PERSON AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDRESS OF	29	, where he was sentenced to five years in prison.
3 rode	/rəud/	3 I/so:/ Jack at the doctor's. He had a /so:/ throat.
4 caught	/kɔ:t/	
5 saw	/so:/	4 We /nju:/ that Sue had bought a /nju:/ car.
6 threw	/θru:/	5 No, that's not the book I /red/ last year. It had a /red/
7 thrown	/θεουη/	cover.
8 been	/bi:n/	6 We /rəud/ our bikes down the mountain /rəud/

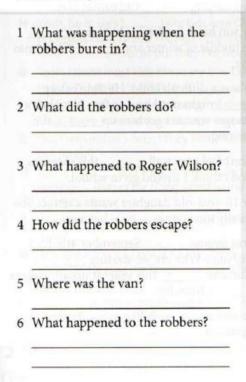
12 Read the newspaper articles and answer the questions.



#### 'Hands Up!' for supermarket customers

Customers in Supersave Superstore received a terrible shock yesterday as they were queuing to pay at the cash desks. Two armed, masked robbers burst into the shop and demanded money from the cashiers. Sixty-year-old Roger Wilson suffered a heart attack and was taken to hospital. The robbers escaped in a stolen van, which was parked outside. The robbers were finally caught in a country lane five miles away.

Read the full story >





#### Hero saves man from blazing car

Jack Banner, 52, was tired. He'd been working late. At around 7.30 p.m., he was driving home when he saw a terrible accident. A black VW Golf had crashed into a tree and caught fire. Without thinking of his own safety, Jack stopped his car and ran to the scene. He had just managed to pull the young driver out of the car when it exploded. Fortunately, a police car was in the area and an officer had called an ambulance. The young man, Gary Baker, 22, was taken to a nearby hospital, where he is doing well.

Read the full story >

What was he doing when he saw the accident?

What had happened to the car?

What did Jack do?

Why didn't Jack call an ambulance?

What happened to the young man?

#### Dog attacked by swans

Last Thursday afternoon, Margot Balding, 54, took her dog, Toby, for a walk in St James' Park. She was throwing sticks into the pond and Toby was swimming to fetch them, when suddenly he was attacked by two huge swans. Mrs Balding's screams were heard by two gardeners, who were working nearby. They ran into the water and rescued the dog. Fortunately, he wasn't badly injured. It was poor Mrs Balding who needed help – she'd fainted on the grass.

Read the full story >

- 13 What was Mrs Balding doing in the park?
- 14 What was she doing when Toby was attacked?
- 15 What did she do when he was attacked?
- 16 How did the gardeners help?
- 17 Why was Toby lucky?
- 18 Why did Mrs Balding need help?

### Vocabulary

#### Birth, marriage, and death

**1 EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

	birth (x3) birthday born (x2)
1	Shakespeare was into quite a wealthy family.
2	Congratulations on the of baby Emma!
3	What are you doing for your this year?
	She gave to a beautiful healthy boy.
	Your date and place of are on your passport.
	They say that the first child is always more ambitious
C	omplete the sentences with a word from the box.
	wedding (x2) marriage marry married (x2) get married got married been married got divorced got engaged
1	Darling, I love you. Will you marry me?
2	They met and in just three months!
3	A Are you?
	B No, we've just We're going to next year.
4	How many times has she?
5	We had a lovely in a small country church.
	Did you hear? James and Henrietta last Saturday.
	How many guests did they have at the?
	Their was always stormy. I'm not surprised they
	estero militario della para esta di la considera di la conside
С	omplete the sentences with a word from the box.
	dying (x2) dead (x2) died death (x3) die (x2)
	A Is old Bert Harris still alive? He must be nearly 100.  B No, I'm sure he's Didn't he a few years ago?
2	Her father's came as a great shock. He of a heart attack.
3	Every winter thousands of birds in the cold weather
4	I think our poor old cat is She's sixteen and she just sleeps all day long.
5	Julius Caesar was stabbed to by his best friend, Brutus.
6	There are always a lot of bodies in Agatha Christie's stories.
7	I can't watch horror movies. I get scared to
8	My wedding ring was my grandmother's. It was her wish that I should have it.

#### **Prepositions**

in / at / on for time

We use at for the time and some	We use <i>in</i> for longer periods of time.
expressions.	in April
at 8.00	in 2012
at midnight	in summer
at lunchtime	in the twentieth century
at the weekend	We also use in for parts of
at Christmas	the day.
at the same time	in the morning
at the moment	in the afternoon
at the age of five	in the evening (but at night)
We use on for days and dates.	last, next, this, tomorrow, or
on Monday	yesterday.
on Sunday	I saw him this morning
morning	I'll see you next week
on August 17	Did you go out last night /
on Thursdays	yesterday evening?
	I'll call you tomorrow morning.
1 It was so ron	omplete the sentences with a tion or no preposition (-). nantic. He asked me to marry hin night New Year's Eve!
1 It was so ron mid 2 Our first bal	tion or no preposition (-). nantic. He asked me to marry hir night New Year's Eve! by was born 2.40
1 It was so ron mid 2 Our first bal the morning	nantic. He asked me to marry his night New Year's Eve! by was born 2.40 Christmas Day.
1 It was so ron mid 2 Our first bal the morning 3 My son hate	tion or no preposition (-). nantic. He asked me to marry hir night New Year's Eve! by was born 2.40
2 Our first bal the morning 3 My son hate the middle of time.  4 He was a difficulty in the middle of time.	nantic. He asked me to marry his night New Year's Eve!  by was born 2.40 Christmas Day.  s having his birthday Christmas  of winter and Christmas  ficult child. He didn't sleep at until he was five. Now he's a
2 Our first bal the morning 3 My son hate the middle of time.  4 He was a difficulty in the middle of time.	nantic. He asked me to marry hir night New Year's Eve!  by was born 2.40 Christmas Day.  s having his birthday of winter and Christmas  ficult child. He didn't sleep
2 Our first bal the morning 3 My son hate the middle of time.  4 He was a difference morning.  5 I don't feel v	nantic. He asked me to marry him night New Year's Eve!  by was born 2.40 Christmas Day.  s having his birthday of winter and Christmas  ficult child. He didn't sleep at until he was five. Now he's a
2 Our first bal the morning 3 My son hate the middle of time.  4 He was a difference morning.  5 I don't feel was a don't think 6 My 10-year-	nantic. He asked me to marry himight New Year's Eve!  by was born 2.40 Christmas Day.  s having his birthday of winter and Christmas  ficult child. He didn't sleep nt until he was five. Now he's a can't get him up the  ery well this morning.
2 Our first bal the morning 3 My son hate the middle of time.  4 He was a difference morning.  5 I don't feel was a don't think 6 My 10-year-is really too	nantic. He asked me to marry himight New Year's Eve!  by was born 2.40 Christmas Day.  s having his birthday of winter and Christmas  ficult child. He didn't sleep nt until he was five. Now he's a can't get him up the  ery well this morning. I should go to school.  old daughter wants a tattoo. She young her age.
2 Our first bal the morning 3 My son hate the middle of time.  4 He was a difference we morning.  5 I don't feel we I don't think 6 My 10-year-is really too 7 Term begins Thursday. We Thursday. We Thursday.	nantic. He asked me to marry himight New Year's Eve!  by was born 2.40 Christmas Day.  s having his birthday of winter and Christmas  ficult child. He didn't sleep th until he was five. Now he's a can't get him up the  ery well this morning.  I should go to school.  old daughter wants a tattoo. She

#### **Everyday English**

#### **Expressing opinions**

1 Two dads, Henry and Bob, are having a conversation about their kids. Complete it with the words and phrases below.

d absolutely brilliant a isn't he e absolutely right b don't you c didn't he f pretty scary i certainly

g totally agree h really enjoy

Too true



H I love being a dad, 1\_

Yeah, of course I do - most of the time.

H My favourite thing is bedtime.

Ah, I2\_\_\_\_\_! It's the best time of day. Peace at last!

H No, it's not just that. 13 \_\_\_\_\_ reading bedtime stories to my kids.

Do you? My kids are a bit old for that now, but I used to read to them a lot. What are your kids' favourites?

H Well, Emma thinks anything by Roald Dahl is great.

B He's an excellent writer for kids, 4\_\_\_\_

H Yeah, he is. He's 5\_\_\_\_\_! My kids love Charlie and the Chocolate Factory and The BFG - The Big Friendly Giant \_ in places but they like being scared.

Yeah, I think most kids like scary bits. I know mine did. Dahl wrote for adults too, 7\_

\_\_\_\_ did – he wrote books of short stories. I read them years ago - real page-turners.

B Yes, I remember - aren't they kind of scary too - dark but funny?

\_, and they all have really unexpected H You're 9\_ endings - Tales of the Unexpected is one of Dahl's books.

What are you reading to your kids at the moment

H Actually, it's not a Dahl, it's a fairy story - a scary fairy story! Beauty and the Beast - you can't beat a good fairy story.

\_! There's nothing better than a story that begins 'Once upon a time ...'

2 (1) 4.3 Listen and check.

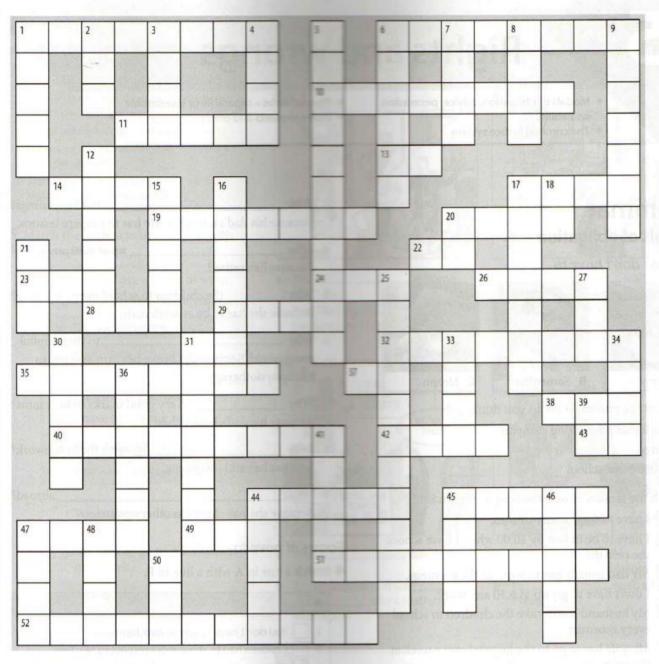
Go online for more skills and language practice.

#### REVIEW

C	omplete the sentences with was, were, did, or had.
1	The police found the money which been stolen from the supermarket.
2	you do much sightseeing when you were in Paris?
3	We arrived late because our flight been delayed by bad weather.
4	Theyleaving for the station when I saw them.
5	How many times your passports checked before you got on the plane?
6	it raining when you left the cinema?
7	I forgotten to set my alarm, so I was late for work.
8	I sent you a text you get it?
9	you listening to me? I telling you about my terrible day at work!
	nt the verb in <b>bold</b> in the Past Simple, the Past ontinuous, the Past Perfect Simple or Continuous.
	eat
1	I couldn't understand what she was saying because she <u>was eating</u> an apple.
2	The meal was terrible, but John it.  He must have been hungry.
3	There was nothing in the fridge. The kidseverything.
	talk
4	The lesson was so boring. The teacher just for a whole hour.
5	I knew about Annie's problem because I to her mother the day before.
6	Who you to on the
	phone just now?
	die
7	Alice never knew her grandfather. Hebefore she was born.
8	The old man lay in his bed, hardly breathing. He, and he knew it.
9	Vincent van Gogh in 1890.
	drive
10	'How did you get here?' 'I'
11	I was tired, and needed to go to bed. I
	500 miles that day.

## Stop and check Units 1-4

1 Complete the sentences 1–15 with the correct word from below.	<b>2</b> Use the clues to complete the crossword.
1 Do you like your father or mother?	ACROSS
be look take	Christopher Sholes invented the QWERTY (8)
2 Who is Maria married?	6 I don't work part-time, I work(8)
by to with	10 We may replace QWERTY keyboards in future, but it's (8)
3 I all my homework before I went to bed.  did have done was doing	these trousers. (3, 2)
	13 You're love with Emily, aren't you?! (2)
4 My aunt asked me if I wanted money for my birthday, and I said	14 Diane on well with Jake – they're good friends. (4
I	17 The unemployment in the UK is about 5%. (4)
do did would	19 The adverb for happy is (7)
5 I haven't upgraded my phone	20 I do the cooking and my husband all the shopping. (4)
already just yet.	22 Which university did you to? (2)
6 Drinks outside in the garden.	23 I left my company and started a business of my (3)
are being served are serving will serve	24 The 1996 film of Romeo and Juliet was in Los Angeles. (3)
7 What are you making for dinner? It really good.	Zoe's flatmate is so untidy – I don't know how she up with it. (4)
is smelling is tasting smells	28 'When did Shakespeare?''In 1616.'(3)
	29 If you owe people money, you're in (4)
8 George left before I a chance to apologiz	31 I some exercise every morning. (2)
'd had 've had was having	32 A, B, C, D is the order of the letters in the (8)
9 She and walking at the same time, when	35 I was the road when the cyclist hit me. (8)
she fell and broke her ankle.	free.'(2)
had texted texted was texting	38 We can't access Facebook at work – they us from
10 I'm living back at home with my parents	using it. (3)
currently nowadays often	40 Pronunciation is a word people find difficult to (S
	42 You and your sister look just each other! (4) 43 I've managed to buy a place of own! (2)
11 You to a word I've said!	to The transfer of the Comment of the
aren't listening didn't hear haven't been listening	film in space! (5)
12 I don't know keys these are.  how many where whose	45 We've bought a new home. We're moving next week. (5)
	47 Hello Valentina! It's lovely to you at last! (4)
13 Tom and Tessa married just last year and they	49 I don't often meat – I like vegetarian dishes. (3)
already.	51 'Sleep' is an verb. The past tense is 'slept'. (9)
had split up have split up split up	52 Jed's not lazy! He's very! (11)
14 Do you know who the computer by?	DOWN
has been invited invented was invented	<ol> <li>New York ironworkers are as 'cowboys in the sky'.</li> </ol>
15 We never go to the cinema nowadays, but we	2 'I'm going on holiday tomorrow."Lucky!'(3)
every week.	3 Grace is upset now, but she'll getit soon. (4)
had gone used to go went	4 It's sometimes hard to get to work in the morning. (4)
the contest that you would be a summer to	5 write articles for magazines and newspapers. (11)
SCORE 15	6 I have to this form and send it back. (4, 2)



- 7 What would you \_\_\_\_\_ to drink? (4)
- 8 I'm not good at making small \_\_\_\_\_ at parties. (4)
- 9 Luke and Ellie have got \_\_\_\_! The wedding's in June. (7)
- 12 We might have a picnic tomorrow. It will \_\_\_\_\_ on the weather. [6]
- 15 'I can't come to your party."Oh, that's a \_\_\_\_\_.'(5)
- 16 How much time do you \_\_\_\_\_ social media?' (5, 2)
- 17 'Walk' is a \_\_\_\_\_ verb. The past tense is 'walked'.
- 18 You can drive \_\_\_\_\_ fast as you like on German motorways. (2)
- 20 You may not be the best, but it's important to \_\_\_\_\_your best! (2)
- 21 'I haven't slept all night." poor thing! (3)
- 25 \_\_\_\_ rewrite texts in a different language. (11)
- 27 'Bye! \_\_\_\_\_ you later! (3)
- 30 Farmers grow different \_\_\_\_\_ in their fields. (5)
- 31 Dave was married, but he went through a difficult \_\_\_\_\_ (7)
- 33 My train gets in at 8.00. Can you \_\_\_\_ me up from the station? (4)

- 34 The opposite of 'enormous' is \_\_\_\_\_. (4)
- 36 My little brother gets everything he wants. He's \_\_\_\_\_. (6)
- 39 'Who's sitting here?'1\_\_\_\_\_.'(2)
- 41 The 'face with tears of joy' is the most popular \_\_\_\_\_. (5)
- 44 On alphabetical keyboards, the keys often got \_\_\_\_\_ together. (5)
- 45 '\_\_\_'means the same as 'enormous'. (4)
- 46 'To set up' a business means 'to \_\_\_\_\_' one. (5)
- 47 How \_\_\_\_\_ time do you spend at the gym? (4)
- 48 Have you \_\_\_\_\_ been to China?"Yes, I went two years ago.' (4)
- 50 '\_\_\_\_long does the film last?'(3)

SCORE	60
TOTAL	75

## **Rights and wrongs**

- · Modals of obligation, advice, permission and ability
- The criminal justice system
- Phrasal verbs separable or inseparable
- Polite requests and offers

#### Grammar Modals of obligation

have to / don't have to









-	The second secon
1	Look at the photos. Who do you think ? works for an advertising company is retired goes to a boys' school
2	Match the sentences with the people in exercise 1.
	1 B I have to wear smart clothes.
	2 I have to be in bed by 10.00 when I have school the next day.
	3 My dad usually has to work in the evenings.
	4 I don't have to get up at 6.30 any more.
	5 My husband has to take the children to school every morning.
	6 My wife has to go to the hospital every week at the moment.
	7 I have to get very good marks in my exams.
	8 My little brother doesn't have to help with the housework.

#### Questions with have to

9 I often have to travel abroad.

	Vrite qu ave to.	uestions about the people fr	om exercise 1, using
1	Why	does she have to wear	smart clothes
	Becau	ase she has to meet importa	ant clients.
2	Why		in bed by 10.00

Because he has school the next day.

	Decause IIIs da	d's a teacher. He has to prepare lessons.
4	Why	up at 6.30 any more?
	Because he's re	
5		_ the children to school every morning? as to be at work early.
6	Whyevery week? Be have physiothe	to the hospital ecause she broke her arm and has to erapy.
7		very good marks in his exams? d's his teacher!
8	Why Because he's st	with the housework?
9	Why	abroad?
	ms of <i>have to</i> Iatch a line in A	with a line in <b>B</b> .
N		
N	Tatch a line in A	
M	fatch a line in A  You don't! Children h	have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers
M	fatch a line in A  You don't! Children h More peop	have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers ble in the UK are having to rent property
M	A  You don't! Children h More peop We'll have	have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers ble in the UK are having to rent property to burn less coal and gas
M	A  You don't l Children h More peop We'll have You didn't	have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers ble in the UK are having to rent property to burn less coal and gas have to dress so smartly,
M	A  You don't l Children h More peop We'll have You didn't	have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers ble in the UK are having to rent property to burn less coal and gas
M	A  You don't l Children h More peop We'll have You didn't	have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers ble in the UK are having to rent property to burn less coal and gas have to dress so smartly,
M	A  You don't l Children h More peop We'll have More How much How much	have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers ble in the UK are having to rent property to burn less coal and gas have to dress so smartly, in will I have to pay
M	A  You don't lead of the lead	have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers to be in the UK are having to rent property to burn less coal and gas have to dress so smartly, n will I have to pay teep global temperatures down.
M	A  You don't! Children h More peop We'll have How much How much  if we want to k because house cit's just a family	have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers ble in the UK are having to rent property to burn less coal and gas have to dress so smartly, n will I have to pay  teep global temperatures down. es are so expensive to buy. y barbecue.
M	A  You don't! Children h More peop We'll have How much How much  if we want to k because house it's just a family d between 6.30	have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers ble in the UK are having to rent property to burn less coal and gas have to dress so smartly, n will I have to pay  seep global temperatures down. es are so expensive to buy. by barbecue. p.m. and 7.30 a.m.
M	A  You don't! Children h More peop We'll have How much How much  if we want to k because house cit's just a family	with a line in B.  have to pay to park here ad to show more respect to teachers ble in the UK are having to rent property to burn less coal and gas have to dress so smartly, n will I have to pay  seep global temperatures down. es are so expensive to buy. y barbecue. p.m. and 7.30 a.m. y phone?

#### must and have to

#### must / have to

There is often a difference between must and have to. With must, the idea of obligation comes from the speaker's own feelings.

I must get my hair cut – I think it's too long.
With have to, the idea of obligation comes from outside the speaker.

I have to get up early tomorrow – my boss wants me to be at work by 7.00.

- **5** Match the sentences in each pair with their explanations.
  - I must have a drink of water.

    I have to drink more water.
    - a The doctor told me to.
    - **b** I feel thirsty.
  - I must tidy my room.I have to tidy my room.
    - a I hate it when it's so messy.
    - b Mum says I can't go out until I do.
  - We must go to Amsterdam some time.

    We have to go to Amsterdam next week.
    - a I've heard it's really nice.
    - b I'd rather not I don't want another work trip!
  - I must go round to Rick's today.

    I have to go round to Rick's today.
    - a Lisa's given me an important parcel for him
    - **b** I haven't seen him for ages.
  - We must have lunch soon.
     We have to have lunch with the boss today.
    - a How about next Wednesday?
    - b I'm not looking forward to it.

#### Obligation in situations

6 Complete the sentences with must / mustn't, have to / had to, or don't have to / didn't have to.



- You\_\_\_\_\_\_be home by 11.00.
- b Byel Dad says I \_\_\_\_\_ be home by 11.00.



- We \_\_\_\_\_\_ visit Jo this afternoon and see her new baby.
- **b** Sorry we're late. We \_\_\_\_\_ wait ages for a bus.



- a You \_\_\_\_\_\_ talk during the exam.
- b We've passed! And we \_\_\_\_\_ take a maths exam ever again!



- **b** I \_\_\_\_\_ wash all these pans.



- a We \_\_\_\_\_\_ take Gina some flowers.
- b You \_\_\_\_\_ bring flowers! But thank you!



- You \_\_\_\_\_ draw if you don't want to.
- b You \_\_\_\_\_ draw on the nursery walls!

#### should for advice

You

7 Read the sentences. Give advice using should / shouldn't and an idea from the box.

get a cat drink so much coffee see an accountant take up a new hobby let him play

 My son wants to play computer games all day.

You <u>shouldn't let him play</u> for longer than two hours.

2 I'm lonely and I hate coming home to an empty house.

3 I've no idea how to work out my tax now

3 I've no idea how to work out my tax now that I'm self-employed.

4 I'm having trouble getting to sleep at the moment.

You \_\_\_\_\_\_ before you go to bed.

5 Since he retired, my father doesn't know what to do with himself.

И.

8 Complete the questions with do you think I should ...? and a verb from the box.

see	send it back	say	take	order

This laptop I bought online gets very hot sometimes.

#### Do you think I should send it back?

- 2 I've been offered similar jobs in Madrid and Rome. Which job \_\_\_\_\_\_?
- 3 Sven, I'm going to Stockholm next week. What \_\_\_\_\_\_ while I'm there?
- 4 Both the fish and the chicken dishes on the menu look great. Which one \_\_\_\_\_

5 My uncle's invited me to the opera, but I don't really want to go. What \_\_\_\_\_

Permission and ability

#### can and be allowed to

9 Match these sentences with the people who say them.

A	flight attendant	1	'You can't park here. I'll have to give you a parking ticket.'	D
В	prisoner	2	'I'm sorry, you're not allowed to take bottles of water through security.'	
c	museum attendant	3	'Shh. You can't talk in here. People are studying.'	
D	traffic warden	4	'You can use mobile phones and other devices as long as they're in flight mode.'	
E	swimming pool attendant	5	'We're allowed to make one phone call a week, and we can go to the exercise yard, but we spend most of the day in our cells.'	
F	airport security officer	6	'You can take photographs of the exhibits, but you aren't allowed to use a flash.'	
G	librarian	7	'You aren't allowed to jump into the pool, but you can dive from the board in the deep end.'	

5.1 Listen and check.

#### Rules around the world

10 Choose the correct modal verb in these rules and laws from around the world.

- 1 You're not allowed to | don't have to buy or sell chewing gum in Singapore.
- 2 On Canadian state radio, 50% of pop songs played can / must be sung by a Canadian.
- 3 In Saudi Arabia, a girl mustn't / doesn't have to be of any particular age to get married.
- 4 In France, you 're allowed to | mustn't marry a dead person.
- 5 You can / mustn't forget your wife's birthday in Samoa it's illegal.
- 6 By law, dog owners in Turin, Italy, are allowed to / have to walk their dogs three times a day.
- 7 In Alabama, in the US, you mustn't | have to carry an ice cream in your back pocket.
- 8 You can / don't have to drive as fast as you like on a German motorway.

(1) 5.2 Listen and check/compare.

#### Vocabulary

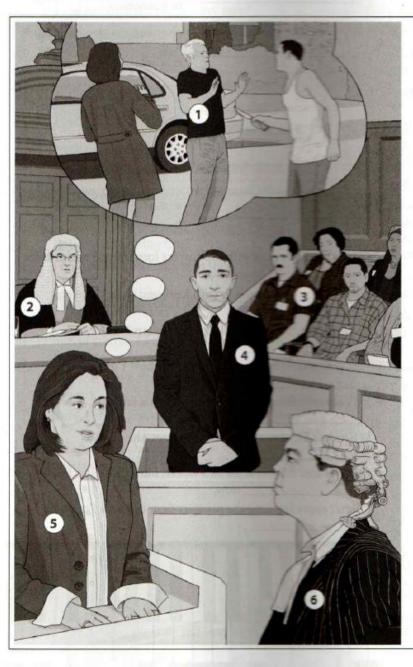
#### The criminal justice system

1 **EXTENSION** Look at the picture of a court. Write the names from the box in 1-6.

victim	lawyer	judge	defendant	jury	witness
		Theory			
0.0					

2 Read the description of the criminal justice system in the UK. Complete it with the people from exercise 1, and the words from the box below.

evidence	prison	defence	suspects	sentence
arrested	charge			



## Guilty or Not Guilty?

When a crime	has been com	mitted, the
police will talk	to any 1	to the
crime who we	re present at th	ne scene. They
will then inter	view any 2	, and
some of them	might be 3	and
	olice station fo	
questioning. If	the police thir	nk that they have
enough 4	agains	t any of them,
they will 5	them	with the crime,
	hen be tried in	
At the beginni	ng of the trial, t	he 6
1975	ad guilty or no	
	ty, the trial goe	(T) (20)
Š		rosecution and
	Tal. 00 95	9
of the crime, a	and any witness	ses, to give
evidence. At the	he end of the tr	rial, the
10	will sum up th	e case for the
		They
have to then d	iscuss what the	y have seen and
heard, and rea	ch a verdict - g	uilty or not
guilty. If the de	efendant is foun	d guilty, the
judge will pass	12	This might
be a fine, com	munity service	, or a
13	sentence.	

#### Phrasal verbs

#### Separable

diable				
ut the nouns in brackets in two places in the econd of these sentences.				
I'm going to bed. Could you turn / off (the light)?				
Could you turn off the light?				
Could you turn the light off?				
Look at the rubbish in the park! I've got to pick / up (those empty bottles)!				
I went clothes shopping this morning. I tried / on (a lovely coat).				
8 (1 47 5 ) 7 7 9 4 1				
We moved house last week. I threw / away (so much stuff)!				
Rewrite the second sentences in exercise 1 with the noun as a pronoun.  Could you turn it off?				
Const.				
A LUMBER OF THE REAL PROPERTY.				
an out to the second				
eparable				
Out the nouns, and then the pronouns, in prackets in just one place in these sentences.				
I'm looking for (Karl, him)				
I'm looking for Karl.				
I'm looking for him.				
You go out tonight. I'll look after (the children, them).				
I need to go over (my presentation, it) again.				

#### Literal and idiomatic

6 Write the phrasal verbs from the box next to the things they go with. Which combination (a or b) is literal (L)? Which is idiomatic (I)?

	pick up	<ul><li>a a language</li><li>b some rubbish</li></ul>	
		a an illness b a wall	
		<ul><li>a a building</li><li>b a balloon</li></ul>	
		a a car b a hobby	
		<ul><li>a a difficult period</li><li>b a narrow doorway</li></ul>	
		<ul><li>a a room</li><li>b a friend in the street</li></ul>	
		a the sky b a parent	
ro	mplete the sentences with th m exercise 6 and a pronoun. I was trying to get in touch w him in the supermarket! In the movie, the terrorists h	vith Karl, and then I <u>ran in</u>	to
	Last year was so horrible, I d	on't know how I managed	to
1	Jed's always telling me how w	vonderful his father is. He	really
	Whenever Liz sees rubbish i	n the street, she always	
,	I had flu and felt awful for tw now.	vo weeks, but I think I've f	inally
	T 1: 1 to a love location of the mi	ano at first, but now I'm re	Pally



#### **Everyday English**

#### Polite requests and offers

	k at lines <b>1-10</b> . Which are polite request ich are offers (O)?	s (R)?					
1 C	ould I possibly use your phone?	R					
2 Is	there anything I can get you?						
3 C	ould you explain that to me again?						
4 W	Vould you mind if I sat here?						
5 D							
6 I	could lend you some money.						
7 W	Vould you mind talking more quietly?						
8 Is	there any chance I could leave now?						
9 C	an I give you a hand with the cooking?						
10 ľ	ll take Katie to school if you like.						
2 Mat	ch the lines in exercise 1 with the replies						
6	Oh, thanks a lot. Can you manage £20	2					
	Oh, that would be great. I'll pick her up after work.						
	No, go ahead, there's no-one sitting there.						
	Oh, yes, please. A fresh orange juice we be nice.	ould					
	Mmm. Would you mind staying till we finished discussing this?	ve					
	Oh, thanks. You could peel those onior me!	ns for					
	Yes, please. And could you copy Jeff in well?	, 25					
	Yes, of course. I know it's not easy to ge first time.	et this					
	Oh, sorry! We didn't realize you were t to work.	rying					
	Sure. Let me just unlock the screen for	you.					
	Listen and check. Which of the replitain another offer or request?	ès					

Go online for more skills and language practice.

#### **REVIEW**

Choose the correct answers in the conversation between Kate, who is self-employed, and James, who works for a big company.



## THE PROS AND CONS OF BEING SELF-EMPLOYED

James 'I could / Could I ask you something about your work?

Kate Of course, go ahead.

- J Well, I'm wondering if 1 2 should / must leave my job and go self-employed like you, but I don't know if it's the right thing for me. It seems scary!
- K Oh, you \*don't have to / mustn't be surprised if it feels scary! It did for me, but I \* got over / went over it.
- J I just can't imagine not knowing how much you're going to earn every month.
- K Well, I worried about it, but then business stook over / took off and now the problem is deciding which work to take on, but I'm happy about that!
- J And what else do you like about it?
- K I love the fact that I can start and finish work when I want to. You need to keep an eye / a look on deadlines, of course, and you have to / should put the hours in at some point, but you can be flexible.
- J Don't you get lonely, though, stuck at home with no-one to talk to?
- K Well, we certainly \* didn't have to / weren't allowed to sit around chatting in the company I worked for! And I do get to chat to people on the phone.
- J Mmm. I think I \*can / need to be in an office, where you \*o don't have to / can't do anything except work. I'd waste time doing other things at home.
- K Well, it's true, even household "work / chores can start to seem attractive! But the great thing is, you '2 don't have to / mustn't work at home you can work in cafés sometimes if they've got good Wi-fi.
- J So what don't you like about it? There must be something.
- K Oh yes doing my own taxes! I 13 didn't have to / couldn't think about that when I worked for a company. Now I have to 14 fill up / fill in all these complicated tax forms! It's only once a year though. Anyway, you should think about doing it. 15 I could / Could I pass on to you some of the work I'm being offered!

Go online to Check your progress.

# Easier said than done

- Present Perfect Simple and Continuous
- Active and passive
- Adverbs

- Prepositions noun + preposition
- Numbers

#### Grammar

#### **Present Perfect or Past Simple?**

#### Who's who?

- 1 Match sentences 1-8 with the people A-H.
  - 1 She's been acting since she was seven and has been married three times. She works with the UN. D
  - 2 He climbed 11 Himalayan mountains and was the first to climb Everest. His Himalayan Trust has built schools and hospitals in Nepal.
  - 3 He won three heavyweight titles. He never refused to sign autographs after his hero Sugar Ray Robinson refused him one as a child.
  - 4 He's been playing football professionally since he was 14. He supports many charities, and has never had a tattoo because he gives blood.
  - 5 She was married twice, and was voted the most beautiful woman of all time in 2006. She did a lot of work for UNICEF.
  - 6 He's been on 19 expeditions and was the first person to walk across Antarctica. He lost the top of his fingers from frostbite.
  - 7 She fights for girls' rights to have an education and was shot by a gunman. She received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014.
  - 8 She fought for black Americans by refusing to give her bus seat to a white passenger in 1955. She received the Congressional Gold Medal in 1999.
- 2 Complete the questions under each person using the Present Perfect or Past Simple.

(1) 6.1 Listen and check.

- **3** Write the names of *two* people in exercise 1 who ...
  - 1 have been working since they were children:
  - 2 have suffered injury as a result of their activity:
  - 3 were the first to reach a remote part of the world:



MALALA YOUSAFZAI 1997 – CHILDREN'S ACTIVIST

she / receive / any awards?

Has she received any awards?



ROSA PARKS 1913 – 2005 CIVIL RIGHTS ACTIVIST

she / receive / any awards?



AUDREY HEPBURN 1929 - 1993

ACTRESS AND HUMANITARIAN

How many times / married?



ANGELINA JOLIE 1975 – ACTRESS, FILM DIRECTOR AND HUMANITARIAN

How many times / married?



RANULPH FIENNES 1944 – EXPLORER AND AUTHOR

How many expeditions / be / on?



EDMUND HILLARY 1919 – 2008 EXPLORER AND MOUNTAINEER

How many Himalayan mountains / climb?



CRISTIANO RONALDO 1985 – FOOTBALLER

he ever / have / a tattoo?



MUHAMMAD ALI 1942-2016 BOXER AND ACTIVIST

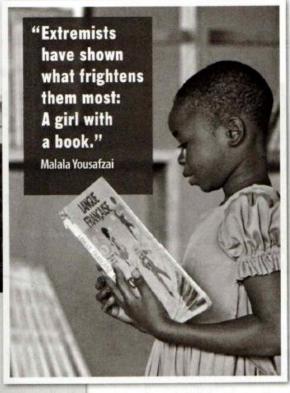
he ever / refuse / sign an autograph?

#### Choosing the correct tense

4 Read more about the life of Malala Yousafzai. Tick (1) the correct form of the verb.



1	Malala Yousafzai	in 1997	in north-west Pakist	an.
	☐ born	is born	was born	Fifth .
2	Shea	passion for learning	ng all her life.	
	has	has had	had	
3	Her father ran a s and pretended to		alala often	into the classrooms
	went	has gone	has been	
4	Sheth	at girls have as mi	ich right to an educ	cation as boys.
		was always believed	has always believed	
5	In 2007, the Tali	ban to a	ttack schools for gi	rls in Pakistan.
	☐ begins	☐ began	has begun	
6	Over the next fe world. It explain	w years, Malala's b ed why she contin	olog well- ued to go to school	known around the despite the dangers.
	has become	☐ became	becomes	
7	In 2012, Malala the head by a Ta		the school bus when	1 she in
	was shot	was being shot	has been shot	
8	She survived, an		ospital in the UK, v	where she continued
	has been taken	_ took	was taken	
9	At the age of 17, Peace Prize.	she the	youngest person to	receive the Nobel
	became	has become	was become	
10	She gave her \$1.	1 million prize mons of dollars for g	oney to the Malala lirls' education arou	Fund, which nd the world.
	raised	has raised	was raised	



#### been or gone?

5 E	XTENSION Con	nplete the
S	entences with be	een or gone.
1	A Where's Mu	ım?
	B She's office.	to the po
2	You're home la	ate! Where have

- 3 A Are you taking Marc to Disneyland while you're in
  - Paris? B He's already \_\_\_\_\_. We

post

- took him last year. 4 If anyone asks for me, tell them I've \_\_\_\_\_\_ to lunch. I'll be
- 5 I've never to Japan, but I'd love to go some time.
- 6 A When are you going on holiday?

back at 2.00.

- B We've already \_\_\_\_ We went to New Zealand.
- 7 A What's happened to those nice neighbours you had?
  - B Oh, they've live in the south of France.

#### Time expressions



6 Rewrite the sentences using the words in bracke	ь	Rewrite the	sentences	using	the	words	in	bracket
---	---	-------------	-----------	-------	-----	-------	----	---------

- 1 She went to Germany in April. (It's now June.)
  - a (since) She's been in Germany since April.
  - b (for) \_\_\_\_\_
  - c (ago)\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 I last saw him in 2014.
  - a (since)
  - b (for)\_\_\_\_\_
  - c (ago) \_\_\_\_\_

#### 7 Put the word in brackets in the correct place in the sentences. Sometimes more than one place is possible.

- 1 I've heard about your accident. (just)
- 2 Have you had breakfast? (yet)
- 3 I've seen that film. (already)
- 4 Have you been to Thailand? (ever)
- 5 I haven't read the newspaper. (yet)
- 6 Have you finished that book? (already)

8	Read situations 1-6. What would you say in each one
	Use the verbs in brackets and a time expression from
	exercises 6 and 7.

1	You're having a salad in a restaurant. You stop
	eating for a minute and the waiter tries to take
	your plate away.

Excuse me! ! (not finish)

You've just had a cup of coffee. Your flatmate asks you if you'd like a cup of coffee.

No thanks, \_\_\_\_\_\_. (have)

3 You rush home to see a football match on TV. You want to know if you've missed the beginning.

? (start)

4 Henri went out two minutes ago. The phone rings and someone asks for Henri.

. (go out)

You finished your homework at 7 p.m. At 9 p.m., your mum asks why you're not doing your homework.

\_\_\_\_. (do)

6 You meet an old friend. You can't remember when you last met.

How long is it \_\_\_\_\_\_? (meet)

9 0)6.2 Listen and say your lines in 1–6, then check / compare, and repeat.

#### Present Perfect passive

#### Active or passive?

10 Choose the correct verb form.

- 1 Angela's just promoted / 's just been promoted to area manager of Eastern Europe.
- 2 My sister has passed / has been passed all her exams.
- 3 How many times have you injured / have you been injured playing rugby?
- 4 Bob's wife has just lost / has just been lost her job.
- 5 I've applied / been applied for that job.
- 6 My lucky brother has given / has been given free tickets to the concert.
- 7 How much money have you saved / have you been saved for a house?
- 8 A strike has called / has been called by the air traffic controllers.
- 9 The air traffic controllers have offered / have been offered more money.
- 10 The population of London has risen / has been risen by 1½ million since 2001.

#### **Present Perfect Continuous**

#### Simple or Continuous?

11 Choose the correct form of the verb.



- 1 How many biscuits have you eaten / been eating today?
- 2 Who's eaten / been eating my chocolates? There are only three left!
- 3 How long have you known / been knowing Ed and Liz?
- 4 He's written / been writing a novel for three years it's nearly finished.
- 5 He's written / been writing a novel. It was published last year.
- 6 So that's why the children are so quiet! They've watched / been watching TV all morning!
- **12** Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Simple or Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1	Someone	(move) my car keys.
	I	(look) for them for ages, but I
		(not find) them yet.
2	I	(shop) for clothes all
	morning, but I_	(not buy)
	anything yet.	
3	Come and join u	s! We're laughing because Ben
		(tell) us some brilliant
	jokes. That last o	ne was one of the best I
		(ever hear).
4	I	(listen) to you talking about
	astrophysics for t	the past five minutes, but I'm afraid I
		(understand) a single word!
5	I	(work) on the computer all
	day and it	(give) me a terrible
	headache.	
6	I	(try) to lose weight for the
	past month. I	(lose) five kilos

so far.

#### Replying with questions

3			plete the questions with either the Present Perfect ole or Continuous.
	1	A	My brother runs marathons.
			How long <u>has he been running marathons</u> ?
			How many marathons has he run ?
	2	A	I'm having driving lessons.
		В	How long?
			How many?
	3		My girlfriend translates German novels into English.
		B	How long?
			Which German novels?
	4	A	Anna and Ian are getting married on Saturday.
		В	How many guests they
			to the wedding?
			How long engaged?
	5	A	Klara is a teacher.
			How long for?
			How many schools in?
	6	A	Hi Chris! It's good to see you again!
			Yes. What since we last met?
		A	Taking more law exams.
		В	Really! So how many now?
C	or		cting mistakes
4	C	ori	rect the mistakes in these sentences.
	1	Н	ow long do you know our teacher?
	2	T	his is the first time I eat Thai food.
	3	Il	earn English for four years now.
	4	H	ow long you been working here?
	5	T	he World Cup has won by Brazil five times.
	6	W	e've been living here since three years.
		-	ad some 1 a partition majors a

# Vocabulary

#### Adverbs

- 1 <u>Underline</u> the TWO adverbs that can go in the sentences.
  - 1 I love Cynthia heavily / passionately / deeply.
  - 2 The soldiers fought *bravely | fine | hard*, and eventually captured the castle.
  - 3 I was surprised that Andrew left so completely / suddenly / late.
  - 4 Don't panic! Relax, and try to breathe deeply / fluently / slowly!
  - 5 It's been raining very deeply / heavily / hard for the last two days here.
  - 6 I hate it when you drive so fast / suddenly / slowly!
  - 7 I don't enjoy talking to Robert he talks so *loud / fast / fluently*.
  - 8 She whispered the answer *softly* / *quietly* / *peacefully* in my ear.
  - 9 Come forward / close / straight so I can see who you are!
- 10 I'm sure I'm a good mother, but I often feel I'm doing everything hard / badly / wrong.
- **2** Put the adverbs in the correct place in the sentence. Sometimes more than one place is possible.
  - You'll succeed if you don't work hard. (never)

#### You'll never succeed if you don't work hard.

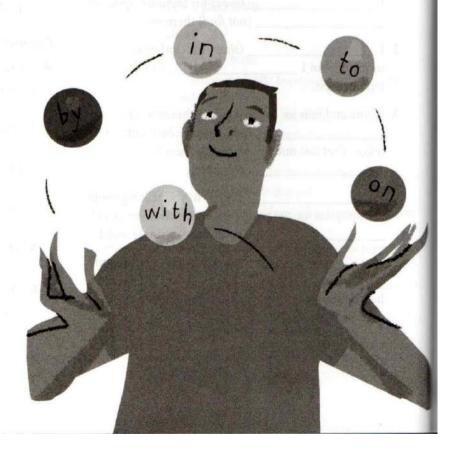
- 2 I've finished my homework, but not quite. (almost)
- 3 She's been crying. (definitely)
- 4 You behaved yesterday. I'm ashamed of you. (very badly)
- 5 He earns \$15,000 a year. (only)
- 6 He wasn't injured. (fortunately, seriously)
- 7 I forgot her birthday. (completely)
- 8 Have you seen Peter? (recently)

#### **Prepositions**

#### Noun + preposition

**3 EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

	on (x3) to (x3) in (x2) with by between into
1	There's a difference lend and borrow. Remember – if you lend something, it leaves you.
2	There's a need for more research renewable energy.
3	You need to improve your attitude life. Be more positive!
4	How much do you spend on food every weekaverage?
5	The trouble you is that you don't listen to anyone's advice.
6	I can't get access my Internet bank account at the moment.
7	I didn't stand on your foot purpose! It was an accident!
8	Congratulations your engagement! When's the wedding?
9	Be careful what you say to Adam today – he'sa bad mood!
10	We've had a huge increase sales this year, so well done everybody!
11	I don't think there's really an alternative travelling by air sometimes.
12	There are no rules for prepositions – you just have to learn them heart.



# **Everyday English**

#### Numbers

1 Look at the numbers in the circle.

56.7°C 17:05 31-0

77.1kg 7½m 98%

01632 500623 £11,750,000

1:3 5143 6112 0300 7530

2/9/1666 0.1%

Write the number which is ...

- 1 a phone number
- 2 someone's weight
- 3 a local temperature
- 4 a London house price
- 5 an exam score
- 6 a flight departure time
- 7 a credit card number
- 8 a football score
- 9 an inflation rate
- 10 a historic date
- 11 a ratio of the human body
- 12 a distance
- (1) 6.3 Listen and check.
- 2 Say the numbers in 1-12 in exercise 1 out loud.

(1) 6.4 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

## **REVIEW**

Read the text about Edwina Grosvenor and choose the correct answers.



## LADY EDWINA GROSVENOR: THE LADY OF PRISONS

Edwina Grosvenor is from one of the richest families in Britain, which owns half of London. So why 'did she spend / has she spent so much of her life in prisons?

Edwina's work in prisons 'began / has begun in Kathmandu prison in Nepal, during her gap year before university. It 'took / has taken her into more than 50 prisons, and she 's been probled / was involved in many charities working with prisoners.

She has been always / has always been interested in society's hidden people'. Her parents took / have taken her to a centre for heroin addicts when she was 14, and she remembers thinking, 'how come that person took / has taken drugs and I

She \*studied / has studied sociology and criminology at university, and at 22, she paid for research \*into / of what people need after leaving prison. Since then she \*odid / 's done voluntary work in some of the toughest prisons.

"Did she ever feel / Has she ever felt in danger, knowing that many prison workers have been '2 extremely / seriously injured at work? How does her husband, the television historian Dan Snow, feel about her going into prisons? 'Dan is pretty relaxed about it. My parents and Dan are more proud of the fact that I'm '2 actually doing / doing actually something that I love doing.'

She 14's recently working / 's recently been working on providing an alternative 15 for / to a life of crime for people who've 15 been / gone in prison. For the last two years, her project Pathways 17 is helping / has been helping ex-prisoners to start their own businesses, giving them access 18 to / with the money and advice they need.

Has Edwina found that some people have a negative attitude "for / to a very rich lady helping poor people? 'I cannot escape the fact that I am a wealthy person and the daughter of a duke and duchess, because I am, and I'm not apologetic about that. You can be embarrassed about it or you can forget about it or you can be proud of it and "I've done / I've been doing all those things. I'm now 30 and I feel more at peace with myself and I'm more confident about what I'm doing.'

Go online to Check your progress.

# Best years of your life?

- Verb patterns, reporting verbs
- Using a dictionary, body language
- Phrasal verbs without a noun
- Exclamations

# Grammar

#### Verb patterns

#### Recognizing patterns

1 **1** Read and listen to a conversation between **Alistair** and **Becky**. Alistair is applying for a job in East Africa. Complete the chart with the verb forms in *italics*.

verb + -ing	verb + to
enjoy <mark>w</mark> orking	want to ask
verb + sb + to	verb + adj + to
verb + (sb) + infin (no 'to')	verb + prep + -ing

**2** Complete this summary of the conversation with the verb in brackets in the correct form.

Alistair is wond	dering about 1 <u>a</u>	pplying for a job in East
Africa. He has a	sked Becky 2	( <i>tell</i> ) him
about it becaus	se she used 3	( <i>live</i> ) there.
She tries 4	(reme	ember) what it was like. She
says that it was	n't easy 5	(work) in the heat
and that the pr	oblem of 6	(live) on the
coast was the h	numidity, as wel	as the heat. However, she
really enjoyed		(go) on safari and loved
8	(visit) the game	e parks. She was amazed
9	(see) lions 10	(sleep) in
trees and once	a lot of monkey	s started 11
(play) on the ro	of of the car. Be	cky helped Alistair
12	_ (make) up his	mind about the job and
he's decided 13.	(	apply) for it. He's promised
14	_ (call) Becky ar	d let her 15
(know) if he get	ts it.	

#### MY FIRST JOB

- A Γm thinking of applying for a job in East Africa, in Tanzania.
- B Really? I lived there for two years I was teaching. It was my first job after university.
- A Yes, I thought so. I want to ask you about it, if that's OK
- B Of course go ahead. I'll try to remember it all. I was there for two years, but that was ten years ago.
- A So, what was it like?
- B Well, it was a great experience. I really would encourage you to apply. I liked everything except the climate. I didn't enjoy working in the heat.
- A Ah, yes I'm a bit worried about that. Was it really difficult to keep cool?
- B Well, yes it was. And we were on the coast, north of Dar es Salaam and it's really hot and humid there. There was no air conditioning, we just had fans in the classrooms. Where do you hope to be based?
- A A town called Arusha.
- B Oh, very nice. That's much cooler, inland, near Mount Kilimanjaro. Some friends *invited us to stay* in Arusha. I'll never *forget climbing* Kilimanjaro.
- A Oh, I'd *love to do* that. Did you *manage to go* on safari when you were there?
- B Oh yes, we went to most of the big game parks you know, like Serengeti and the Ngorongoro Crater that was so huge it *made me feel* small and the wildlife was fantastic. Once, on Serengeti, a whole family of monkeys *decided to play* on the roof of our car. We *didn't dare move*.
- A Which animals did you like best?
- B Actually, I think it was the giraffes, I *loved watching* the way they raise their long necks to eat. Oh, and the lions, of course. Do you know that in one of the parks the lions actually climb trees? It was incredible to see them sleeping high up on the branches.
- A Really? It all sounds so exciting. I'm definitely going to apply for the job.
- B Give me a call and *let me know* how you get on. I'm *looking forward to hearing* all about it.

#### -ing forms

**3** Complete the sentences with the -*ing* form of the verbs from the box.

	valk give up wonder mend work nelp wake up find watch live
	I can't help what life in Africa will be like.
2	too much TV is bad for you.
3	I'll repair your watch for you. I'm good at things.
4	a job is difficult these days.
	My children are afraid of in the dark now, so we keep a light on at night.
6	Did you know that is one of the best forms of exercise?
	Thank you for me. I really appreciate it.
8	and working in a big city can be very stressful.
9	smoking is easy. I've done it hundreds of times!
0	I earned a lot of money by overtime.
Co	omplete the sentences with the infinitive form ith or without to, of the verbs from the box.  buy pay follow join stay be carry learn hurt show
1	We can't afford all our bills.
	It's hard these instructions.
	Let me you how to do it.
	I'm so sorry, I didn't meanyour feelings.
5	The teacher made the childrenafter school.
6	I want my children to play a musical instrument.
7	My son persuaded me the latest iPhone.
8	Can you help this box?

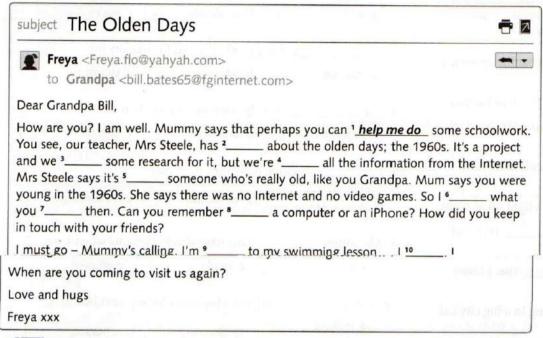
9 I've invited Mr Smith \_\_\_\_\_ us.10 My parents have always encouraged me

\_\_\_\_\_independent.

	The teacher		me to be i	more ca	reful with my wo	/I IX.
	a told	1	b would like	1	c hopes	
	I	playing	g football whe	n I brok	te my leg.	
	a gave up		b refused		c stopped	
	She	to h	elp me paint t	he kitch	ien.	
	a enjoyed		b promised		c offered	
	Timed he -	going	to Sydney nex	t year.		
	a 'm looking forward to		b would love		c 'm thinking of	
	My father		_ me have dr	iving le	ssons when I was	17.
	a let		b made		c allowed	
5	I'm	to h	ave a big party	for my	next birthday.	
	a looking forward		b planning		c hoping	
7	We	to fi	ind a parking	place in	the city centre.	
	a tried				c succeeded	
3	I	drivin	g in the rush l	nour.		
	Ia don't want		b can't stand		c loathe	С
P	a don't want corting verbs omplete the lin 'Please can you Maria asked M	+ infi es and transl	b can't stand  nitive  rewrite the servate this sentendate the servate the ser	ntences ce for m	to mean the sam ne?' Maria said to for her	Mai
P	a don't want  corting verbs  omplete the lin  'Please can you  Maria asked M  'Don't forget to her son.	+ infi es and transl Mark to o send	b can't stand  nitive  rewrite the ser  ate this senten-  translate the ser  Aunt Maud a	ntences ce for m	to mean the sam	Mai
2	a don't want  corting verbs  omplete the lin  'Please can you  Maria asked M  'Don't forget to her son.  Mary reminde	+ infi es and i transl Mark to o send	b can't stand  nitive  rewrite the ser  ate this senten-  translate the ser  Aunt Maud a	ntences ce for m	to mean the sam ne?' Maria said to for her y card,' Mary said	Mai
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p C 1 2 3	a don't want  oorting verbs omplete the lin 'Please can you Maria asked A 'Don't forget to her son. Mary reminde 'Sign on the do The postman 'Please come t	+ infi es and i transl Mark to o send ed otted li told o our v	b can't stand  nitive  rewrite the servate this sententer translate the servant Maud a  ne,' the postmewedding,' John	ntences ce for mentence birthda an said	to mean the same?' Maria said to for her y card,' Mary said to me. his boss.	Mar d to
2 3 4	a don't want  corting verbs  omplete the lin  'Please can you Maria asked M 'Don't forget to her son.  Mary reminde 'Sign on the do The postman 'Please come to John invited	+ infi es and i transl Mark to o send ed otted li told o our v	b can't stand  nitive  rewrite the servate this sentent  translate the servate	ntences ce for m entence birthda an said	to mean the same?' Maria said to for her y card,' Mary said to me. his boss.	Mar d to
p 2 3 4	a don't want  corting verbs complete the line 'Please can you Maria asked M 'Don't forget to her son. Mary reminde 'Sign on the do The postman 'Please come t John invited _ 'Till pay for the	+ infi es and in transle Mark to o send ed otted li told o our v	b can't stand  nitive  rewrite the servate this sentence  translate the servate that Maud a  ne, the postme  vedding, John  round of drink	ntences ce for mentence birthda an said said to	to mean the same?' Maria said to for her y card,' Mary said to me. his boss.	Mar d to
p C 1 2 3 4 4 5	a don't want  oorting verbs omplete the lin 'Please can you Maria asked M 'Don't forget to her son. Mary reminde 'Sign on the do The postman 'Please come t John invited _ 'T'll pay for the Dan offered	+ infi es and i transl Mark to o send ed otted li told o our v	b can't stand  nitive  rewrite the servate this sententer translate the servant Maud a  ne, the postmewedding, John  round of drink	ntences ce for mentence birthda an said said to	to mean the same?' Maria said to for her y card,' Mary said to me. his boss.	Mar d to
p C 1 2 3 4 4 5	a don't want  corting verbs complete the line 'Please can you Maria asked M 'Don't forget to her son. Mary reminde 'Sign on the do The postman 'Please come t John invited _ 'I'll pay for the Dan offered _ 'I won't go to le	+ infi es and in transli Mark to o send ed otted li told o our v e next i	b can't stand  nitive  rewrite the servate this sentence  translate the servate that Maud a  ne, the postme  vedding, John  round of drink  obby said.	ntences ce for mentence birthda an said said to	to mean the same?' Maria said to for her y card,' Mary said to me. his boss.	Mar d to
p C 1 2 3 4 4 5 5	a don't want  oorting verbs omplete the lin 'Please can you Maria asked M 'Don't forget to her son. Mary reminde 'Sign on the do The postman 'Please come t John invited _ 'T'll pay for the Dan offered	+ infi es and i transl Mark to o send ed otted li told o our v e next i	b can't stand  nitive  rewrite the servate this sententer translate the servant Maud a me, the postmovedding, John round of drink tobby said.	ntences ce for mentence birthda an said said to	to mean the same?' Maria said to for her y card,' Mary said to me. his boss.	Mai

#### The 'SWINGING SIXTIES!' - an email to Grandpa

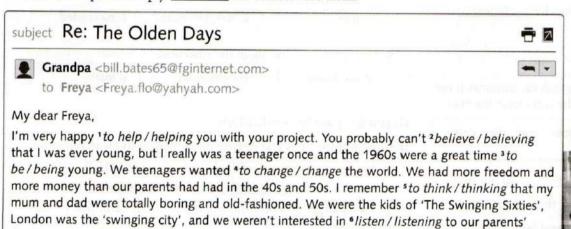
7 Read the email Freya, age 10, has sent her grandpa. What has she asked him to help her with? Complete the gaps, 1–10, with the correct phrases, a–j.



- a a good idea to ask
- b not having
- c told us to find out
- d 'd like to know
- e not allowed to get
- f hate swimming
- g about to go
- h help me do
- i' nave to ad
- j spent your time doing

17.2 Listen and check.

8 Read Grandpa Bill's reply. <u>Underline</u> the correct verb form.



And, of course, I was lucky enough \*living / to be living in an even 'cooler' city than London – Liverpool! Home of the 'Fab Four' – The Beatles – and lots of other pop groups. Actually, between you and me, my favourites were 'The Rolling Stones' – I'm amazed \*to see / seeing that they're still going strong! Did you know that I met Grandma Linda at a Stones concert?

dreary music and we refused to follow / following their dreary fashions - we had trendy fashion

She was sixteen and wearing the shortest mini-skirt and long white boots. I couldn't stop 10 to look/looking at her. She was gorgeous – she still is! I got her phone number and called her again and again, until she agreed 11 to see/seeing me – no texting, no emailing. I wrote her a letter (yes, a letter!) in the end – she's still got it I'm glad 12 say / to say! Better than any text!

Freya - I hope this is useful. Lots of love to all the family,

Grandpa XXX

boutiques!

1) 7.3 Listen and check.

# The SwinGinG SixTies



# Vocabulary

#### Using a dictionary

1 Look at the extract from the Oxford Wordpower Dictionary. It shows you all the possible verb patterns for the verb agree.

#### agree /ə'gri:/ verb

- ► SAME OPINION 1 [I] agree (with sb/sth); agree (that...) to have the same opinion as sb/sth: 'I think we should talk to the manager about this.' 'Yes, I agree.' ♦ I agree with Paul. ♦ Do you agree that we should travel by train? ♦ I'm afraid I don't agree. OPP DISAGREE
- ► SAY YES 2 [!] agree (to sth/to do sth) to say yes to sth: I asked if I could go home early and she agreed. 
  ◆ Andy agreed to lend me his car for the weekend.

  OPP REFUSE
- ▶ ARRANGE 3 [I,T] agree (to do sth); agree (on sth) to make an arrangement or agreement with sb: They agreed to meet again the following day.

  ⋄ Can we agree on a price? We agreed a price of #500
- ▶ APPROVE OF 4 [I] agree with sth to think that sth is right: I don't agree with experiments on animals.
- ▶ BE THE SAME 5 [I] to be the same as sth: The two accounts of the accident do not agree. IDM not agree with (food) to make sb feel ill. The oysters didn't agree with me.

- 2 Read the sentences and check with the dictionary extract. Is the verb pattern correct ✓ or incorrect ✗? Rewrite the incorrect ones.
  - 1 Ana thinks the test's too difficult, and I'm agreed.
  - 2 Thomas thinks he's right, but I disagree.
  - 3 We don't ever seem to agree to each other about anything.
  - 4 They agreed talking about it again tomorrow.
  - 5 All doctors agree that too much sugar is bad for your health.
  - 6 She thought we should go, and I agreed it.
  - 7 I don't agree with boarding schools for young children.
  - 8 I don't feel well. Something I've eaten hasn't agreed on me.

#### **Body language**

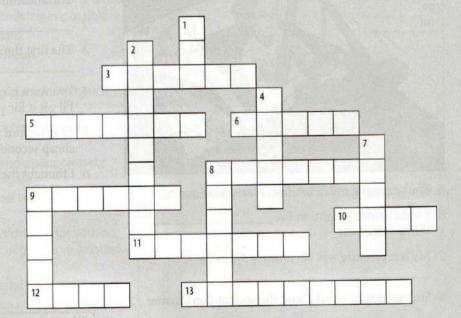
**3** Use the clues to complete the crossword. All the words have appeared in Unit 7.

#### ACROSS

- 3 You can taste with this.
- 5 Your lips can make this noise.
- 6 How soldiers walk.
- 8 You blow this up for parties.
- 9 You do this if you're cold or very afraid.
- 10 To shout loudly.
- 11 What you do if you have an itch.
- 12 How you eat an ice cream cornet.
- 13 These are either side of your neck.

#### DOWN

- 1 To hold someone tight.
- 2 If you do the same as your father, 'you follow in his ...'
- 4 These are at the end of your fingers and toes.
- 7 What you do when you pray.
- 8 'He won't listen to you, so don't waste your ...'
- 9 What you do with your nose.



#### Phrasal verbs

#### Phrasal verbs without a noun

**4** Complete the groups of sentences with the correct form of a phrasal verb from the box.



- 1 I can't hear you! Can you \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 If we want to have a holiday this year, we'll have to
- 3 We're late! If you don't \_\_\_\_\_, we'll miss the plane.
- 4 We're going on a long drive. I'll \_\_\_\_\_ with petrol.



- 5 You're driving much too fast! Please slow down!
- 6 I want to lose weight, so I've \_\_\_\_\_ the amount I eat.
- 7 My temperature was 42, now it's 39, so it's
- 8 Stop getting so upset about things that don't matter.



- 9 I've \_\_\_\_\_ with my room mate because she's so messy and never tidies up.
- 10 Tim \_\_\_\_\_ of university because he found it too difficult.
- 11 The fire \_\_\_\_\_\_ because we didn't put enough wood on.
- 12 Tigers are killed for their skins. They're in the wild.
- **5 EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs from the box.

hold on look out turn up <del>go off</del> check in shop around

- 1 This meat smells awful. I thinks it has gone off.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_! The glass is going to fall! Oh! Too late.
- 3 The first thing to do when you arrive at an airport is
- 4 You want his phone number? \_\_\_\_\_ a second. I'll get it for you.
- 5 I can't afford a new car. I'll have to \_\_\_\_\_\_ for a cheap second-hand one.
- 6 I thought they weren't coming, then they \_\_\_\_\_at 10.00.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

# **Everyday English**

#### Exclamations

1 Complete the exclamations in A with words from the box and match them with a line in B.

what a how (x2) so (x2) such such a/an

A		В
1 2 It's 3 He's 4 5 It's you! 6 children! 7 We had time! 8 disgusting!	_ brilliant idea! hot in here! nice guy! stupid of me! very kind of _ badly-behaved awful _ absolutely	<ul> <li>a Who? Tim? I think he's boring.</li> <li>b Why? Was the weather bad?</li> <li>c How do you know? You haven't tasted it yet.</li> <li>d I know – they're completely out of control.</li> <li>e Don't tell me! You've lost your glasses again.</li> <li>f Yes, if we rent a flat together we can share the costs.</li> <li>g I know, and I can't open the window.</li> <li>h Not at all. I'm always happy to help.</li> </ul>

7.4 Listen and check.

2 Read the conversation between two university students. <u>Underline</u> the correct word.

#### The worst exam ever!

- A Well, that was a 'complete / whole disaster!
- B Why? What happened? Didn't it go well?
- A Well?! I nearly walked out after five minutes. I couldn't answer a single question. They were \*very / absolutely impossible.
- B How come? You worked 3 so / totally hard.
- A Well, none of the topics I'd revised came up.
- B Oh, that's \*such / such a bad luck!
- A I know. I managed to write something but I don't think it was any good.
- **B** \*What / How a shame! But perhaps you've done better than you think. When's your next exam?
- A Tomorrow! And I feel \*so / such tired and disappointed, I just can't go home and start revising again.
- **B** Of course you can't. Come out with me! I'm meeting the guys for a drink.
- A 'How / So nice! I'd love to, but I daren't drink not with an exam tomorrow. Anyway, you lucky things, you've finished your exams. I've still got one more.
- B OK we've all had \*such / such a stressful week, we'll celebrate big time when you finish!
- A I'll look forward to that!

(1) 7.5 Listen and check.

#### REVIEW

Complete each gap with a suitable word.

1	You persuaded to go to the lecture, but I didn't understand a word. It went straight over my
2	I'll forget going on safari.  I particularly loved the elephants, but they're killed for the ivory and may eventually die
3	My son and I often don't see eye to I was furious when he dropped of university and didn't complete his degree.
4	Sport had such important role in my school, but I was no good doing any sports. I couldn't even a football.
5	Sugar is really bad for your health, but I've got such a tooth it's difficult for me to cut
6	I was surprised when Ken said he'd got 100% in his maths exam – but then he laughed and told me he was just pulling my
7	Poor Paul was sent to boarding school and he absolutely it. He begged his mum and dad to let him but they wouldn't allow him
8	a surprise! Maria has agreed marry Frank. He kept on her and she finally said yes.
9	Grandpa to be a great fan of The Rolling Stones in the 1960s. He saved all his pocket money, and managed get tickets for a lot of their concerts.
10	My niece's Facebook account was hacked so she's stopped it. She has tried to find how it happened, no luck yet.
	Go online to Check your progress.

# Future friendly?

- Future forms
- Modal auxiliary verbs may, might, could
- Sources of energy, prefixes and suffixes
- Prepositions adjective + preposition
- Making arrangements

# Grammar

#### **Future forms**

#### Recognizing tenses

 Read the text. Complete the chart with the future verb forms in *italics*.

predic	tion with will (x4)
predict	tion with won't (x4)
predict	tion with going to (x2)
	ng to mean
intenti	on with going to (x1)
	ement with Present uous (x1)
oossibi	lity with may (x1)
oossibi	lity with might (x2)
oossibi	lity with could (x3)

# **FUTURE FOODS**





The world's population continues to grow, and it's going to mean higher food prices for us all in future. Some experts think the price of meat might double in the next ten years, which will make it too expensive for most people, so what will they eat instead? What might a typical meal look like in 20 years' time?

Insects will certainly be a part of the answer. They're already popular in many parts of the world, and they will become an important part of all our diets, because they can provide the same protein as meat. But don't worry, you won't have to see bugs on your plate – insects such as crickets and grasshoppers can be turned into burgers, so you won't even notice you're eating them.

Some people may still find the idea of eating insects too difficult, and a more popular alternative for them could be meat that's grown in a laboratory. Professor Mark Post leads a Dutch team working on lab-grown meat, and thinks most people won't realize his burgers aren't made from real meat.

And what about some vegetables to go with all these burgers? Well, seaweed could become the world's biggest vegetable crop. It's the fastest growing plant on Earth, and because it can be grown in the sea, we won't need to worry about finding enough land to grow it on.



#### HOW DO PEOPLE FEEL ABOUT FATING INSECTS?

Federica, Italy	'I don't think people are going to be happy about having to eat insects. I certainly couldn't eat anything with insects in it – it makes me feel a bit sick just to think about it!'
Mike, UK	'I'm visiting my sister in Thailand next week, and I'm definitely going to try the crispy insects on sticks she's always telling me about!'
Carlos, Colombia	'I love eating fried ants! Some of the movie theatres here sell



#### will

#### Predictions

- 2 Write the <u>underlined</u> sentences, using *will* and the prompts.
  - 1 You've been studying hard. I / sure / you / pass / exams.

#### I'm sure you'll pass your exams.

- 2 I'm so tired. I think / sleep well tonight.
- 3 That was a terrible interview!

  I / not / think / they / offer me the job.
- 4 I'll have a meal ready for you. I expect you / be / hungry after your journey.
- 5 I'll ask my dad if I can stay out late. I / not / suppose / he / say yes, though.
- 6 You're going to see the new Tarantino film? I / sure / you / not / like it. It's so violent!
- 7 I'm not happy with the plan.
  I / not / think / it / work.
- 8 You're going to Hollywood! Maybe / you / see someone famous!

#### Questions

- 3 Write questions with will and the prompts in brackets.
  - 1 So, you're going on holiday! (When / be back?)
    When will you be back?
  - 2 So, you've finished all your exams. (When / get / results?)
  - 3 Your colleague's off sick and you have to do your work and his? (How / manage?)
  - 4 So, you're going home after five years living in France. (What / miss?)
  - 5 The concert finishes at 11.30 and the last bus goes at 11.00. (How / we / get home?)

#### **Negatives**

- 4 Use negatives with won't to express the same idea.
  - 1 I'll pass my test.

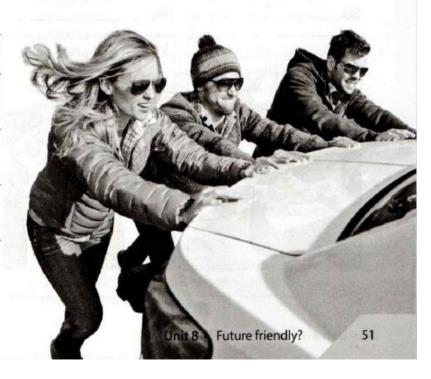
#### I won't fail my test.

- 2 They'll be on time.
- 3 He'll remember your birthday.
- 4 She'll refuse the job offer.
- 5 Obviously England will win against Iceland.

#### Offering to help

5 Match the lines in A with the offers of help in B.

A	В
1 My car's broken dov 2 It's so hot in here!	you.
<ul><li>3 I'm really hungry!</li><li>4 I don't have enough on me.</li></ul>	b We'll give you a push to the garage. c I'll see who it is.
5 There's someone at	the door. d It's OK, I'll wait for you.
6 My train leaves in 10 minutes!	e I'll make you something to eat.
7 You go – I need to fi work.	nish this f I'll drive you to the station.
8 What if I forget to ta passport?!	you some.
	h I'll open a window.



#### going to for predictions

#### What's going to happen?

6 Look at the pictures. Write what is going to happen.





He's going to have a haircut.

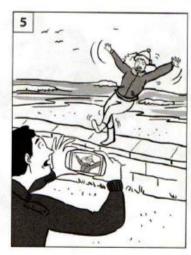
She





She

They





They

#### will or going to?

#### Planned or spontaneous?

- 7 Complete the conversations with will or going to and the verb in brackets.
  - 1 A Why are you wearing those old clothes?
    - B Because I'm going to paint (paint) the front door.
  - 2 A I've got a headache. Have you got any paracetamol?
    - B Yes, they're in the bathroom. I (get) you some.
  - 3 A Drive carefully! Let me know when you're home.
    - B I \_\_\_\_\_ (give) you a ring as soon as I get home.
  - 4 A Why are you making all those sandwiches?
    - B Because we \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a picnic on the beach. Do you want to come?
    - (go) and get my swimming costume and towel.
  - 5 A What's the plan? \_\_ (eat) out this evening?
    - B I don't think I feel like going out. I \_ \_\_\_\_ (get) a takeaway on the way home.
  - 6 A Hey, when \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_ you (give) me my electric drill back?
    - B Oh, sorry, I'd forgotten about it. I \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_(bring) it round tomorrow.
  - 7 A My new boyfriend's coming round for dinner tonight!
    - B Oooh! What \_\_\_\_\_ (cook)?
    - (make) a curry. (let) you know how it goes.
  - 8 A Your exams are in two weeks' time.
    - When \_\_\_\_\_\_you (start) revising for them?
    - B It's OK, I've got a revision plan, and I \_\_\_\_\_ (do) some tonight.
    - A But you said you were going out tonight.
    - B Oh, yeah... Erm, I (start) tomorrow night, then.

(1) 8.1 Listen and check.

#### Present Continuous

#### Making arrangements

8 Complete the conversation with the Present Continuous form of the verbs from the box.

bring drive make get have fly organize invite

## Can you keep a secret?

- A Can you keep a secret?
- B Yes, of course. What is it?
- A 11'm organizing a surprise party for Bobbi's birthday next Sunday!
- B How exciting! Where 2\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_\_ it?
- A In the garden at home.
- B And who 3\_\_\_\_\_\_you\_\_
- A Friends and family even her aunt and uncle from Scotland. They 4\_\_\_\_\_\_down on Saturday and they in a hotel so Bobbi won't know they're here.
- B What about food? Where 6\_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_ that from?



- A It's all arranged. Marcello's restaurant 7\_ kinds of delicious things over on Sunday afternoon, and their chef\*\_\_\_\_ a special birthday cake!
- B Oh, so it really is a special birthday?
- A Yes, it's her 40th. And she doesn't know yet, but the weekend after, we 9\_\_\_\_\_\_first class to New York!
- **B** Fab! Am I invited to this party?
- A Of course you are! But don't tell anyone!
- (1) 8.2 Listen and check.



#### Driverless cars

- **9** Complete the text about driverless cars using the future verb forms a-j.
  - a may cause
- g could be avoided
- b won't be possible
- h might wait
- c not going to be
- i won't be able to relax
- d are launching

2

- i will reduce
- e won't take f are not going to have
- k will need
- 10 Complete the questions for these answers about driverless cars.
  - 1 What is fast becoming a reality? The future of driverless cars.

Relax and watch a video.

- a self-driving model? In 2021. drivers of the first self-driving cars
- human drivers ? Take control sometimes.
- 5 How many deaths in future? Millions.
- \_too long for? Clear openings in the traffic.



The future of driverless cars is fast becoming a reality. All the major car companies have plans to produce them - BMW, for example, have announced that they d a self-driving model in 2021.

But drivers of the first self-driving cars 2 and watch a video. Unfortunately, these cars can still get confused about what they're 'seeing', and a human driver 3 \_\_\_\_ to take control sometimes. This is clearly necessary - the test driver of an early Tesla car on Autopilot died in a crash while watching a Harry Potter DVD.

Accidents such as these 4\_\_\_\_ people to reject the idea of driverless cars altogether. However, it's predicted that driverless cars 5\_\_\_\_ accidents by 90%, and so millions of deaths 6\_\_\_\_ in future.

Most experts agree that we 7\_\_\_\_ true driverless cars on our roads until after 2030. Even then, it \*\_\_\_\_ to drive anywhere you want. Driverless cars need extremely accurate digital maps, and it's 9\_\_\_\_\_ easy to produce these for all areas, particularly in the countryside.

Another problem is that self-driving cars can be too careful. They 10\_\_\_\_\_ enough risks and 11\_\_\_\_ too long for clear openings in the traffic, which could cause even bigger traffic jams!

# Vocabulary

#### Sources of energy

1 Match nouns from A and B to make compound nouns connected with energy issues.



A	В
wind	reactor
solar	source
fusion	wind farm
fossil	change
energy	warming
radioactive	material
climate	turbine
offshore	panel
global	fuels

# Word building

#### **Prefixes**

2	Correct	the	mistakes	with	the	prefixes	in	the	words	in	italics

1	It's unpossible to do this crossword!	impossible
2	You've disspelt 'address' again!	
3	It's unlegal to smoke in public buildings.	
4	The man was <i>inconscious</i> when the ambulance arrived.	
5	Is 'burn' an unregular verb?	
6	'Doing something <i>misperfectly</i> is better than doing nothing perfectly.'	nal .

#### Suffixes

3	Use the correct form of the	words in	brackets t	o complete the
	sentences.			nacial and a series of the series

30	inches.
1	I wouldn't trust a car - I want to see a person in control! ( <i>drive</i> )
2	Most accidents happen because people drive (care)
3	Would this hotel be for families with small children? (suit)
4	We're going to win 3-1 - that's my (predict)
5	I left that job because I had so many with my boss. (disagree)
6	I'll throw this umbrella away – it's! (use)
7	Sue's had a lot of in her life, but she's still very positive. (unhappy)
8	You should be a designer - you're so! (create)
9	This dress is too long - I need to have it (short)
10	People wear such clothes in Africa – they look

## **Prepositions**

#### Adjective + preposition

4	<b>EXTENSION</b> Complete these sentences using of or with.
	1 You must be fed up me
	complaining about my work - how has your day been?
	2 I've always been jealous people who can sing well – I sound terrible!
	3 I've put a lot of work into this essay and I'm really proud it!
	4 I thought I had toothache, but the dentist says there's nothing wrong my teeth.
5	Choose the correct preposition.
	1 Lucy's met a really nice guy. I'm really happy about / for her.
	2 We're worried about / for Dot starting school – she doesn't seem ready for it.
	3 We're very excited about / for going to Norway. We're hoping to see the Northern Lights!
	4 I think it was van Gogh who was famous about / for painting sunflowers, wasn't it?
6	Complete these sentences using in or to.
	1 Are you and Jim interested tennis? I think I can get tickets for Wimbledon!
	2 You don't look at all similar Mark it's hard to believe he's your brother!
	Who's that woman over there dressed black? Could you introduce me to her?
	Thank you so much. You've been really kind me.
7	Choose the correct preposition.
	1 The food in that restaurant was OK, but I wasn't satisfied of / with the service.
	2 It's typical of / with Bob to forget your birthday. He's so thoughtless.
	3 Hello, could I speak to the person responsible for / of recruitment, please?
	4 A Excuse me, could you give me directions in / to the town centre, please?
	B I'm sorry, I'm not familiar of / with this area myself.

5 The jury found the defendant guilty for / of

6 St Mark's Square in Venice is always crowded

by / with tourists.

# **Everyday English**

#### Making arrangements

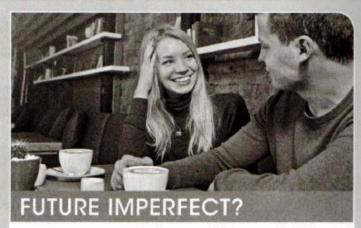
- 1 Put the words in the conversations in the correct order.
  - 1 A you / Friday / Are / evening / on / free / ?
    - B on / a / with / I'm / Friday / No, / Helen / meal / having
  - 2 A could / was / at / tomorrow / if / I / meet / we / wondering / 2.00 / ?
    - B afraid / about / for / 2.00 / How / I'm / work / me / 3.30 / won't /?
  - 3 A together / afternoon / could / Saturday / Maybe / on / get / we /?
    - B no / me / Sorry, / good / the / for / afternoon's
  - 4 A tomorrow / don't / Why / a / we / for / morning / coffee / go / ?
    - B we / idea / say / ten / Good / half / Shall /?
  - 5 A for / after / go / work / a / Let's / pizza
    - B late / to / but / I'd / work / I'm / today / love / finishing
  - 6 A meeting / you / at 4.30 / a / tomorrow / make / Can /?
    - B is / see / Yes, / you / fine / then / 4.30 / I'll

1) 8.3 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

#### REVIEW

**Emma** is discussing her future with her friend, **Sam**. Choose the correct answers in the conversation.



- 5 I am / was wondering if we could go to the cinema on Thursday?
- E 12'd love to / love to, but I'm going to Birmingham.
- S Oh, 3 will you have / are you having another interview for university?
- Yes. Birmingham's not my first choice, but I 4'm going to see / may see what it's like. It might be a 5 suitable / suited back-up.
- S You don't seem very excited 6 for / about it all!
- E Oh, I am really. There are just so many decisions to make, and I know I have to be <sup>7</sup> careful / careless about it all.
- S Well, yes, going to university's getting pretty expensive now, isn't it?
- E You can say that again! I \* 'm going to take out /'ll take out a student loan, and I \* could end up / 'm ending up over £50,000 in debt!
- 5 You must be worried 10 about / for how you'll pay it back.
- E I am! It seems "inpossible / impossible when you think about how much we'll need to save to buy a house or flat in future. And we don't even know that we "2" Il have / may have jobs, do we? I saw a prediction the other day that 40% of jobs "are going to be / are being taken over by machines in the next 20 years.
- S Ah, you'll be OK. You 14'll be / 're going to be a fashion designer – machines will never take over from humans in the 15 creative / creating world.
- E We 16 'll see / 're going to see. Anyway, enough feeling sorry 17 about / for myself. Come on, I 18 'm going to buy / 'll buy you a drink while I still have enough money!

Go online to Check your progress.

# Stop and check Units 5-8

1 Complete the sentences 1–15 with the correct word from below.	<b>2</b> Use the clues to complete the crossword.
1 We don't have a choice, we sell our house.	We ACROSS
need the money.	1 The of a crime is the person who suffers it. (6)
have to might should	4 I feel very of the success we've achieved. (5)
	7 can't buy chewing gum in Singapore. (3)
2 I forget my grandpa's birthday.	8 Jim to pay for lunch, but I refused. (7)
can't have don't have to mustn't	9 I've eaten tofu – what's it like? (5)
3 You text while driving in the UK. It's the la	w. 10 Tom and I often argue – we don't see eye to
are not allowed to don't have to shouldn't	(3) 12 Mum made me my homework before
	dinner. (2)
4 You take your jacket off if you're too hot.	14 Could you me £30, and I'll pay you back
have to must should	tomorrow? (4)
5 My dad me borrow the car.	16 I hate filling my tax forms! (2)
	17 My dad never me stay out late. (4)
won't agree won't allow won't let	19 It's such important meeting this one! (2)
6 'Mum! Danny share his sweets with me!'	20 Oil and coal are fossil (5)
refuses can't won't	22 Please don't drive fast! (2)
	23 Relax! to forget about work for a moment! (3)
7 I'm fed up! I to mend my bike for hours. No joy!	24 'Thanks, that's so kind!"Not all – happy to help.' (2)
can't manage didn't succeed 've been trying	25 The deepest hole that's ever been is in Russia. (3)
8 Have you heard? Tom to hospital with	27 I'm lucky to living in this flat. (2)
pneumonia!	28 'When's Dan leaving?"He'sleft. (7)
is taken has been taken has taken	31 You can use your phone as long it's in flight mode. (2)
9 You should watch the new crime drama on TV. I'm sure you	32 The soldiers up the bridge with dynamite. (4)
it a lot.	33 Stop it! I'm up with you complaining! (3)
'll like won't like may like	35 I didn't break it purpose – it was an accident! (2)
10 He of leaving his job because it's boring.	37 Sophie often out with her brother – they're
has been thinking has decided was hoping	always arguing. (5)
11 That's really heavy carry it for you if you li	Change. (//
I'll I'm going to I may	39 My brother helped paint my flat. (2)
12 Do you think you possibly get this book	40 Elephants could out soon. (3)
down for me? The shelf's so high.	41 It's easy to the word 'weird' as 'wierd'. (8)
could may will	43 'Do you want a lift?" Thanks, would be great!" (4)
13 How many times you not to do that!	45 It's typical Jason to leave when it's time to
have I been telling have I told have you been told	clear up. (2)
	47 A is someone who saw a crime being committed. (7)
14 Mike's on holiday in Thailand. I don't know when he	49 Guess who I ran in the supermarket?
's beam 's gone want	Charlie! (4)
's been 's gone went	51 Don't stop! Go singing! It's lovely! (2)
15 I hear Maria's away on holiday to Spain aga	
Has she been Is she going Has she gone	it. (7) 53 I don't have a tattoo because I give (5)
SCORE	15 54 'Would you if I sat here?''No, go ahead.' (4)
SCORE	34 Would you II I Sat Hele: No, go alledd. (4)

	1		2			3		4						5
6		100		100					1000		100		7	-
8					T			9			1000	T		
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#### DOWN

- 2 You should \_\_\_\_\_ two hours before the flight. (5, 2)
- 3 Have you \_\_\_\_\_ all the arrangements for the wedding yet? (4)
- 4 We've got solar \_\_\_\_ on our house. (6)
- 5 At the end of a trial, the judge \_\_\_\_ up the facts for the jury. (4)
- 6 | \_\_\_\_\_ if we could meet at 3.00 not 2.00? (6)
- 11 It's the \_\_\_\_\_ time I've been to New York it's all new and exciting! (5)
- 13 It's \_\_\_\_\_ to use your phone while driving. (7)
- 15 Relax and try to breathe \_\_\_\_\_. (6)
- 18 I \_\_\_\_\_ be late home tonight. I'll let you know. (3)
- 21 'I can do 3.00."OK, 3.00 \_\_\_\_\_ is then.' (2)

- 22 Don't worry! I'm \_\_\_\_\_ you'll pass your driving test! (4)
- 25 The \_\_\_\_\_ lawyer argues that the defendant is not guilty. (7)
- 26 Pay more attention to your writing. You make a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ mistakes. (8)
- 29 Ed speaks Dutch \_\_\_\_ his mum's Dutch. (8)
- 30 Don't throw that magazine \_\_\_\_\_. I haven't read it yet. (4)
- 31 You should shop \_\_\_\_\_ before you decide to buy the laptop here. (6)
- 34 I'm wet through! This umbrella is \_\_\_\_\_! (7)
- 36 Audrey Hepburn \_\_\_\_ a lot of work for UNICEF. (3)

- 37 'Is there a bank near here?" Sorry, I'm not \_\_\_\_ with this area myself. (8)
- 39 'Hi, Jo! How long is it since we last \_\_\_\_\_? (3)
- 42 My neighbour \_\_\_\_\_ after my dog while I was away. (6)
- 44 I lived in Berlin six years \_\_\_\_\_. (3)
- 46 I need to \_\_\_\_ up the car with petrol. (4)
- 48 I'm on a diet. I've lost six kilos \_\_\_\_\_ far. (2)
- 50 Slow down! You're driving \_\_\_\_\_ fast! (3)

-
 -

# Caring and sharing

- Conditionals, should, could have done
- Words with similar and different meanings
- Prepositions with money
- Money matters

# Grammar

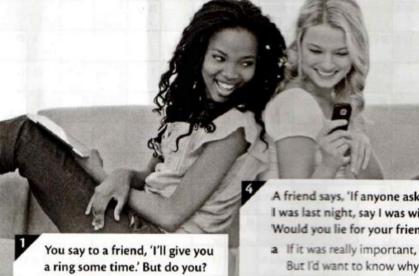
#### Conditionals

#### Recognizing conditionals

- 1 Do the quiz. Are you a good friend?
- 2 Complete the examples in 1-4 of the conditional forms from the quiz.

A Company of the Comp	NDITIONAL
	nt + Present
I I promise	e to do something,
If a friend	
	straight
away.	
	NDITIONAL
if + Presen	nt + will
If	,
	later.
	,
	it looks
good.	
SECOND	CONDITIONAL
if + Past +	would
My friends	
	them.
If	New York
	someone.
THIRD OF	R PAST CONDITIONA
if + Past P	erfect + would have
	the
truth, I	<u> </u>
II	
criticism if	it

Are you a good friend?



- a Yes. If I promise to do something, I do it.
- b No, I didn't really mean it. It's just a way of saying goodbye.
- You get a text from a friend. Do you reply immediately?
  - a Yes. If a friend gets in touch with me, I reply straight away.
  - b It depends. If I'm with someone, I'll text back later.
- Your friend has bought a dress she really likes, but you think it's awful. What do you say?
  - a If she likes it, I'll tell her it looks good. It doesn't matter what
- b I'll tell her the truth. That's what friends are for.

A friend says, 'If anyone asks where I was last night, say I was with you.' Would you lie for your friend?

- a If it was really important, I'd lie. But I'd want to know why it was necessary.
- b No, I wouldn't. They might have done something illegal or wrong.
- Your friend tells you a secret and says you mustn't tell anyone else. Would you?
  - a Of course not. My friends wouldn't tell me secrets if I didn't keep them.
  - b If it was very exciting I'd tell someone. How could I keep it to myself?
- You asked a friend to read your college essay. They returned it and said it wasn't very good. Were you hurt?
  - a No. If I hadn't wanted the truth, I wouldn't have asked.
  - b Yes. I would have accepted criticism if it had been more tactful.

dependable. Who would want to have you as their best friend? You would do anything for your friends. Mostly Bs: You put yourself before your friends, and you're not very Quiz answers: Mostly &s: Toure a true, loyal friend. You really believe that a friend in need is a friend indeed.

more tactful.

#### Types of conditional

**3** Complete the examples of each type of conditional using the verbs in brackets.

#### General conditions (zero conditional)

present	+	present
1 Milk(go)		you (not keep) it in the fridge.
2 I think music (sound)	if	you (listen) to it on headphones.
better		it of fleauphones.

#### Improbable or impossible conditions (second conditional)

W	ould		+	past	
5	that concert	_ ( <i>go</i> ) to		itsold out.	_ (not be)
	They a house here	(buy)	if	theyenough mone	(have)

#### Possible conditions (first conditional)

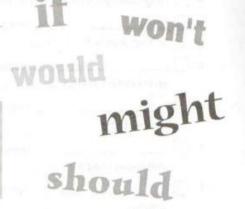
will	+	present	
3 Rick	if	you him to.	(ask)
4 We (come) to the party		you us!	(invite)

#### Past conditions (third conditional)

would have	+	past perfect
7 Arsenal (won)	- if	Chelsea (not score) a late goal.
8 She(become) a star	All age o	she (gone) to Hollywood.

**4** Match the lines in each box to make zero (0), first (1), second (2), and third (3) conditional sentences.

A	<ul> <li>Jenny never says thank you</li> <li>I'll help you</li> <li>I wouldn't do that</li> <li>I wouldn't have cooked meat</li> </ul>	if	I were you. you do something for her. I'd known you were vegetarian. I have time.
В	<ul> <li>0 If I don't sleep well</li> <li>1 If you drink coffee now</li> <li>2 If they offered me the job</li> <li>3 If you'd driven more slowly</li> </ul>		you wouldn't have crashed. I'd definitely take it. I'm in a bad mood all day. you won't be able to sleep.
c	<ul> <li>Henry always gets angry</li> <li>Things will get better</li> <li>What would you do</li> <li>Would you have ordered the curry</li> </ul>	if	you just wait and try to be patient. you saw a fight in the street? you'd known it was so hot? you criticize his work.



wont

#### First conditional

if + will / might / must / should

5 Match a line in A with a line in B.

	VV	-	U		
				- 40000	
go sk	iing th	is win	ter. W	e'll see.	

might

A	В
1 If I'm going to be late,	a we might go skiing this winter. We'll see.
2 If Tony calls round,	b you'll soon forget it. c you'll have to do more exercise.
3 If you don't feel well,	d tell him I'll be back in ten minutes.
4 If you're ever in London, 5 If we can afford it,	e try switching it off and on again.
6 If you want to get fit,	f you should sit down and get some rest.
7 If your computer goes wrong,	g I'll give you a ring and let you know.
8 If you don't revise vocabulary,	h you must come and visit us.

should if

## Second conditional

#### What would you do?

6 Read the social dilemmas 1-6. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

What would you do if?	TORAN MENTAL STATE OF THE STATE
<ul> <li>the ATM <u>gave</u> (give) you £200 but only charged you for £100</li> <li>you (find) a wallet with \$500 in it and the name of a friend (cheat) in a school exam and got better in a work colleague (claim) expenses that you knew a teenage girl you know (want) to go on a date with a teenage girl you know (want) to go on a date with a teenage girl you know (took) a photo of a celebrity doing something you not to sell it to a newspaper</li> </ul>	marks than you were false with a boy she'd met online
7 Read the responses. Match them to the questions 1–6, and put verbs in brackets in the correct form.	the
a 4 I'd ignore (ignore) it. Everyone tries to make a bit of money with I	
c	t if it(be)
d (sell) it to a newspaper if I the celebrity.	
e	
Write questions and answers about what people didn't do! Use	the words in brackets.
1 A I haven't travelled much in life. I never had the opportunity, and it's too late now.	4 A I saw the actor Matt Damon in a restaurant. I wish I'd spoken to him.
B Where would you have gone? (go)	B What to him? (sa)
A <u>I'd have gone to South Africa and Japan.</u> (Africa and Japan)	A to
2 A It's a shame I never went to university.	5 A It's annoying, but I'm too full to have a dessert.
B What? (study)	B Which? (have
A (psychology)	A (cheesecake
3 A I didn't get a bonus, so I decided not to buy a new car.  B What kind ? (buy)	6 A We have three lovely daughters. I'd have liked a son, too, but we never had one.
A (a Mercedes)	B What him? (call

. (Alfie)

#### Life-changing decisions

9 Read the text and write sentences in the third conditional, using the prompts.

## Clare's life story

Clare grew up on a farm in Scotland and helped to look after the animals. She decided to become a vet and studied at Edinburgh University. She met a girl called Hannah there, who became her best friend.

Clare couldn't find a job in the UK after university, and decided to look abroad. She thought about going to America, but Hannah had found a job in New Zealand,

so Clare decided to go there. She got a job in Auckland, and started a relationship with one of the other vets there, Greg. However, after a while she realized that she and Greg didn't have much in common, and so she ended it.

She took up rowing and met a man at the rowing club, Marcus, who she fell head over heels in love with. Clare and Marcus got married and had two children, Max and Alice. Her parents wanted to be nearer their grandchildren, so they moved to New Zealand too!



- 1 If Clare / not grow up / farm / become / vet.
  If Clare hadn't grown up on a farm, she wouldn't have become a vet.
- 2 If she / not go / Edinburgh University / she / not meet / Hannah.
- 3 If she / find / job / UK / not look / abroad.
- 4 If Hannah / not go / New Zealand / Clare / go / work / America.
- 5 If Clare and Greg / have more in common / she / not end / their relationship.
- 6 If she / not take up / rowing / not met / Marcus.
- 7 If she / stay with / Greg / not fall in love / Marcus.
- 8 If she / not have / children / parents / not move / New Zealand.

#### Past possibilities

#### should / could have done

10 Complete the sentences with a phrase from the box and the correct form of the verb in brackets.

	James could have been (be) a professional
	football player, but he had a bad leg injury.
2	You (tell) me the truth. Lying never helps anyone.
3	You nearly hit that car looking at your phone while driving. You (kill us all!
4	A present for me! Oh, that's so kind, but you
	(bother), really!
5	Sorry, I can't remember your address.  I (write) it down.
6	What was it again?  It's your own fault if you're broke. You(buy) all those
	clothes - you don't need them.
	rite <i>had</i> or <i>would</i> after each example of 'd.
TA	
1	If only I'd known! had
1	
1 2 3	If only I'd known! had  I know you'd do that for me!  I'd have done anything to
1 2 3	If only I'd known! had  I know you'd do that for me!  I'd have done anything to be there!
1 2 3 4 5	If only I'd known! had  I know you'd do that for me!  I'd have done anything to be there!  I'd marry her any day!
1 2 3 4 5 6	If only I'd known! had  I know you'd do that for me!  I'd have done anything to be there!  I'd marry her any day!  What if they'd been late?
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	If only I'd known! had  I know you'd do that for me!  I'd have done anything to be there!  I'd marry her any day!  What if they'd been late?  We'd have helped you!

# Vocabulary

#### Words with similar meanings

1 Match the words with similar meanings.

A	В
1 _ to rent	a delighted
2 to trust	b risky
3 difficult	c secure
4 _ to hurry	d problems
5 happy	e disadvantage
6 difficulties	f to rush
7 dangerous	g to hire
8 safe	h challenging
9 downside	i to rely on

19.2 Listen to the words used in sentences and check.

#### Words with different meanings

2		Vrite the words in brackets in the correct places in each entence.
	1	You're covered in paint! You need to <u>wash</u> your hair and <u>clean</u> your face! (clean / wash)
	2	The bank was and £50,000 was (robbed / stolen)
		We the other team 4-0 and the cup! (won / beat)
		Spaghetti with pesto is my favourite, but it has to be served on a warm! (dish / plate)
	5	I think the at my old school were better than my at university. (professors / teachers)
	6	If you carefully, you can the sea. (hear / listen)
	7	I often you things, so why can't I anything from you? (borrow / lend)
	8	There's a reminder in my to write an for tomorrow's meeting. (diary / agenda)
	9	It's good to be to people's feelings, but be you can't help everyone with their problems! (sensitive / sensible)
1	0	If you your luggage here with you, I'll you to the airport when we've finished our meeting. (take / bring)
1	1	Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek is the Dutch scientist who the microscope and bacteria. (invented / discovered)
11	2	Most of our hotel are to the

#### **Prepositions**

#### Prepositions with money

to	of	in (x4)	on	out	from	for (x2)	into (x2)	by
to	pay	s	omet	hing		cash	The second	
to	pay.	c	redit	card				
to	take	money		L SAV	you	ir accoun	t	
to	pay	money_		_ you	r accou	nt		
to	spen	nd mone	y	sc	methi	ng		
to	lend	money		_ son	neone			
to	borr	ow mon	ey_		someon	ne		
to	get_	de	ebt					
		de					TE	E
		harged n				-		-
		st				S		
to	pay_	d	ollars	s / eur	os		-	11
9.3	Lis	sten and	chec	k.				
				-	10		8	-
		one for	1	10		A	ser O	500
		Bill	9	- IS	0	9	To the second	
				9	N			
						1		
	Fa	Papp =	B	10	10			

local wildlife park. (visitors / guests)

# **Everyday English**

#### Money matters

 Match the expressions connected with money in A with ways of saying the same thing in B.



A		
1	It's out of my price range.	
2	f1,000 would be my limit.	
3	You can buy it on credit.	
4	Can I bring it back and get a refund?	
5	I think I'll leave it.	
6	Is service included?	
7	Can I pay in cash?	
8	What's the exchange rate?	
9	Do you charge commission?	
10	I haven't got anything smaller.	
11	You've given me the wrong change.	
12	I'm overdrawn.	
В		
a	You haven't given me the right money back.	
b	How much foreign currency do you get for a pound?	
c	I've taken too much money out of the bank.	
d	I only have large banknotes.	
e	I couldn't spend more than £1,000.	
f	I can't afford that much.	
a	You can take it now and pay later.	

2 ①9.4 Listen to the lines from B and say the correct expression from A. Try to do it without looking. Listen and check.

h Do I have to pay a fee for changing the money?

j Do we need to leave a tip for the waiter?
k Can I return it and have my money back?

Do I have to use a credit or debit card?



I don't think I'll buy it.

It's out of my price range.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

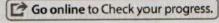
## **REVIEW**

 Read the text about a failed bank robbery and choose the correct answers.

## How about a loan instead?

A Finnish bank manager stopped two criminals from "stealing / robbing a bank by persuading them to ²borrow / lend the money instead. The robbers ran into a bank in Helsinki and demanded €50,000 ³in money / in cash. The manager \*brought / took the money and put it on the table in front of them, but then suggested that a loan might be more sensible / sensitive. The men \*heard / listened to him carefully, and they then discussed what credit \*limit / deadline they could afford. The manager gave them a €10 \*check / note as an advance and told them to \*come back / go back in ten minutes to sign the papers. When the men came back, the police 'owaited / were waiting for them.

- 2 Rewrite the sentences connected with the story, using the words in brackets.
  - 1 The manager persuaded them to take out a loan. The men didn't rob the bank. (if)
  - 2 'Taking out a loan is more sensible.' (if)
  - 3 They listened to the manager. They didn't steal the money. (if, could)
  - 4 'Come back in ten minutes for the papers to be ready.' (if)
  - 5 They were stupid to go back to the bank. (shouldn't)
  - 6 It would have been a better idea to run away. (should)
  - 7 The men came back. The police caught them. (if, might never)
  - 8 People take out a loan. The bank has to decide what their credit limit is. (if)



# **Beyond belief!**

- Modals of probability
- Continuous infinitive
- · Expressions with be and have
- Phrasal verbs with out and up, prepositions
- Expressing attitude

## Grammar Modal of probability

#### Recognizing which modal

1 Match a line in A with a line in B.



A second	В
1 They must be out.	a I feel hot and I've got a sore throat.
2 You can't be hungry.	b He'd be here by now, if he were.
3 He can't come from Sydney.	c But perhaps it's just a passing satellite.
4 You must know Alison.	d Their car isn't in the drive.
5 He can't be coming tonight.	e He doesn't have an Australian accent.
6 It could be a shooting star.	f She's been working in our office since July
7 We may move to the country.	g They couldn't afford to.
8 I might have flu.	h Your jeans look too big.
9 You must have lost weight.	i We're tired of the city rat race.
0 They can't have bought a new car.	j We've just had breakfast.

#### Modals of probability - present

2 Harry is late for class. Suggest reasons why using must, might, could, or may.

# Why do you think Harry's late? 1 Is he still in bed? (might) He might still be in bed. 2 Is he ill? (must) 5 Is he stuck in a traffic jam? (may) 6 Is his bus late? (might) 7 Is he talking to a friend from another class? (may) 4 Does he have a doctor's appointment? (might) 8 Does he want to miss the test? (must)



3 Rewrite each sentence in exercise 2 with can't, and give the reason.

He can't still be in bed, he no	ever oversleens	5	(not rush hour
(never oversleep)	ver oversiceps.	6	(always on time)
	(fine yesterday)	7	(everyone / in class now
	(it / closed)	8	(been revising for weeks)
	(not ill)	- 70	87

10.1 Listen to the complete conversations and check exercises 2 and 3.

# Ask Amanda!

#### KITTY'S PROBLEM:

Dear Amanda,

I have a really lovely boyfriend – he's hardworking, kind and good fun. But, I'm worried about my parents meeting him because ...

Best wishes, Kitty Fisher

#### Amanda replies:

Dear Kitty,

I understand why you feel worried. Your parents sound very nice, but they obviously have strong feelings about something like this. Have a word with them about what a nice guy he is, and how much he cares for you. Talk to Bill as well and explain that your parents are a bit old-fashioned and aren't up to date with modern trends. They won't know how common it is nowadays for people to have these on their bodies.

You're right, it's a good idea that they meet him, and perhaps he could help them with their garden.

If they get to know him and like him, they may forgive his colourful appearance.

Good luck,

Yours, Amanda!

#### LEO'S PROBLEM:

Dear Amanda, We fight all the time. I hate him! Yours, Leo Blake

#### Amanda replies:

Dear Leo,

It is very difficult not to get angry with your brother in your situation. At your age you need time on your own and some privacy when you are with your friends. Ask your parents to find time in their busy lives to sit down and talk to you about what is happening. Tell them how Oliver is stopping you from doing your schoolwork. The youngest child in a family is often the favourite and gets very spoilt. Also, you should tell them about the problems Oliver is having at school. He won't leave you alone until he has more friends of his own.

Yours, Amanda!

- **4** Ask Amanda! is a problem page in a magazine. Read Amanda's reply to Kitty Fisher. What do you think her problem is?
- 5 Underline the correct modal verb.
  - 1 Bill must / might be Kitty's new boyfriend.
  - 2 Kitty's parents can't / may be quite old.
  - 3 She can't / must care about her parents' feelings.
  - 4 She must / might be their only child.
  - 5 Bill could / can't be a gardener.
  - 6 He must / can't be covered in tattoos.
  - 7 Kitty must / can't be hoping to introduce him to her parents soon.
- 6 Read Amanda's reply to Leo Blake. What is his problem?
- 7 Complete the deductions about Leo with the correct words from the box.

must have (x2) must be can't have might not know may sometimes get annoyed could be jealous might be studying

1	Leo <u>must be</u> the eldest ch	aild in the family
	Hecalled Oliver.	
3	Leo's friends with Oliver.	Sin Regul 1 9
4	Leo's parents demanding jobs.	very
5	Leo	for some exams.
		that Oliver
7	Leo	_ of Oliver.
8	Oliver	many friends.

Extra material p95 Read the complete letters to Amanda.

#### The continuous infinitive

- 8 Complete the conversations with a suitable verb in the continuous infinitive.
  - 1 A Do you know where Kitty is?
    - B She's on her phone. She may be calling her mum and dad.
  - 2 A Where's Leo?
    - B He's upstairs. He must \_ his homework in his room.
    - A He's not in his room.
    - B Try the bathroom. He might \_\_\_ a shower.
  - 3 A I can't find the thing that changes the TV channel.
    - B The remote control? Stand up. You may \_\_\_\_ on it.
  - 4 A What's that noise?
    - B It sounds like an ambulance. It must someone to hospital.
  - 5 A What's that noise outside?
    - B It sounds like workmen. They must up the road.
    - A What for?
    - B I don't know. They could \_ a broken water pipe.

#### 10.2 Listen and check.

- 9 Rewrite these sentences using the modal verbs in the past.
  - 1 I'm sure you didn't work hard for your exams. You failed. (can't)

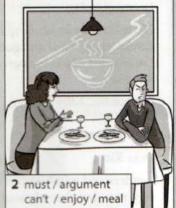
#### You can't have worked hard.

- 2 I'm sure they've arrived. I can hear a car. (must)
- 3 I'm not sure, but I think they went by train. (may)
- 4 Perhaps I left my phone in the coffee shop. (might)
- 5 I think he went to Oxford University. (may)
- 6 He has probably been on a diet. (must)
- 7 It's possible that they got married in secret. (could)
- 8 Perhaps he called while we were out. (may)

#### Modals of probability - past

10 Look at the pictures. What must have happened? What might have happened? Write sentences.













#### All modals of probability

- 11 Read the newspaper article. Answer the questions.
  - 1 How did the cat travel to Paris? No one knows!
  - 2 How did it travel back to London?
  - 3 Are Marna and Sean still together?
  - 4 How did they know that it was their cat?
- 12 Rewrite these sentences in the article using the words in brackets.
  - Perhaps Moon Unit was stolen and taken to France. (might)
  - 2 Maybe she was frightened by all the noise at the party. (may)
  - 3 Perhaps she had been living at the railway station. (could)
  - 4 Marna and Sean were undoubtedly very surprised when they heard from ADAD. (must)
  - 5 I'm sure they didn't expect to see their cat again. (can't)
  - 6 Their relationship ended so I don't think they have a lot in common. (can't)
  - 7 It seems that they are still friends. (must)
  - 8 They probably had a reason to call the cat 'Moon Unit'. (must)



Two Londoners, Marna Gillingham and Sean Purdy, have recently been reunited with their pet cat. Of course, it's not unusual for cats to go missing. However, this cat, called 'Moon Unit', had been missing for eight years and was not found in a neighbouring street, but 200 miles away, across the Channel, in Paris.

Marna and her ex-partner, Sean, had adopted Moon Unit over ten years ago, when they were a couple, and she had vanished after a New Year's Eve party at their flat in Bermondsey, London. They searched for months and had numerous 'sightings' but it was never Moon Unit. Eventually, their relationship ended and they moved house.

Then suddenly, last month, Marna received an email from the UK microchipping database, Petlog, saying that their cat had been found by L'Association d'Aide et de Défense des Animaux en Détresse (ADAD) in Paris. Moon Unit had been

spotted wandering around a French railway station. It seemed impossible, but the microchip proved that it was indeed the same cat. Moon Unit travelled back to England on the ferry from Calais, but no one knows how she crossed the sea in the first place, and ended up in the French capital.

Marna and Sean are no longer together as a couple, but they are fundraising to thank ADAD for reuniting them with their cat and Marna has agreed that Sean can keep Moon Unit.



# Vocabulary

#### be and have

1		
	B Like her! I'm	about her!
	A I didn't think she	e was your type.
	B What do you me	ean? We great times
	together. We ha	ve a lot in
	A Really?	
	B Well, yes. She's _	opera and so am I.
	A What? Since wh on opera?	en have you been
	B Well, I am now.	
2	A Can I have a	with you?
	B What about?	
	A Well, you've had work lately.	a lot of time
	B I'm sorry.	
	A You	off four times last month.
		a lot of family problems.
	A What kind of pro	
	B Er - I'd rather no	
	, - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , -	
3	A I'll miss you. You business.	're so often on
	B Don't worry, I'll I	be in as soon as
		to go. Your flight's
		too much fun while I'm away.
	D 170111	too much full while im away.
		of that! a good

Listen and check.

#### Phrasal verbs and prepositions

#### out and up

3 Complete the text about the two brothers with out or up.



## A TRAGIC **BUSINESS VENTURE**

ben and iven simili were two brothers who loved then	
food. Their favourite pastime was eating 1 in the	
many cafés and restaurants in the town. Unsurprisingl	y,
they put on too much weight. They decided to take	
2 playing squash and working 3 in the loca	al
fitness and leisure centre. Then Ben came 4 with	
good business idea. He suggested that they set 5	
health shop in the centre of town. Neil was enthusiasti	
	,
so they found 6 how much this might cost and	
started to work ' their finances. Between them,	
they had saved a quite a bit of money, so they	
bought a small shop on the high street. Everything wer	nt
well for a time and they built * a very successful	
business. They became very rich, very healthy and very	1
slim. They were very happy. Then, they both fell for th	e
same girl, Zoë - they fell in love with her, but they fell	
10 with each other. They had terrible arguments,	
and inevitably their business started to fail and to add	
their misery, Zoë ended " marrying the guy from	
the Vodafone shop. Ben and Neil never made 12	
They lost their money and they lost the girl.	

#### Verb + preposition

4	<b>EXTENSION</b>	Complete the sentences with one of the
	prepositions	from the box.

	in	for (x2) of (x2) on (x3) with to
1	A	Do you believe ghosts?
	В	Of course not! I'm not frightened anything what's that noise?!
2	A	We fell in love this house as soon as we saw
	В	I'm not surprised. I've always dreamed having a kitchen as big as this.
3	A	How did the architect reactyour ideas?
	В	He said they were possible. He's working th plans now.
1	A	Excuse me, we didn't ask salad with our pizz
	В	It comes free with every pizza. You don't have to p it.

5 A I really like Martin. You can always rely \_\_\_\_\_ him to help with a problem.

B I know, he insisted \_\_\_\_\_giving me a lift home when I missed the last bus.

# **Everyday English**

#### **Expressing attitude**

1 Read the conversation quickly. Who are the people talking about? Why?

## 'Have you heard?'

- A Have you heard about Sam?
- B No, I haven't.
- A Well, I haven't spoken to him myself, but 'actually / apparently he was caught cheating in his maths exam.
- B \*Fortunately / No kidding! I just don't believe it! Does he have a problem with maths?
- A No. <sup>3</sup> Actually / Really, maths is his best subject. He's brilliant at maths.
- B \*Certainly. / Really? I didn't know that. So why would he cheat? He \*clearly / hopefully doesn't need to.
- A "Exactly / Utterly. And "anyway / unfortunately, Sam's not the type to cheat. He would never do such a thing.
- **B** He must be very upset. \* Generally / Presumably he's going to complain.
- A Yes, he's seeing the principal this afternoon. \*Luckily / Obviously, he's going to deny it completely.
- **B** Well, "hopefully / naturally, the principal will believe him. Let me know what happens.
- A I will. 11 Absolutely / Personally, I think he'll be OK.
- B I hope you're right. Cheers. See you later.
- A Yeah. Fingers crossed for Sam.
- 2 Read it again and <u>underline</u> the word that expresses the attitude of the speaker.

10.4 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

#### **REVIEW**

1 Read about Barry and Molly. Where did they meet? How does the story end?



# Love's ups and downs!

It was a Friday evening and Barry Evans had just been stood 1
by a girl he had arranged to meet via the dating website 'eMatch'. So instead of a romantic evening 2 out in a nice restaurant, Barry heade
to his local Tesco supermarket to buy a bottle of wine and a frozen pizza.
'The girl 3 have found someone better-looking on the
website, said Barry.
He waited at the checkout and smiled at the girl serving. She
4tired – it had been a long day.
'Can I help you with your packing?' she asked automatically.
'Do I look 5 a useless single guy who can't pack two items?'
Barry asked.
'Single? How come?' she asked.
'6, I'm divorced. She left me.'
'Really? She must ' crazy! That's £9.55, please. Have you got
a loyalty card?'
Later, in the car park, Barry was 8 to start his car, but the
conversation with the checkout girl kept going round in his head. He
wondered if she *have been trying to tell him something.
He wrote 'CALL ME!' and his phone number on a scrap of paper, ran back
and left it on her counter. 'I had to 10out if she was at all
11 on me.'
The girl, Molly, called him that evening, and they met the next evening in
a quiet pub. They discovered that they had a lot in 12 She
was also divorced. She and her ex-husband had tried to work something
13, but had not managed to 14 up. Barry and
Molly started dating and now, one year later, are 15up for
their wedding. They are determined to make this marriage work.

2 Read the text again and complete the gaps 1-15 with the correct word 1-15 from below.

1	down	up	on	9	could	can't	must
2	going	working	eating	10	work	make	find
3	can	may	would	11	interested	keen	attracted
4	looked	spoke	worked	12	similar	future	common
5	like	as	after	13	out	through	on
6	Naturally	Personally	Actually	14	do	make	take
7	be	have	look	15	saving	looking	being
Q	want	about	able	1000			

Go online to Check your progress.

# Back in the real world

- Noun phrases
- Articles, possessives, pronouns
- Compound nouns, count and uncount nouns
- Phrasal verbs + noun (2)
- I need one of those things (...)

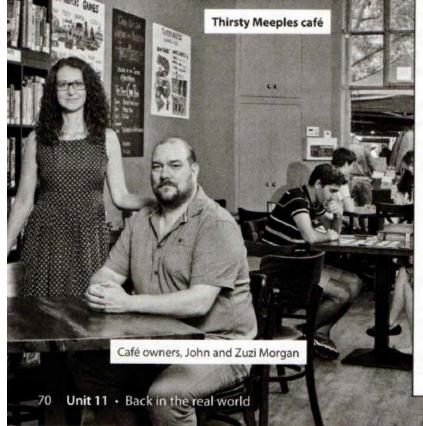
## Grammar

#### **Noun phrases**

#### What's in a noun phrase?

- 1 Thirsty Meeples is an unusual café, in Oxford, UK. People come to its tables for more than food and drink. Complete the text about the café using noun phrases a-o.
  - a her Belgian husband
  - b all of the players win
  - c all our smartphones
  - d with each other
  - e **a** bright Thursday morning
  - f the most successful
  - g everyone in the café
  - h the café's owners

- i in the desert
- j every culture in the world
- k a burning building
- I describes itself
- m all over the UK
- n tabletop games
- the original social network



# BACK TO BOARD GAMES

It's 'e, and the <b>Thirsty Meeples</b> ' café in Oxford is nearly full. The 'waiter', Gareth, offers recommendations to '.
First, he suggests Forbidden Desert. But it's not a drink. 'You have all crash-landed 'a, where you are searching for a lost civilization,' he explains. 'Or,' he says, 'how about fighting fires?' He recommends Flash Point, in which you rescue people from 'a. Players work as a team, and if they pull enough people from the fire, 'a. But, if a certain number of people are lost to the fire, everyone loses.
Thirsty Meeples [ as 'Oxford's first and only board-game café', though others are now appearing [ . So what has brought all these people here to play board games? Eveline, a Dutch academic who is playing a game with [ , Roger, thinks she has the answer. I would say it's [ .'
It might seem surprising that board games are booming in the age of digital games, but there is a connection – it's the digital games on <sup>10</sup> that have made more people interested in playing games.
l ask ", John and Zuzi Morgan, why they think " have become so popular? 'There's so much technology,' Zuzi says. 'Everybody's busy and you want to bring people back together in a way that's not just staring at screens. It's a natural thing in people. We are supposed to be together and communicating " Gaming has always had a social function, and in " , games have given families the opportunity to play together.
Direct interaction is also important to Matt Leacock, one of 15 designers of tabletop games. You connect with people across the table, he
says. 'It's a very human thing. And you need to handle the physical components.'
'a 'meeple' is the piece on a board game that represents each player

#### Indefinite article: a / an

#### Saying what something or somebody is

2 Write what these things or people are / were.



1	a Mini Cooper is a car.	
2	BMWs and Toyotas are cars.	
3	a Budweiser	
4	Guinness and Carlsberg	
5	a Boeing 747	
6	Airbus 380s and Lockheed jets	
7	Einstein	
8	Marie Curie and Fleming	
9	Van Gogh	
10	Picasso and Rembrandt	

1 One of my daughters is <u>an</u> actress. The other

#### 3 Complete the gaps with a or an.

	is at	university in An	nerica. Snes
		undergraduate.	
	I'm optimist.	optimist,	incurable
3		terrible memo	
4		interesting per hour yesterd	
5	CALL TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	child, I was afraid Alsatian.	l of dogs. I was
		highly educate	

11.1 Listen, check and repeat. Notice the word linking after an: an actress

#### Definite article: the

**4** Complete the sentences with words from the boxes.

	the future the sky the beach the the government the country the m the environment	
1	We need to protectmuch pollution.	from so
2	I used to live inthe city.	. Now I live in
3	Look at all the stars in	1 3
	No-one can see into what will happen.	
5	I love taking my kids to build sandcastles and play cricket.	
6	You can do some great climbing in around here.	
	She's a civil servant. She works for	
8	People talk aboutclimate is so unpredictable.	_ because our
	the post office the door the salt the garden the radio the bathroom  Mr Jackson – you can see  I don't watch TV much. I love listening	the cinema now.
	Close, will you!	
12	I go to once a w	reek. I love
	Let's sit in It's s day!	uch a lovely
	I'm going to Shelters?	nall I post your
15	Sally's in She's l shower.	
16	Could you pass me	, please?
	the most delicious the best student the same the first	
17	Pablo is in the c	lass.
18	I'll have pizza a and tomato.	s you - cheese
19	This is time I've	driven on the
20		eam I've ever

#### No article

#### Things in general

5 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	В
1 Bees 2 Fruit 3 Dogs 4 Oil 5 Apples 6 Money	a is full of vitamins. b doesn't always make you happy. c grow on trees. d are easier to train than cats. e make honey. f is used to make petrol.

6 Complete the sentences with a game or academic subject.

	History poker Biology <del>Physics</del> chess volleyball
1	Tommy is studying <i>Physics</i> at university. He loves science.
2	played on a black and white board.
3	I love reading about, especially the ancient Greeks and Romans.
4	I enjoy tennis, but I prefer team games like
5	I used to play, but I lost too much money!
6	You need to be good at if you want to be a vet.

- 7 Choose the correct noun in these English proverbs.
  - 1 Love / Beauty is only skin deep.
  - 2 Business / Practice before pleasure.
  - 3 Love / Truth is stranger than fiction.
  - 4 Truth / Home is where the heart is.
  - 5 Crime / Pride doesn't pay.
  - 6 Laughter / Time flies.
  - 7 Love / Laughter is the best medicine.
  - 8 Practice / Beauty makes perfect.
  - 9 Truth / Pride comes before a fall.
  - 10 Love / Pride is blind.

11.2 Listen and check.

#### Article or no article?

8 Complete the sentences with the or nothing (-).

E	veryday places	10		P
2	I go to <u>school</u> at 8.00. <u>The</u> so My dad's at <u>work.</u> He at <u>local</u> college.	And the second of the second o	The second secon	-
	I'm going home nov I'll be back in office t	tomorrow.		
	Good night, I'm going to already.	bed now. Ja	nes in	bed
	My brother's studying University. My sister's at			er
PI	lace names	_1 7	F 7200	1
	We're staying at She We can see River Tha	ames,		
8	Big Ben from our roo We were going to eat in		at it's closed do	WD.
9	We're planning to visit Museum, and Hyde	London Zoo, _		
	Last year we had a holiday in _ people from United Middle East.			
M	leals	10	d	
11	What did you have for	_ lunch?		i e
	What time shall we have			
	A Where shall we have			
	B Let's go to Central Deli again yesterday was the best!	) brea	kfast we had th	nere
Tro	ansport	فستق	-	+
	I usually go to work by late, so I missed my meeting.	_ bus. This morn	ing	bus was
	I go everywhere byt most comfortable way to travel,			SCOTT TO STATE OF THE STATE OF
No	ationalities		1 4	
			and food and	uland
16 _	French love food and	wine, but only his	enich lood and v	vinei
	French love food and Italian people have g	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	ench lood and v	vine
17 <sub>-</sub>		reat style. y class love discus		vine

#### **Possessives**

#### my and mine

9 Complete the chart.

Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun
my	mine
your	- Maria
his	
her	
its	its
	ours
their	

10	Complete the sentences with a possessive
	adjective or a possessive pronoun.

1	Pat and Peter's house	
	bigger garden than _	
2	Sue, could I use has rur	phone? n out of charge.
3	My sister is always ta clothes without askir if I took understand that wha	ng me. She'd be furious ! I wish she'd
	and what's hers is	
4	This is Mike. He's an	old friend of ere at school together.
	Tim brews Katie makes	own beer, and own clothes.

#### Apostrophe's and s'

6 Bombay changed

Mumbai in 1995.

- 11 Write apostrophes in the correct places.
  - 1 This is Jack s brother, Tommy.
  - 2 What is your mothers maiden name?
  - 3 The company has raised all of its employees salaries.
  - 4 Childrens clothes are so expensive!
  - 5 Bill and Sues new flat is lovely!
  - 6 Our neighbours dog is always barking.
  - 7 Mr Jones dog is very friendly.
  - 8 What did you think of yesterdays meeting?
  - 9 I'm having two weeks holiday soon.
  - 10 Here is tomorrows weather.

#### all and every

- 12 Write the word all in the correct place in the sentences.
  - 1 In my family we like football.
  - 2 I've spent day on my computer.
  - 3 I've done the housework.
  - 4 Pedro's invited the class to his house of us!
  - 5 I need for breakfast is a coffee.
  - 6 I've wanted to play the piano my life.
  - 7 I like kinds of music, from classical to rock.
- 13 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

	all (x3) everything every (x4) everyone everywhere
1	The police searchedroom, and they even looked in the garden. They looked
2	There's nothing wrong with your car it needs is some petrol!
3	It was a great party had a wonderful time and the food was eaten.
4	Me and my twin sister often wear each other's clothes – we share!
5	I believe word he says.
6	The baby's been waking up hour or so.
7	Playing a musical instrument well is about practice.

game they

#### **Pronouns**

#### myself / each other

8 My team lost

played last month.

14 Match the lines in, A and B to make sentences.

A	В
1 I shaved in a hurry this morning and 2 The way you drive, you'll 3 My mother and I 4 Have a great holiday you two! I'm sure you'll 5 How long have you two 6 My twin girls 7 Selfish people only 8 I behaved very badly. I	known each other? enjoy yourselves in France. phone each other every day. care about themselves. feel ashamed of myself. cut myself. play very nicely with each other. kill yourself one day.

# Vocabulary

# Compound nouns

1 Complete the compound nouns with words from the box.

	lights wrapping head agent card quarters warden sets
1	Newspapers have dramaticlines to make you read the stories.
2	You get amazing sun on Santorini every evening.
3	Get in touch – my email address is on the business I gave you.
4	The police stopped my car last night – one of my head isn't working.
5	You can't park here. And look, there's a traffic standing over there!
6	The bank has branches all over Europe, but its head are in Frankfurt.
7	We didn't use an estate to sell our house – we did it ourselves online.
8	Where's the present for Chloe? And have we got any nice paper?

# Count and uncount nouns

2 EXTENSION Match a count noun in A with an uncount noun in B.

A cou	int (C)	B uncount (U)		
1 [	a suitcase	a accommodation		
2	a table	b luggage		
3	ajob	c trouble		
4	a suggestion	d information		
5	an apple	e travel		
6	a journey	f music		
7	a problem	g work		
8	a house	h fruit		
9	a fact	i advice		
10	a song	j furniture		

- 3 Choose the correct words.
  - 1 Travel / Journey is a wonderful thing, as long as you don't have too much suitcase / luggage.
  - 2 I found a work / job in London quite quickly, but I had a big problem / trouble finding an accommodation / a house that we could afford.
  - 3 Would you like an apple / a fruit in your lunch box?
  - 4 I'll give you some *suggestion | advice* don't buy a cheap dining room *furniture | table*. It's worth paying more for quality.
  - 5 It's an interesting fact / information that none of the Beatles could read or write music / song.

## Phrasal verbs

Phrasal verbs + noun (2)

4 EXTENSION Match the phrasal verbs in A with the nouns in B.

A	В
1 back up	a a new flat
2 run out of	b the files on your computer
3 hand in	c milk
4 move into	d your homework
5 make up	e a story

- 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the phrasal verbs from exercise 4.
  - 1 I'm sorry, I've <u>run out of</u> coffee. Would you like a cup of tea?
  - 2 When are you \_\_\_\_\_\_ your new house?
  - 3 Time's up! Please \_\_\_\_\_\_ your exam papers.
  - 4 I'm glad I'd \_\_\_\_\_ all my documents before my computer died!
  - 5 I \_\_\_\_\_\_ an excuse for missing the first day of the conference.
- 6 Match the phrasal verbs in A with their meanings in B. Which is more formal, A or B?

A	В
1 sort out	disappoint
2 get over	cancel
3 let down	discover
4 find out	solve
5 call off	recover from

- 7 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the phrasal verbs from exercise 6.
  - 1 It takes a long time to \_\_\_\_\_\_ such a serious illness, but you'll feel better in a week or two.
  - 2 What if the teacher \_\_\_\_\_ that you copied the homework from me?

  - 4 They had to \_\_\_\_\_ the football match because of the snow.

Go online for more skills and	language	practice.
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# **Everyday English**

I need one of those things

-	ope	ning	stuff	take	like	kind	made	use
1		u use		о	_ ver	y hot t	hings ou	t of
2						they're sian foo	o	f woo
3		ve yo		ne of t	hose	things f	for	_ bott
4			_ a sm			cket, m	ade of p	lastic.
5						whe	n you w	ant to
6	In	eed th	5512 CO.	a m	an p	uts on h	nis face b	efore
W	hic	h sen	tence in	n exerc	ise 1	describ	es these	things
A	3	a co	rkscre	w	D [	chop	sticks	
В		pap	er clips		E	shavi	ing gel /	foam
C		ove	n glove	es	F [	a fly	swatter	
						core. Il m		The state of
					2000		ording	
Ξ	XTEN	ISION	Read	the pa	irs of	f lines in	n 1-6. W	Vhich
			l you h				THEFT I'M	
_	_		73				in a	
_	] in	the s	treet		on a t	rain	on a	plane
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						eaking to Lone	Welcon don.	ne [
2				-		this nex		
							sorry, lef	
							etres, yo	u
,			rrive a					L
)						-	t coming	3.
			vehicle		-			L
4							ant to u	
						September 1 and 1 to 1	i're renti	ng.
		platfo	rm!			e train		
5	D	Ticke	ets for a	nyone	boar	ding at	Bristol!	
5	D	01	Visiting T	think I	've or	ot the w	rong flo	or.
		Oh, s	orry, 1	unik i	9	2000		
	A						and Cafe	S

1) 11.3 Listen and check.

**REVIEW** 

Read the article about why satnays for Australia needed changing, and choose the correct answers.

# MIND THE GAP BETWEEN THE **REAL AND THE DIGITAL WORLD!**



Continental plates

We know that 'satnays / sat nays can sometimes get things wrong (2 mine / my often does!), but once they've been programmed with the correct coordinates\* for a place, using the accurate latitude and longitude, you'd expect that to be the end of 3a / the problem. Not so!

In the real world, things don't always stay \*the / - same, and in 2017, Australia had to change sits / it's latitude and longitude by 1.8m. That's because 'all / every the continents of the world are continually moving, as the continental plates they are on float towards and away from 'themselves / each other.

The Australian Plate is one of "the / - fastest moving ones, and although updates were made to °a / the most popular navigation systems such as Google or Apple Maps in 1994, by 2017 the continent of Australia was about 1.5m further north-east than it was on "every / all global digital map.

Now, that might not seem worth worrying about, but more and more of "our / their technology relies on very detailed navigation information. Self-driving cars are 12 one / the example, and it could be quite "the / a big problem if a car decides to stop 1.5m after the 'traffic / stop lights, or tries to 15 take / make the exit from the 16 motor way / motorway too early!

17 A / The correction of 1.8m made to Australia's coordinates in 2017 meant that things would keep working until the 2020s. It's hoped that this will be 18 a / the last update needed, as scientists are planning to move to systems that will be able to correct 19 themselves / each other in future.

\*coordinates: the latitude and longitude of a place on the Earth. For example, the coordinates for London are latitude 51°30 North, longitude 0°07 West.

Go online to Check your progress.

# Living the dream

- · Reported speech and indirect questions
- Vocabulary 'talking' verbs
- Phrasal verbs in situations (2)
- Talking in clichés

# Grammar Reported speech

# The holiday from hell!

1 Carly and Damian planned a dream honeymoon in the Bahamas, but it all went so wrong. Read what Carly wrote in her diary. Then complete the actual words of their conversation.

12	
Sunday	my diary
SEPTEMBER	***************************************

# Home at last!

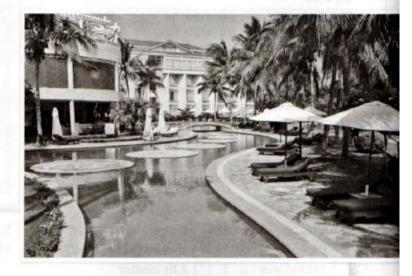
Damian and I had our first big row last night - all about our honeymoon - of course.

He told me that it was my fault that we'd gone to the Bahamas, and that the honeymoon had cost a fortune and it had been the worst holiday he'd ever had.

I insisted that there was nothing wrong with the Bahamas, it was all the travel agent's fault. Their brochure had promised a luxurious hotel and it had all been lies. I told him that he couldn't blame me.

Damian apologized and said that he knew that it hadn't been my fault. He said that he wouldn't email the agent, but he would speak to him in person and complain.

I told him to ask for our money back or another holiday. Let's see what happens tomorrow!!



# Their conversation

It's your fault that 11	we went to th	ne Bahamas. The
honeymoon 2		a fortune and it
3 1	the worst hol	liday
14	or or madager l	
There 5	nothing	6
with the Bahamas. It	's all the trave	el agent's
7	heir brochure	. 8
a luxurious hotel and	d it 9	all lies.
You 10	me.	
I'm 11	.   12	ra barron set set
	your fault. 1 1	Carried Market
email the agent. I 15_	(Marchaeller)	to him in
person.		entre de la compans
You have to 16		for our money back
	honeymoon 2	the worst hole  the worst hole

12.1 Listen and check.

# 'But you said ...'

2 Read the holiday brochure and complete Damian's complaints to the travel agent.



## Paradise Island, Bahamas

#### Luxurious Five-Star Hotel

 It has recently been refurbished and decorated.

#### Location

- The hotel is twenty minutes from the airport.
- There are beautiful tropical gardens which lead down to the beach.
- Two miles of peaceful, white sandy beaches.

#### Dining

 You can eat the fresh local seafood at one of our six restaurants – cuisine ranges from Bahamian to exotic Asian and classic French and Italian.

#### **Facilities**

- Your room will have a marble bathroom and a large balcony with stunning ocean views.
- There are three swimming pools and three tennis courts.
- You can relax in the spa or on the beach, where you will be served by a personal butler, who will look after your every need.
- You'll be swimming with dolphins or scuba diving in Thunderball Grotto (used in James Bond films).

TA:	Good morning, Mr Jones. How was your holiday?
D:	It was a disaster! The information in your brochure and online was just a pack of lies.
TA:	Oh dear! What went wrong?
D:	Everything! First of all, why did your brochure say that the hotel  1 was only twenty minutes from the airport? It took two hours!  And it said that the hotel 2 recently refurbished – not true – the hotel was a building site! You told us there  3 beautiful tropical gardens. Where? There was just one
	sad-looking palm tree and no miles of white sand.
TA:	What about your room?
D:	Ah, our room! The brochure said it 4 a large balcony with ocean views. We had a view of a bulldozer and our bathroom was filthy. And we thought we 5 and looked after by a personal butler – where was he? We never saw him.
TA:	And the activities?
D:	Huh! You told us that we <sup>6</sup> with the dolphins, but the boat was broken – no boat, no dolphins, no scuba diving. And the food! You said we <sup>7</sup> the fresh local seafood, but Carly, my wife, got food poisoning. She told me to <sup>8</sup> for our money back.

## Reported statements

- 3 Report the direct speech.
  - 1 'I'll miss you very much,' he said to her. He told her (that) he would miss her very much.
  - 2 'I'm going to Berlin soon.' She said
  - 3 'I can't help you because I have too much to do.'
    She explained that
  - 4 'Daniel has bought the tickets.' I was told
  - 5 'I think it's a stupid idea, and it won't work.'
    She thought
  - 6 'The banks are closed on Saturdays.' The tour guide informed us that \_\_\_\_\_
  - 7 'We had terrible weather on holiday.'
    He complained that \_\_\_\_\_
  - 8 'We've never been to Brazil,' they said to me.
    They told me
  - 9 'But we want to go some day,' they said.
    They added that

# Reported questions

- 4 Report the questions.
  - 1 'What are you doing?'
    She asked me what I was doing
  - 2 'Do you want to go out for a walk?' She asked me if \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3 'Why are you crying?'
    He wondered
  - 4 'Can I borrow your car?'
    He asked me
  - 5 'Where have you come from?'
    The customs officer inquired\_
  - 6 'How long are you going to be at the gym?'
    She wanted to know
  - 7 'Did you buy any milk?'
    He wondered
  - 8 'Will you be back early?'
    She asked us
  - 9 'How much does it cost to fly to New York?'
    She wanted to know \_\_\_\_\_

TA: I'm so sorry, Mr Jones. Let me see what I can do.

# Reporting statements and commands

# ask and tell

Ask can be used to report questions.
Tell can be used to report statements.

- 1 Questions: He asked me where I lived. She asked me if I wanted a lift.
- 2 Statements: She told him (that) she was leaving. He told me (that) she had left.

Both ask and tell can be used to report commands.

3 Commands: He asked me to help him. She told them to leave quietly.

Notice the negative command.

They asked me not to tell anyone. I told him not to text while driving.

- 5 Rewrite the sentences in reported speech using ask or tell.
  - 1 'Leave me alone!' she said to him.

She told him to leave her alone.

- 2 'Please don't go,' he asked her.
- 3 'I'm going to bed now,' he said to Debra.
- 4 'How much do you earn, Dad?' asked Jeremy.
- 5 'Turn to page 34,' the teacher said to the class.
- 6 'Can you call back later, Miss Fulton?' asked the secretary.
- 7 'You did very well in the test,' said the teacher to the class.
- 8 'Don't run across the road!' the police officer told the children.
- 9 'Are you going to the concert?' Pam asked Roy.
- 10 'It's time to get up!' Harry said to his daughters.

## Reporting a conversation

8 Finally, he wondered

6 Lisa Allan needs a bank loan. Read the interview and complete the bank manager's questions to her.

C	etting a bank loan				
u	etting a bank iban				
ВМ	Good morning, Mrs Allan. Now, you want to borrow some money.  1 How much do you want to borrow ?				
LA	Five thousand pounds.				
BM	And 2?				
LA	Because we need to buy a new car.				
ВМ	I see. Could you give me some personal details? 3 for a living?				
LA	I work for a large pharmaceutical company.				
ВМ	I see. 4?				
LA	Forty thousand pounds a year.				
ВМ	And 5?				
LA	Yes, I am. I've been married for five years.				
вм	6? Yes, we have two; two boys.				
LA					
ВМ	Fine. And you own your house, don't you?				
	7				
LA	We've lived there for three years.				
ВМ	OK, good. And finally, s?				
LA	We'd like it as soon as possible, actually.				
ВМ	Well, as you know, times are hard at the moment, but let me see what we can do.				
12	3 Listen and check.				
Lisa i mana	is telling her husband about the conversation with the bank ager. Complete how she reports his questions.				
	rst, he asked me how much I wanted to borrow				
2 Aı	nd he wanted to know				
3 Th	nen he asked me				
4 Aı	nd I had to tell him				
5 He	e wondered				
6 Ar	nd for some reason, he wanted to know				
7 Th	nen he asked me				

# **Indirect questions**

wh- and yes / no questions

8 Complete the questions in the quiz with what, when, who, whose or the correct form of do, be, and have.

# GENERAL KNOWLEDGE What does a 'funambulist' do? Is Shanghai the biggest city in the world? was the first man in space? 3 John F. Kennedy the youngest American president? 5 did the Titanic sink? identical twins have the 6 same fingerprints? 7 nose grew longer when he told a lie? dinosaurs lav eggs?

**9** Try to answer the questions. If you can't answer them, use these phrases.

	I'm not sure if I don't know if I've no idea if I can't remember
ı	I've no idea what a 'funambulist' does
2	gu eb
3	
;	The Late of the La
5	and the second second
7	tion is the state of the state
8	The state of the s

€ Extra material p95 Check the answers to the quiz.

	The State of the S					
-1	don	14 1	2014	exach	APA	
- 1	aon	LK	IOW	VVI	EIE	

- 10 Complete the sentences.
  - 1 A Where does Frank live?
    - B I'm afraid I don't know where he lives.
    - 2 A What mark did Thomas get in the test?
    - B I haven't a clue
    - 3 A Where have I put my keys?
      - B You're always forgetting \_
    - 4 A Why did Daniel leave early?
    - B He didn't tell me
    - 5 A Whose coat is this?
      - B I've no idea
    - 6 A Did you send Vanessa an invitation?
      - B I can't remember \_\_\_\_\_ or not

# Vocabulary

speak, talk, say or tell?

1									74
1	,,,,	P.T.	9292	123	_		P)	C 27.7	IP
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		نڌ ايڪ	tion to	-aa	-	•	to and	September 1	

- 1 In British English, we usually use the preposition to with the verbs speak and talk. American English prefers with.
  - Can I speak to you for a minute?
    Come and talk to me when you're free.
- 2 Talk usually suggests having a conversation.
  - Let's go somewhere quiet where we can all talk. We stayed up all night talking.
- 3 Speak suggests something more formal or serious.

I have a complaint. I want to **speak** to the manager. Professor Katz is going to **speak** at the conference.

4 Speak can also refer to just the act of producing words.

I've lost my voice. I can't speak.

- 1 EXTENSION Complete the sentences with *speak*, *talk*, *say*, or *tell* in the correct form.
  - 1 I can't hear myself \_\_\_\_\_ in this restaurant. The music's too loud.
  - 2 Call me and me how you got on in the exam.
  - 3 \_\_\_\_ up, I can't hear what you are \_\_\_\_.
  - 4 We don't meet often, but when we do, we always have a lot to \_\_\_\_\_ about.
  - 5 Don't believe a word he \_\_\_\_\_, he always \_\_\_\_\_ lies.
  - 6 You're always \_\_\_\_ me what to do. Let me decide.
  - 7 It's always best to \_\_\_\_\_ to someone about it if you have a problem.
  - 8 The lawyer \_\_\_\_\_ very well on behalf of his client and won the case.

# 'Talking' verbs + infinitive

2 Rewrite the sentences in reported speech using the verbs from the box.

persuade order offer advise promise invite beg remind

1 'If I were you, I'd go to A&E (Accident and Emergency) with a cut like that,' he said to me.

He advised me to go to A&E.

2 'I'll give you a lift to the airport,' said Max.

3 'I won't tell anyone your secret,' said Sue to Greta.

4 'Don't forget to buy some milk,' my wife said to me.

5 'Come and have dinner with us,' Marta said to Paul.

6 'You must pay a fine of two hundred pounds,' the judge said to Jim Fox.

7 'Buy the black shoes, not the brown ones,' Flora said. 'They're much, much nicer.' 'OK,' said Emily.

8 'Please, please don't tell my father,' she said to me.

# 'Talking' verbs + -ing or that

3 Rewrite the sentences in reported speech using the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

1 'It's such a lovely day. Shall we eat outside?' said Hannah. (suggest)

Hannah suggested eating outside.

2 'I think you should go to bed,' the doctor said to Ken. (suggest that)

3 'I didn't do the homework because I was ill,' said Lucia. (explain)

4 'Yes, it was me. I broke your camera,' said Harry. (admit)

5 'I didn't pull her hair,' said Timmy. (deny)

6 'Excuse me! There's a fly in my salad,' said Patrick. (complain)

## Phrasal verbs

## Phrasal verbs in situations (2)

4 EXTENSION Complete the conversations with a phrasal verb in the correct form. The definition in brackets will help you.

1 A break-in	
<del>break into</del> turn up get by get away go off	
A Someone broke in	to (enter by force) my flat last night.
B Oh, no! What was	

(escape) with much?

A The TV, my iPhone, and my laptop. I don't know how I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_\_ (manage) without my phone.

B Did anyone see or hear anything?

A The alarm \_\_\_\_\_ (start ringing), but that didn't stop them.

B Did you call the police?

A Yes. They \_\_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) about an hour later, but there was nothing really they could do.

2	At wo	ork
ta	keon	get on

take on get on get down end up



A How's your job these days?

B To be honest, it's \_\_\_\_\_ me \_\_\_\_ (making me unhappy). I'm overworked. James left a few weeks ago, and I've \_\_\_\_\_ (found myself in an unplanned situation) doing his job as well as mine.

A Don't you need more people?

We \_\_\_\_\_ (employ) more staff last month, but they're new. We'll just have to see how they \_\_\_\_\_ (progress).

_	_		A CONTRACTOR
₹.	Δ	DOW	home

pop in do up settle into look forward to



A Are you \_\_\_\_\_ (becoming used to living in) your new flat?

B Yes. You must \_\_\_\_\_\_ (come for a short time) for a coffee and a chat soon.

A I'd love to. Is there a lot to do to it?

B Oh, yes. We're \_\_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_ (decorating and repairing) room by room, so it's a bit of a mess. I'm \_\_\_\_\_\_ (will be really happy) when it's all finished!

A Be patient! You'll get there.

12.4 Listen and check.

# **Everyday English**

# Talking in clichés

Complete the clichés in these conversations with one of the words from the box.

born day feet home mile world roof sorry minds mud

- A I was promoted after just one week in the job.
  - B I can't believe that. I wasn't \_\_\_\_\_\_
    yesterday.
- 2 A You've brought a mac, an umbrella and boots! Clearly, you don't trust the weather forecast.
  - B You know me, better safe than
- 3 A He has good ideas, but sometimes he just gets carried away.
  - B Good job he's got you to help him keep both on the ground.
- 4 A I'm exhausted. We haven't stopped since this morning.
  - B Yeah, let's call it a \_\_\_\_\_ and go to bed.
- 5 A Hi, everyone. I've brought some cakes for the meeting to keep us going.
  - B Me too! I just bought these cupcakes in the café! Great \_\_\_\_\_ think alike!
- 6 A I only got a C in my maths A-level exam and I wanted an A!
  - B Look, it's not the end of the \_\_\_\_\_\_You'll still get into university.
- 7 A I bet your dad was mad when you got home so late.
  - B I'll say he was. He went through the
- 8 A I like my boss. He gives credit for good work.
  - B Yes, a boss like that always makes you want to go that extra \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9 A I hear you met Jenny's latest 'wonderful' boyfriend. What's he like?
  - B Mmmm he's OK, but nothing to write \_\_\_\_\_about.
- 10 A Well, my head's swimming. I didn't understand a word of that lecture.
  - B You can say that again. It was as clear as

12.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

# **REVIEW**

1 Mrs Finch meets Dr Forster on her way to the village shop. Read their conversation and <u>underline</u> the correct words.

# Meeting in the village

- Dr Good morning, Mrs Finch!
- MF Good morning, Doctor!
- Dr I hear that Mr Finch had a fall. Can you 1 say / tell me 2 how is he / how he is?
- MF Oh, he's a lot better, Doctor.
- Dr Oh good! But I can't remember exactly how <sup>3</sup> did it happen / it happened. Can you <sup>4</sup>recall / remind me?
- MF Oh, Doctor, he fell off a ladder when he was repairing his shed. I said / told him not to do it, because he's not becoming / getting any younger, but he never listens to me.
- Dr I'm not sure exactly how old 7 is he? / he is.
- MF He's in his late eighties, Doctor, 87!
- **Dr** Good heavens! Perhaps I can help. Do you want me to <sup>a</sup> pop in / turn up and have a <sup>9</sup> speak / word with him. Perhaps I can <sup>10</sup> suggest / persuade him to do less.
- MF That would be great, Doctor. I'd be very grateful.
- Dr | I know where 11 do you live / you live. I'll see you this evening.

### 12.6 Listen and check.

2 Now read Dr Forster's report of the conversation with Mrs Finch. Choose the correct words to complete it.

# **Doctor Forster's report**

I met Mrs Finch on her way to the shops, so we stopped and hatted / had a word for a while.

I knew Mr Finch had had a fall, so I 2 inquired / said how he was.

Mrs Finch \*\*replied / told that he was much better and she \*\*explained / told me how the accident had happened when he had been mending the roof on his shed.

Mrs Finch \*complained / gossiped that Mr Finch was an impossible man because he \*promised / refused to follow her advice and take things easy.

She added that he often <sup>7</sup> argued / ended up feeling ill and exhausted at the end of the day.

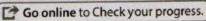
I \* asked / offered Mrs Finch if I could help the situation.

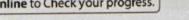
Mrs Finch was delighted and so I \* invited / offered to call to see

Mr Finch and try to \* persuade / order him to do less at his age.

Mr Finch is in his eighties, so I <sup>11</sup> promised / said not to <sup>12</sup> say / speak anything to upset him.

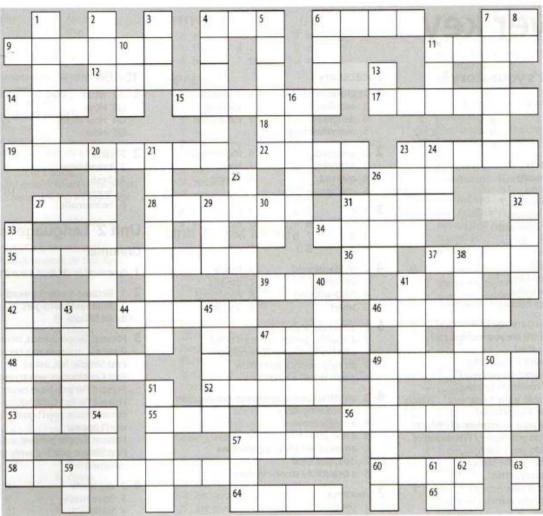
Mrs Finch <sup>13</sup> begged / thanked me very much and I <sup>14</sup> arranged / said to visit them the next day.





# Stop and check Units 9-12

1 Complete the sentences 1–15 with the correct word from below.	<b>2</b> Use the clues to complete the crossword.
1 I eat that if I were you. It's past its sell-by	ACROSS
date.	
couldn't shouldn't wouldn't	4 To get around the city, visitors can rent a bike or hire a(3)
2 She marry him if she didn't love him.	6 I needed to borrow £5,000, so I got a from the
couldn't mightn't wouldn't	bank. (4)
	7 A colander has holes in it the water can drain out
3 I told him that I didn't know where Betina	(2)
•	9 They say that is only skin deep. (6)
is has been was	11 The cake's ready to take out – where are the
4 If you helped me, I'd never have passed.	gloves? (4)
had hadn't wouldn't have	12 'When did Nelson Mandela?"In 2013.'(3)
5 I think that girl with Malik his new	14 Hope it's a great concert! Have! (3)
girlfriend.	15 You're a success! But you must keep both feet on the now. (6)
can be must be should be	17 Martin's kind – he always to help. (6)
6 I don't know why he's looking miserable. He	18 Sorry, I'veidea what time it is. (2)
had some bad news.	19 The newspaper said 'STORMS ON THE WAY', but
can't have may have will have	they never came. (8)
7 Melissa was only student who got 100%	22 Mmm! Spaghetti carbonara – my favourite! (4)
in the exam.	23 My dad out all my money problems for me – he's an accountant! (5)
an one the	26 If it's too big, I bring it back and exchange it? (3)
	27 My lawyer spoke well and we the case easily. (3)
8 The dog's lost collar.	28 I gave you £10 – you've given me the wrong (6)
it's its their	31 Gina and I get on well. We a lot in common. (4)
9 The police informed Erika that they the	34 Can I give you advice? (4)
thief.	35 It's raining, it will stop soon and we can go out. (
did catch had caught would catch	36 I'll try and help. Let see what I can do. (2)
10 We didn't know what timetoday.	37 I never borrow money – I hate being in (4)
did you arrive were you arriving you were arriving	39 Talways prepare for the worst. Better than sorry.
11 You Hannah's daughter. You look just	(4)
like her.	42 Can I by credit card? (3)
	44 It's good to be back. Home is where the is! (5)
can't be must be might be	46 Steve doesn't own his apartment – he it. (5)
12 You your driving test again. I don't	47 I need a paper to hold these sheets of paper
believe it!	together. (4)
can't have failed can't have passed must have passed	48 See you soon, I hope! I'll be in by email. (5) 49 If anyone into your house, this alarm will contact
13 I'm not sure where	the police. (6)
do they live they do live they live	52 is a board game with pieces that include kings an
14 I just heard a car but it Marcus - he said	queens. (5)
he was coming on his bike.	53 Sorry, we don't accept cards – you'll have to pay in
can't be mustn't be could have been	(4)
A SECTION AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY O	55 Hope the interview goes well me know how you
15 If anyone you, you'd be in deep trouble.	get on. (3)
had seen would see would have seen	56 He never listens to anything I say. He just me. (6)
The state of the s	57 'To get over' something means to recover'it. (4)
	58 It's easy to hurt Lydia's feelings – she's very (9)
SCORE 15	60 At the roundabout, take the second(4)
	64 How long have you two known other? (4)



D	OWN
1	
	is(6)
2	I'm afraid your explanation was as clear as(3)
3	! See you later! (3)
4	Do you commission for changing money? (6)
5	It's broken. Take it back to the shop and ask for a (6)
6	Could you me your bike for ten minutes? (4)
7	I can keep a I won't tell anyone. (6)
8	I never buy things credit – I save up for them. (2)
10	The waiter was nice. I'll leave him a big (3)
11	This milk smells bad. It's gone (3)
13	Listen the birds. Can you hear them? (2)
16	Can you hear that? There must be a cat in the garden. (5)

20 Carl \_\_\_\_\_ taking my cheese. He said he didn't like cheese. (6)

65 Marna and Sean are \_\_\_\_\_ longer together as a couple. (2)

21	Is service, or do we need to leave a tip? (8)	45
23	I'm going to up some money to buy a guitar. (4)	47
24	I need of those things for opening tins.	49
	(3)	50
25	I'm honest man – you can trust me. (2)	
26	In the meeting, Rita up with a brilliant idea. (4)	51
29	the students in my class enjoy learning English. (3)	54
30	If I pay for this by card, I'll overdrawn. (2)	57
31	I'm not at work tomorrow – I'll be at all day. (4)	59
32	Don't change your money here – the exchange is terrible. (4)	61
33	I like eating Chinese food with – it makes me eat more slowly! (10)	62
38	l always try to go the mile for my customers. (5)	63
40	Is it 5.00 already? Time when you're having fun! (5)	
41	I you've got engaged! Congratulations!	

43 Sally, is this pen mine or \_\_\_\_\_? (5)

45	How did your boss	to your sugg	gestion?
47	OK, was my explanati like mud?! (5)	on this tir	ne? Not
49	'Please, please, don't	go!, he (6	)
50	I'm not really on Indian. (4)	Mexican food	– I prefer
51	Ah, paella is my favou on my (5)	rite dish – put p	olenty
54	My dad is helping me time off work this we		100 G
57	Do you charge a card? (3)	for payment b	y credit
59	My parents love my b can do wrong! (		think he
61	Hi, Rachel! Yes, I'm at I	home. Why don	't you
62	The restaurant was O write home about. (2)		-
63	Jeff was late. He finall 10 o'clock. (2)	y turned a	at
		SCORE	75
		TOTAL	90

# **Answer key**

# Unit 1 What's your story?

#### Grammar

a	10	d	1	g	8	j	7
b	3	e	9	h	4	k	12
C	5	f	2	i	11	1	6

- 2 b 10 What objects ...?
  - 7 Which university ...?
  - 5 Whose writing ...?
  - 3 How much time ...?
  - 2 How many houses ...?
  - 1 Who do you live with? 2 How many ... in? 7 Which ... to?
  - 12 What ... of?
  - 4 What are you like ...?, 11 Who are you like ...?
  - 9 What kind of holiday do you like?
- 3 2 What size (shirt) are you looking for? / Which size (shirt) are you looking for?
  - Whose coat is this?
  - What nationality is your wife?
  - Which newspaper do you read?
  - What kind of music do you like?
  - Which vegetable is the healthiest? / Which is the healthiest vegetable?
  - What make is your smartphone? / Which smartphone do you have? / What kind of smartphone do you have?
  - Which bus goes to the station?
  - Whose dictionary is this?
  - 11 What number is your house?
- Which one do you want?
- 4 2 How far 3 How fast
- 6 Howlong 7 How tall

- How much
- 8 How much
- How often
- 1 3 h 5 f 7 b C 2 g 4 a 6 e 8 d
- 2 What do you want it for?
  - Who does it belong to?
  - What did he die of?
  - What are you so angry about?
  - Who does he work for?
  - Who are we waiting for?
  - Where did you get it from?
  - Who did she get married to?
  - 10 What did you talk about?
- 7 2 What does she do?
  - Which university does she study at?
  - How does she get to her course?
  - Who does she live with?
  - Has she got a boyfriend?
  - What does she like / enjoy doing in her
  - What is her hair like?
  - What colour are her eyes?
  - How tall is she?
  - What sort / kind / type of clothes does she wear / like?
  - 12 What is she like as a person?

### Vocabulary

1	2	challenging	6	stunning
		satisfied	7	exciting
	4	delighted	8	exhausted
	5	overwhelming		

- 2 2 annoyed 6 frightened 3 worrying 7 tired pleased 8 boring
- 5 confusing
- 5 a 13 h 9 j 2 f 6 e 10 m 14 k 7 b 3 d 11 i 8 1 4 g 12 n
- 4 2 old-fashioned 6 heavy 3 stressful 7 moody 4 hard-working 8 enormous
  - 5 smart 9 sociable
- 5 2 a new car, a young man
  - 3 a married person, a return ticket 4 a heavy suitcase, a dark colour
  - an easy exam, a soft pillow
  - 6 a cold drink, a mild curry
- 6 2 an attractive man / a good-looking man
- 3 an amusing story
  - 4 a messy room
  - 5 a naughty child
  - an excellent idea / a great idea
  - delicious food
- 8 a beautiful / stunning view

#### 7 Journeys

- 2 get in
- 3 Hang on
- 4 set off
- Relationships
- 5 split up going out
- put up with
- 8 get over

#### Starting a business

- 9 set up
- 10 came up with
- worked out
- 12 cut back

#### Moving house

- 13 settling in
- 14 get down to
- 15 bring, up
- 16 work out

#### Everyday English

- 1 1 ful
  - 2 brand, Whose
  - worried, What, Why
  - 4 Who, like, curly, tall
- 2 2 I'm sure I will.
  - That's a great idea!
  - That's a shame.

  - 5 That's a shame. / I know.

## REVIEW

O2 What ... like?

	Q4 How much Q5 How	Q8 What
2	2 dark	7 delicious
	3 brand-new	8 busy
	4 fresh	9 satisfied
	5 huge	10 exhausted

O6 Whose

Q7 Who

# Unit 2 Language matters

### Grammar

- 110 2 b
- Because it wasn't a word it was an emoji!
  - Japanese teenagers

6 homemade

3 Present Simple: sends, help Present Continuous: 's becoming

Past Simple: felt, asked

Past Continuous: was trying

Present Perfect: have never used

Present Perfect Continuous: 's been avoiding Future forms: aren't going to replace,

Present Simple passive: are sent, is used Past Simple passive: were translated, was

- 2 are made
- 8 was 9 will be
- have made took 10 'm working
- 5 'm going to take 11 was working
- 12 've been working was taken
- have been
- 1 moved 4 are you working
  - goes 5 'll see
- 3 have lived
- 6 A, F
- 3 F.A 5 AF 7 F.A 7 2 How many official languages does South
  - Africa have? Which word is most often pronounced
  - incorrectly in English? 4 How many irregular verbs did English
  - once have?
  - 5 What does mama mean in the Georgian language? 6 How many people around the world are
  - learning English? 7 In which country has a newspaper tried
  - using emojis next to headlines? 8 How many different ways can -ough be
  - pronounced in English? Which book has been translated most
- often, after the Bible? How many invented languages did Tolkien use in Lord of the Rings?

3	pronuncia	ation	7	America	Ever	yday	Engli	ish			5	wor	rk on the East	Japan f	Railways bullet
4	ACCRECATE AND AC	ation		nine		and the second			•	and the second			work		
117	father			Pinocchio	1 2		5		8		6	are	the passenge	rs wear	ing
6		10.7	10	1 DO SOCIETION	57.5	f	6		9		7	are	they travelling	g with	
					4	h	7	D	10	a	8	are	they carrying		
	Which lar		loes he	e speak?	REV	IEW					9	are	they reading		
	What did		173			at			12	were typing	10	Mo	gi doesn't sell	ice crea	am in winter.
4	How muc				3					was	11	Pec	ple don't wan	t beef	and rice for
5				e?	4	have			14	In			akfast.		
6					5	about			15	Since			hasn't got (ar		
7					6	every	time		16	have been using			trolley girls d		
8	How long	have you	been	learning it (for)?	7	type			17	most efficient	14	Mo	gi doesn't (eve	er) turn	her back on
10 2	She does	n't work ir	n a bar	nk.	8	did				isn't			tomers.		
3	She hasn'	t got / doe	sn't ha	ive two brothers.	9	easies	t			going to make	15	She	doesn't want	to be p	oromoted.
				g a flat for two	10	was			20	make	7 1	are	disliked	5	are sent
	years.				11	was							t related / is	100	are stressed
5	They have	en't made	a lot o	of friends in					_		_		related		are spent
	Liverpool	l.			Un	it 3 .	Just	a job	?		3		vasted	8	are introduced
6	She didn'	t go to Ox	ford L	Iniversity.	2.53%			100			4		banned		
7				on Sundays.	Gra	mmar					2				
8	They did	n't have a	holida	y in Spain last	1 5	anieev	Singh	: He's a	shop	keeper.			being made	3 %	
	month.			Trace II						officer. He's			being overwo		
11 -	1 414		-	thou do		lking to					3	are	being underp	paid	
	l did			they do it's not / it isn't						ALCO DESCRIPTION OF					
	I wasn't		337							pens, doesn't	9 2	has		8	hope
	I have			I have I'm not						e; Dave = love,	3			9	depends
- 22	they are		10	Initiot				ns, goes			4				prefer
.0	they are									v = 're entering,	5		own		don't know
Voc	abulary					-	're ser	ving; Da	ive =	'm going, 'm	6		0.71	12	don't believe
1 2		6 b	10	a 14 m		aining					7				
	g	71	11							njeev = is	122				Sucho di congener
4		8 k	12							ve = 'm given	10 1				are, seeing
	c	9 0	13						ISSIVE	e: Sanjeev = is			thinking	6	
				100	Ь	eing re	decora	ated			100	has			love
4 7-11-12	educatio			correction	3 1	open					4	ish	naving	8	'm loving
	the easie	st		fluent	2	is / an	e open	ning			Voc	abu	ılary		
	broken		8	dying	3							CRO	(A)		
5	simplify				4	isn't v	vorkin	g/'s no	t wo	rking			ditating	14	helmet
3 1	happines	ss	6	unfriendly	5		222.000.000.000	-					iners	55.00	screwdriver
-	unhappy		7	Employers	6	is givi	ing				19.00		countant	100	debt
	happily		8	unemployment	7	think	s				1000		ployee	17	debt
4	friendly		9	employed	8	is thir	nking					WOO			
9	friendshi	p			9	are se	erved					sac		8	customers
		0:			10	is bei	ng ser	ved				rac		9	surfboard
	ake a phot				4 -	4	off do	they get	-7				ging		headset
	correct a mi				20000								ercises		recipe
	nave an alle	707000						products	are				ployer		tent
	support a te				5	the sl		ave live							
	give a prese	entation			100	What		ave live			2 :		5 a	8	
	win a prize				7		off is h	10				9	6 i	9	32
	near a noise							doing/t	raini	na for	4	c	7 h	10	r
5	wap place:	5						SCHOOL STREET		20 <del>7</del> 51039	3	try	OD	6	take off
5 1	Make: a list	notes, a r	ohone	call, a profit, an						spital, works			king after		get on, with
	effort, an ap	pointme	nt, a m	ness						rk every day			ke up		pick, up
1	Do: researc	h, exercise	e, the s	hopping, a job, an						pty, 're stocked			rn, off		look, up
	exam, some				5	He de	pesn't l	like the	mori	ning shift best,		fill			found out
		- margiera q				shift									100110
6		c 3	е	5	6				app	y marriage,	Eve	eryd	ay English		
	b 1	d 2					ng thre				1 1	Thev'	re very short.		
7	1 with		9	at	7			-	run a	marathon,					
	2 about			as	20.0		raining		2002-000		2	1, 3, 6	5, 5, 8, 4, 9, 7		
	3 for			with	8		n't goir	ng to M	ami	soon, He's going	RE	VIEV	V		
	4 to			about		to							used	8	feels
	5 about				6 1	dob	illet tr	ains trav	rel				e being built		looks at
	6 on				1	doth			-			ere			stressful
	7 of							urney ta	ke				known		don't have
	B for					does			1000				e working		off
13						does	ogr	Suite					the moment		spend
													quently		get on
													4	100	

# Unit 4 Tales of the unexpected

#### Grammar

- 1 Because we don't know whether their date will result in a relationship and if the way they met become a 'love story'.
- Past Simple: noticed, took, put, got off, didn't have, showed, saw, met, had, got on Past Continuous: was visiting, was wearing, was travelling, were reading, were giving Past Simple passive: was seen, were printed, was identified
- Past Perfect: had seen, 'd ... seen Past Perfect Continuous: had been standing
- 3 was visiting 2 had, visited
- 6 had, seen
- 3 was wearing
- was waiting 8 had, been
- 4 wore 5 was seen

- 2 did she see 3 was he doing
  - didn't she talk to him
  - was, printed
  - had, been
- 5 2 Theo and Brigit weren't travelling on the bus. They were travelling on the Underground.
  - Theo's photo wasn't identified by a journalist. It was identified by one of his work colleagues.
  - He hadn't been sitting on the Tube when he saw his picture. He'd been standing on the Tube.
- 6 She'd had a busy day moving (packing and unpacking). A knock at the door wakes her up.
- 9 was 2 10 had been had been decided 3 had lived 11 12 had packed hadn't managed 5 13 had come 6 had taken 14 won had been 15 looked 8 felt
- 8 2 had been waiting for hours and her boyfriend hadn't turned up.
  - had been the best player in the team and had been training for the Olympics.
  - 'd been listening to her music and hadn't heard me call her.
  - 'd been at the same company and he'd been doing the same job for ten years
  - 'd been working all day and hadn't had anything to eat
- 9 2 was, performed 3 was based
  - were not allowed, were played
  - were performed, was built
  - was made
  - was set, was shot
  - were not written
  - was buried
- 10 2 new 6 through 3 road throne 4 court 8 bean 5 sore

- 4 knew, new 11 1 through read, red caught, court rode, road saw, sore
- Customers were queuing to pay at the cash desks.
  - They burst in and demanded money from the cashiers.
  - He suffered a heart attack and was taken to hospital.
  - They escaped in a stolen van.
  - It was parked outside.
  - They were caught in a country lane five miles away.
  - Because he'd been working late.
  - He was driving home.
  - It had crashed into a tree and caught fire.
  - 10 He stopped his car and ran to the scene.
  - Because a police car was in the area and an officer had called an ambulance.
  - 12 He was taken to a nearby hospital.
  - She was taking her dog for a walk.
  - She was throwing sticks into the pond (for Toby to swim to and fetch).
  - 15 She screamed.
  - They ran into the water and rescued the 16
  - Because he wasn't badly injured.
  - 18 Because she'd fainted.

## Vocabulary

- 1 1 born 4 birth 2 birth 5 birth 3 birthday 6 born
- 2 2 married
  - married, got engaged, get married
  - been married
  - wedding
  - got married
  - wedding
  - marriage, got divorced
- dead, die 5 death death, died dead die 7 death 3
- 4 dying dying 5 at, on
- 6 at 2 at, in, on 3 in, at 7 on, on, -, on
  - 4 at, in 8 at, on

# **Everyday English**

1 b 7 c 10 i 4 a 2 5 d 8 i g 6 f 9 e 3 h

### REVIEW

- 1 1 had 6 Was 2 Did 7 had 3 had Did 9 Were, was were 5 were
- 2 2 ate 8 was dying had eaten died
  - talked 10 drove had talked 5 11 had driven
  - were, talking 12 was driving
  - had died

# Stop and check Units 1-4

1	look	9	was texting
2	to	10	currently
3	did	11	haven't been
4	did		listening
5	yet	12	whose
6	are being served	13	have split up
7	smells	14	was invented
8	'd had	15	used to go
			The second secon

#### 2 ACROSS

1	keyboard	31	do
6	full-time	32	alphabet
10	unlikely	35	crossing
11	try on	37	on
13	in	38	ban
14	gets	40	pronounce
17	rate	42	like
19	happily	43	my
20	does	44	shoot
22	go	45	house
23	own	47	meet
24	set	49	eat
26	puts	51	irregular
28	die	52	hardworking
29	debt		The state of the s
D	OWN		
1	known	25	Translators

#### 27 you See 30 crops OVER down 31 divorce

**Journalists** 33 pick fill in 34 6 tiny 7 like 36 spoilt 8 talk 39 am 41 emoji q engaged 12 depend 44 stuck 45 Huge 15 shame 16 46 start

spend on 17 regular 47 much 18 as 48 ever 20

50 How do 21 You

# Unit 5 Rights and wrongs

#### Grammar

- 1 B.C.A
- 2 A 4 C 8 A 5 B
- 3 2 does he have to be
- does his dad (usually) have to work
  - 4 doesn't he have to get
- 5 does her husband have to take
- 6 does his wife have to go
- does he have to get
- 8 doesn't his little brother have to help
- 9 does she often have to travel
- 3 b 5 C 4 8 6 P 2 f
- 1 b, a 3 a, b 2 a, b 4 b, a
- 6 1 must, have to
  - 2 must, had to
  - 3 mustn't, don't have to
  - must, have to
  - 5 must, didn't have to
  - 6 don't have to, mustn't

8	should get a cat should see an ac shouldn't drink s should take up a do you think I sh	countant to much coffee new hobby ould take ould see	ı	9 10	have to weren't allowed to need to can't	12 13 14 15	chores don't have to didn't have to fill in I could	12	5 've been workin	ng, ha , 've e ng, hav g, has	even't bought ver heard ven't understood given
	do you think I sh do you think I sh	ould order					done	1320000	6 've been trying,		
		ould say	G	ran	nmar			13	2 have you been h	nave d	riving lessons,
9 :	2 F 4 A 5 B	6 C 7 E	1	2			E 8 B		driving lessons l 3 has she been tra	nave y	ou had ng German novels
2	to 2 must 8 doesn't have to 4 're allowed to	5 mustn't 6 have to 7 mustn't 8 can	2	C D E F	Did she receive an How many times w How many times h How many expedi How many Himala	was she has she tions h	e married? e been married? has he been on?	14		ve the eache loing,	ey been r, has she taught have you taken
Voc	abulary				:limb?				2 leat I've eaten		
1 1	victim Judge	4 defendant 5 witness		HI	las he ever had a Did he ever refuse	tattoo to sigr	? n an autograph?		3 Hearn I've been 4 How long you be been	earnii een Ho	ow long have you
3	jury	6 lawyer	3	1 /	Angelina Jolie, Cris Ranulph Fiennes, A	stiano Malala	Ronaldo Yousafzai		5 has won has bee 6 since for	n wor	1
2 1	***************************************	8 defence		3 F	lanulph Fiennes, E	dmur	d Hillary				
	suspects arrested	9 victims	4		vas born		became		cabulary		
4	The Control of the Co	10 judge 11 jury	85		as had		was shot	1	1 passionately,		6 fast, slowly
5	charge	12 sentence			vent		was taken		deeply 2 bravely, hard		7 loud, fast 8 softly, quietly
	defendant Lawyers	13 prison		b	as always elieved		became has raised		suddenly, late deeply, slowly	10	9 forward, close badly, wrong
<b>3</b> 2	I've got to pick up	those empty bottles.	_		egan				heavily, hard		badiy, wrong
	I've got to pick the I tried on a lovely	ose empty bottles up. coat. I tried a lovely coa	5	1 g 2 b 3 b		6	been been		l've almost finishe not quite.		
	on. I threw away so m much stuff away. I've got to pick the	uch stuff. I threw so	6	4 g		many f	for two months,	5	She's definitely be You behaved very He only earns \$15 only \$15,000 a ye	badl 5,000 a	y yesterday. a year. / He earns
4	I tried it on. I threw it away. I'll look after the cl	nildren. I'll look after		2 a b	I haven't seen hir I haven't seen hir I last saw him X y	n since n for X	e 2014. ( years.	7	Fortunately, he w I completely forgo Have you seen Pe	ot her	birthday.
	them.		7	1 1	e just heard abou	t your	accident.	3 1	- Detrice III		on
3	I need to go over n	ny presentation again. I		2 H	ave you had break	fast y	et?	3	into to		on
	need to go over it	again.		3 1/	e already seen the	at film	. / I've seen that	4			in in
4	she! She really takes art	er her mother, doesn't es after her, doesn't she!			m already. ave you ever been	to Th	ailand?	5			to
1111				5 11	aven't read the ne	ewspa	per vet.	6	to	12	by
6 2	get over, $a = 1$ , $b = 1$ blow up, $a = 1$ , $b = 1$	Amerika da 1		6 H	eve you already fir	nished	that book? /	Eve	ryday English		
	get into, a = L, b = 1				eve you finished th		ok already?		01632 500623	7	5143 6112 0300
5	get through, a = 1, 1	b = L	8	1 11	aven't finished ye	t!		2	77.1 kg		7530
6	run into, a = L, b = 1			2 I'v	e just had one.		o compression and the	3			9-0
	look up to, $a = L$ , b	=1		5 Ha	is it started yet / H	las it a	Iready started	4	£11,750,000 98%		0.1%
	blew it up	5 picks it up		m	las the match alre atch started yet	ady st	arted / Has the		17.05	10	2/9/1666 1:3
	get through it	6 got over it	4	4 He	's just gone out.						7½ m
- 4	looks up to him	7 getting into it	- 5	5 I'v	e already done it.	/ I've d	lone it already.	REV	IFW		
	yday English			sir	ce we last met		541 350			12	and and
1 2	27	8 R	10		ust been	6 h	as been given	2	has she spent began		seriously actually doing
3		9 0	4		omoted		ave you saved		has taken		's recently been
4 1		10 0	-		s passed		as been called		's been involved		working
2 10,	4, 2, 8, 9, 5, 3, 7, 1		-		ve you been ured		ave been ffered		has always been	15	
3 1,2	, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10			ha	just lost		as risen		took has taken		been has been helping
REVIE					applied			8	studied	18	to
	Could I	A got over	11 1			4 b	een writing		into	19	to
	should	4 got over 5 took off			en eating	5 's	written		's done	20	I've done
	mustn't	6 an eye	3	kno	own	6 b	een watching	11	Has she ever felt		

# Unit 7 Best years of your life?

#### Grammar

1 verb + -ing = forget climbing, loved watching verb + to = try to remember, hope to bebased, love to do, manage to go, decided to verb + sb + to = encourage you to apply,

invited us to stay

verb + (sb) + infin (no'to') = made me feel, didn't dare move, let me know

verb + adjective + to = was difficult to keep, was incredible to see

verb + preposition + -ing = looking forwardto hearing

2	2	to tell	9	to see
	3	to live	10	sleeping
	4	to remember	11	playing / to pla
	5	to work		to make / mak
	6	living	13	to apply
	7	going	14	to call
	8	visiting	15	know
-				220

3	1	wondering	6	walking
	2	Watching	7	helping
	3	mending	8	Living
	4	Finding	9	Giving up
	5	waking up	10	working

4	1	to pay	6	to learn
	2	to follow	7	to buy
	3	show	8	carry / to carry
	4	to hurt	9	to join
	5	stay	10	to be

		200 0000						
5	2	a, c	4	a, c	6	b, c	8	b, c
		b, c	5	a, b	7	a, b		

6 2 her son to send Aunt Maud a birthday card

3 me to sign on the dotted line

4 his boss to come to their / his wedding to pay for the next round of drinks

to go to bed

7 Bill to talk to his solicitor

7	2	C		a	8	Ь
	3	i	6	d	9	g
	4	e	7	j	10	f

8	1	to help	7	to follow
	2	believe	8	to be living
	3	to be	9	to see
	4	to change	10	looking
	5	thinking	11	to see
	6	listening	12	to say

## Vocabulary

2 1 X I'm agreed | agree

2 / 3 X agree to agree with

4 X agreed talking agreed to talk

X agreed it agreed (to it)

8 X agreed on me agreed with me

3 ACROSS 3 tongue 5 whistle 6 march

balloon

8

9 shiver 10 yell

11 scratch 12 lick 13 shoulders

	_	~	
	1	hug	7 kneel
	2	footsteps	8 breath
	4	nails	9 smell
4	1	speak up	8 calm down
	2	save up	9 fallen out
	3	hurry up	10 dropped out
	4	fill up	11 went out
	6	cut down	12 dying out
	7	going down	

5 shop around

6 turned up

# 4 Hold on **Everyday English**

5 2 Look out

3 check in

DOWN

1	1	What a = f	5	so = h
	2	so = g	6	Such = d
	3	such a = a	7	such an = b
	4	How = e	8	How = c
2	1	complete	5	What
	2	absolutely	6	50
	3	50	7	How
	4	such	8	such a

#### REVIEW

1	me, head		
2	never, seeing, out	7	hated / loathed,
3	eye, out		leave, to
4	an, at, kick	8	What, to, asking
5	sweet, down	9	used, up, to
6	really / so, leg	10	using, out

# Unit 8 Future friendly?

#### Grammar

prediction with will: will make, will they eat, will certainly be, will become prediction with won't: won't have to see, won't even notice, won't realize, won't need to worry prediction with going to: are going to be intention with going to: 'm definitely going arrangement with Present Continuous: m visiting possibility with may: may still find possibility with might: might double, might a typical meal look like possibility with could: could be, could

2 2 I think I'll sleep well tonight.

become, couldn't eat

I don't think they'll offer me the job.

4 | expect you'll be hungry after your journey.

I don't suppose he'll say yes though.

I'm sure you won't like it.

I don't think it will work.

8 Maybe you'll see someone famous.

When will you get the results?

3 How will you manage?

4 What will you miss?

5 How will we get home?

4 2 They won't be late.

3 He won't forget your birthday.

She won't accept the job offer.

5 Obviously England won't lose against

Iceland.

5 1 2 h b

3 e

5 c 6 f 7 d

2 She's going to win the race. 3 She's going to have a baby.

4 They're going to jump.

5 She's going to fall back into the sea.

6 They're going to kiss him.

7 2 'll get

3 'Il give

4 're going to have, 'll go

5 Are, going to eat, 'll get 6 are, going to give, 'Il bring

are, going to cook, 'm going to make, 'll let

8 are, going to start, 'm going to do, 'll start

2 are, having 6 are, getting 3 are, inviting are / is bringing 4 're drivina 8 is making 5 're staying 9 'reflying

5 1 2 8 b 11 h 6 g 9 c 3 k 7 f 4 a 10 e

10 2 When are they / is BMW launching

What won't, be able to do

4 What will, need to do

could be avoided

6 What might they wait

# Vocabulary

1 wind turbine solar panel fusion reactor fossil fuels energy source radioactive material climate change offshore wind farm global warming

2 2 misspelt 5 irregular 3 illegal 6 imperfectly 4 unconscious

3 1 driverless 6 useless 2 carelessly unhappiness 3 suitable 8 creative 4 prediction 9 shortened 5 disagreements 10 colourful

4 1 with 3 of 2 of 4 with 1 for 3 about 2 about 4 for 1 in 3 in 2 to 4 to

1 with 4 to, with 5 of 3 for 6 with

#### Everyday English

1 Are you free on Friday evening? No, I'm having a meal with Helen on Friday.

2 I was wondering if we could meet at 2.00 tomorrow / tomorrow at 2.00? I'm afraid 2.00 won't work for me. How about 3.30?

- 3 Maybe we could get together on Saturday afternoon? Sorry, the afternoon's no good for me.
- 4 Why don't we go for a coffee tomorrow morning? Good idea. Shall we say half ten?
- 5 Let's go for a pizza after work. I'd love to, but I'm finishing work late today.
- 6 Can you make a meeting at 4.30 tomorrow /tomorrow at 4.30? Yes, 4.30 is fine. I'll see you then.

#### EVIEW

possible
have
e going to be
e going to be
eative
see
or
buy
)

# top and check Units 5-8

1	have to	9	'll like
2	mustn't	10	has been
3	are not allowed		thinking
	to	11	I'll
4	should	12	could
5	won't let	13	have I told
6	won't	14	went
7	've been trying	15	Has she gone
	has been taken		

#### ACROSS

26 careless

29 fluently

9 could end up

1	victim	31	as
4	proud	32	blew
7	You	33	fed
8	offered	35	on
9	never	37	falls
	eye	38	climate
12	do	39	to
14	lend	40	die
16	in	41	misspe
17	lets	43	that
19	an	45	of
20	fuels	47	witness
22	so	49	into
23	Try	51	on
24	at	52	throug
25	dug	53	blood
27	be	54	mind
28	already		
D	OWN		
2	check in	30	away
3	made	31	around
4	panels	34	useless
5	sums	36	did
6	wonder	37	familia
11	first	39	met
13	illegal	42	looked
	deeply	44	ago
18	may	46	fill
21		48	so
22	sure	50	too
1000	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		

# Unit 9 Caring and sharing

#### Grammar

- 2 1 gets in touch with me, I reply
  - 2 I'm with someone, I'll text back, she likes it, I'll tell her
  - 3 wouldn't tell me secrets, I didn't keep, it was very exciting, I'd tell
  - 4 I hadn't wanted, wouldn't have asked, would have accepted, had been
- 3 1 Milk goes off if you don't keep it in the fridge.
  - 2 I think music sounds better if you listen to it on headphones.
  - Rick will give the presentation if you ask him to.
  - 4 We'll come to the party if you invite us!
  - 5 I would go to that concert if it weren't / wasn't sold out.
  - 6 They would buy a house here if they had enough money.
  - 7 Arsenal would have won if Chelsea hadn't scored a late goal.
  - 8 She would have become a star if she had gone to Hollywood.

#### 4 A

- Jenny never says thank you if you do something for her.
- 1 I'll help you if I have time.
- 2 I wouldn't do that if I were you.
- 3 I wouldn't have cooked meat if I'd known you were vegetarian.

#### В

- If I don't sleep well, I'm in a bad mood all day.
- If you drink coffee now, you won't be able to sleep.
- 2 If they offered me the job, I'd definitely take it.
- 3 If you'd driven more slowly, you wouldn't have crashed.

## C

- Henry always gets angry if you criticize his work.
- Things will get better if you just wait and try to be patient.
- 2 What would you do if you saw a fight in the street?
- 3 Would you have ordered the curry if you'd known it was so hot?

6 took

5	1 2	g d	3	f h	5 6	a c	7	e
6	2	found			5	wanted		

- 3 cheated
- 4 claimed
- 7 b 2 wouldn't give, knew, wouldn't miss
  - c 3 wouldn't want, was, 'd be
  - d 6 'd sell, didn't like
  - e 1'd keep, wouldn't know
  - f 5 would tell
- 8 2 would you have studied, I'd have studied psychology.
  - 3 of car would you have bought, I would have bought a Mercedes.
  - 4 would you have said, I would have, him that I love his films.

- 5 one would you have had, I would have had (the) cheesecake.
- 6 would you have called him, I would have called him Alfie.
- 9 2 If she hadn't gone to Edinburgh University, she wouldn't have met Hannah.
  - 3 If she had found / had been able to find a job in the UK, she wouldn't have looked abroad.
  - 4 If Hannah hadn't gone to New Zealand, Clare would have gone to work in America.
  - 5 If Clare and Greg had had more in common, she wouldn't have ended their relationship.
  - 6 If she hadn't taken up rowing, she wouldn't have met Marcus.
  - 7 If she had stayed with Greg, she wouldn't have fallen in love with Marcus.
  - 8 If she hadn't had children, her parents wouldn't have moved to New Zealand.

#### 10 2 should have told

- 3 could have killed
- 4 shouldn't have bothered
- 5 should have written
- 6 shouldn't have bought

11	2	would	6	would
-	3	would	7	would
	4	would	8	had
	5	had		

## Vocabulary

1	1	q	4	f	7	b
		ĭ	5	a	8	c
	3	h	6	d	9	e

### 2 2 robbed, stolen

- 3 beat, won
- 4 dish, plate
- 5 teachers, professors
- 6 listen, hear
- 7 lend, borrow
- 8 diary, agenda
- 9 sensitive, sensible
- 10 bring, take
- 11 invented, discovered
- 12 guests, visitors

3	1	for, in	7	fron
		by	8	into
	3	out of	9	in
		into	10	for
	5	on	11	in
	6	to	12	in

#### **Everyday English**

1	1	f	4	k	7	1	10	d
		e		i	8	b	11	
		q	6	j	9	h	12	c

#### **REVIEW**

7 limit

.,,				
1	1	robbing	1000	note
	2	borrow	9	come back
	3	in cash	10	were waiting
	4	brought		
	5	sensible		
	6	listened to		

- 2 1 If the bank manager hadn't persuaded them to take out a loan, the men would have robbed the bank.
  - 2 If you took out a loan, it would be more sensible.
  - If they hadn't listened to the manager, they could have stolen the money.
  - 4 If you come back in ten minutes, the papers will be ready.
  - They shouldn't have gone to the bank.
  - They should have run away
  - If the men hadn't come back, the police might never have caught them.
  - If people take out a loan, the bank has to decide what their credit limit is.

# Unit 10 Beyond belief!

#### Grammar

1	1	d	4	f	7	i	10	g
	2		5	b	8	a		6
	3	0	6	•	9	h		

- 2 2 He must be ill.
  - 3 He could be in the coffee bar.
  - 4 He might have a doctor's appointment.
  - 5 He may be stuck in a traffic jam.
  - 6 His bus might be late.
  - He may be talking to a friend from another class.
  - 8 He must want to miss the test.
- 3 2 He can't be ill, he was fine yesterday.
  - He can't be in the coffee bar, it's closed.
  - 4 He can't have a doctor's appointment, he's not ill.
  - 5 He can't be stuck in a traffic jam, it's not the rush hour.
  - His bus can't be late, it's always on time.
  - He can't be talking to a friend, everyone's
  - He can't want to miss the test he's been revising for weeks.
- 4 Maybe her boyfriend has tattoos.
- 2 may 4 might 6 must 3 must 5 could 7 must
- 6 He's having problems with his younger brother.
- 2 must have
  - 3 may sometimes get annoyed
  - 4 must have
  - might be studying 5
  - 6 might not know
  - could be jealous
  - 8 can't have
- 8 2 be doing, be having
  - 3 be sitting
  - 4 be taking
  - 5 be digging, be repairing / mending / fixing.
- 9 2 They must have arrived.
  - They may have gone by train.
  - 4 I might have left my phone in the coffee shop.
  - He may have gone to Oxford University.
  - He must have been on a diet.
  - They could have got married in secret.
  - He may have called while we were out.

- 10 1 He must have had an accident. He might have been skiing.
  - 2 They must have had an argument. They can't have enjoyed their meal.
  - It must have caught a bird. The bird might have escaped.
  - 4 They must have missed their plane. Their plane could have been delayed. They can't have enjoyed the film. It must
  - have been boring. She must have lost her phone. It may have been stolen.
- 11 2 on the ferry
  - 3 no
  - 4 because it had a microchip
- 12 1 Moon Unit might have been stolen and taken to France.
  - She may have been frightened by all the noise at the party.
  - She could have been living at the railway station.
  - Marna and Sean must have been very surprised when they heard from ADAD.
  - They can't have expected to see their cat
  - They can't have had a lot in common.
  - They must still be friends.
  - They must have had a reason to call the cat'Moon Unit'.

#### Vocabulary

- 1 be: sure of, crazy about, up to date, keen on, into, off work, about to, in touch, away on business, yourself have: a problem, a lot in common, a word with, fun, time off work, a good time
- 2 1 crazy, have, common, into, keen
  - 2 word, off, were, had
  - 3 away, touch, about, have, sure, Have

3	1	out	4	up	7	out	10	out
	2	up	5	up	8	up	11	up
	3	out	6	out	9	up	12	up

1 in, of 4 for, for 2 with, of 5 on, on 3 to, on

#### **Everyday English**

- They're talking about Sam because he's been accused of cheating.
- 2 1 apparently anyway 2 No kidding 8 Presumably 3 Actually 9 Obviously Really? 10 hopefully 11 Personally
  - 5 clearly 6 Exactly

8 about

REVIEW

They met at a supermarket. They're going to get married.

2	1	up	9	could
	2	eating	10	find
	3	may	11	keen
	4	looked	12	common
	5	like	13	out
	6	Actually	14	make
	7	be	15	saving

# Unit 11 Back in the real world

#### Grammar

1	1	e	5	b	9	0	13	d
	2	g	6	1	10	C	14	j
		1	7	m	11	h	15	f
	4	k	8	a	12	n		

- 2 3 is a beer 7 was a scientist 4 are beers 8 were scientists 5 is a plane 9 was an artist 6 are planes 10 were artists 4 an, an
- 3 1 a, an an, an a, an 3 a. an 6 a, an
  - the environment 12 the cinema 2 the country 13 the garden 14 the post office 3 the sky the future the bathroom 4 15 the beach 16 the salt the mountains 17 the best student

18 the same

- 19 the first 8 the weather 9 the doctor 20 the most delicious 10 the radio 11 the door
- 5 3 d 1 P 5 C 2 a 4 f 6 b 6 2 Chess 5 poker 3 History Biology

the government

- 4 volleyball 7 1 Beauty 6 Time Laughter Business Truth Practice Home Pride Crime 5 10 Love 8 2 -, -, the 12 -
- -, -, the -, The 13 14 -, the -, -, the 5 15 the, -16 The 7 the, -, -17 18 The 8 9 -, the, -19 The 10 the, the, -, the 20 the
- 11 -9 Possessive Possessive adjective pronoun my mine your yours his his her hers its its ours our theirs
- 10 1 Your, theirs 4 mine your, Mine 5 his, her 3 my, hers, mine, 6 its
- hers 11 2 mother's Jones' / Jones's employees' yesterday's 4 Children's 9 weeks' 5 Sue's 10 tomorrow's
  - neighbours'/

their

- 12 2 I've spent all day on my computer.3 I've done all the housework.
  - 4 Pedro's invited (all) the class to his house – all of us!
  - 5 All I need for breakfast is a coffee.
  - 6 I've wanted to play the piano all my life.
  - 7 I like all kinds of music, from classical to rock.
- 13 1 every, 5 every everywhere 6 every 2 All 7 all 3 Everyone, all 4 everything
- 14 1 I shaved in a hurry this morning and cut myself.
  - The way you drive, you'll kill yourself one day.
  - 3 My mother and I phone each other every day.
  - 4 Have a great holiday, you two! I'm sure you'll enjoy yourselves in France.
  - 5 How long have you two known each other?
  - 6 My twin girls play very nicely with each other.
  - 7 Selfish people only care about themselves.
  - 8 I behaved very badly. I feel ashamed of myself.

# Vocabulary

		nead			3	warden
	2	sets			6	quarters
	3	card			7	agent
	4	lights			8	wrapping
2	2	j	5	h	8	a
	3	g	6	e	9	d
	4	Ĭ.	7	c	10	f

- 3 1 Travel, luggage
  - 2 job, problem, a house
  - 3 an apple
  - 4 advice, table
  - 5 fact, music
- 4 1 b 3 d 5 e
- 5 2 moving into 4 backed up 5 made up
- 6 B is more formal.
  - 1 sort out = solve
  - 2 get over = recover from
  - 3 let down = disappoint
  - 4 find out = discover
  - 5 call off = cancel
- 7 1 get over 4 call off 2 finds out 5 let, down 3 sort out

# **Everyday English**

- 1 1 take 4 like 2 made 5 use 3 opening 6 stuff, kind
- 2 B 5 E 6 C 1 F 4 D 2

- in the car 2 in a lift 6 in the street 3 on a train 5
  - 4 2 AH, BD 5 AD, BH 3 AH, BD 6 AH, BD 4 AD, BH

#### REVIEW

2	mine	11	our
3	the	12	one
4	the	13	a
5	its	14	traffic
6	all	15	take
7	each other	16	motorway
8	the	17	A
9	the	18	the
10	everv	19	themselves

# Unit 12 Living the dream

### Grammar

- 1 2 cost 10 can't blame 3 was 11 sorry 4 've ever had 12 know 's / is 13 wasn't 5 6 wrong 14 won't fault 15 'll speak 8 promised 16 ask was
- 2 2 had, been
  - 3 were / would be
  - 4 would have
  - 5 would be served
  - 6 would be swimming
  - 7 would be able to eat / could eat
  - 8 ask
- 3 2 (that) she was going to Berlin soon
  - 3 she couldn't help me because she had too much to do
  - 4 that Daniel had bought the tickets
  - 5 it was a stupid idea and it wouldn't work
  - 6 the banks were closed on Saturdays
  - 7 they'd had terrible weather on holiday
  - 8 (that) they'd never been to Brazil
- 9 they wanted to go some day
- 4 2 I wanted to go out for a walk
- 3 why I was crying
- 4 whether / if he could borrow my car
- 5 where I / we had come from
- 6 how long I was going to be at the gym
- 7 if / whether I'd bought any milk
- 8 whether / if we would be back early
- 9 how much it cost / costs to fly to New York
- 5 2 He asked her not to go
  - 3 He told her he was going to bed
  - 4 Jeremy asked him / his dad how much he earned
  - 5 The teacher told the class to turn to page 34
  - 6 The secretary asked Miss Fulton to call back later / if she could call back later
  - 7 The teacher told the class (that) they had done very well in the test

- 8 The police officer told the children not to run across the road
- 9 Pam asked Roy whether / if he was going to the concert
- 10 Harry told his daughters to get up / that it was time to get up
- 6 2 why do you need it
  - 3 What do you do
  - 4 How much do you earn
  - 5 are you married
  - 6 Do you have any children
  - 7 How long have you lived there
  - 8 when would you like the loan
- 7 why I needed it / what I needed it for what I did for a living how much I earned if I was married if I had any children how long we had lived in our house
- when I wanted / would like the loan

  8 3 Who 6 Do
  4 Was 7 Whose
- 9 2 ... Shanghai is the biggest city in the
  - world
    3 ... who the first man in space was
  - John F. Kennedy was the youngest president

8 Did

- 5 ... why the Titanic sank
- identical twins have the same fingerprints
- whose nose grew longer when he told a lie
- 8 ... dinosaurs

5 When

- 10 2 what mark he got
  - 3 where you've put your keys
  - 4 why he / he'd left early
  - 5 whose coat that is / it is
  - 6 whether / if I sent Vanessa an invitation or not

#### Vocabulary

- 1 1 speak 5 says, tells 2 tell 6 telling 3 Speak, saying 7 speak 4 talk 8 spoke
- 2 2 Max offered to give me a lift to the airport.
  - 3 Sue promised not to tell anyone Greta's secret.
  - 4 My wife reminded me to buy some milk.
  - 5 Marta invited Paul to come and have dinner with them.
  - 6 The judge ordered Jim Fox to pay a fine of £200.
  - 7 Flora persuaded Emily to buy the black shoes, not the brown ones.
  - 8 She begged me not to tell her father.
- 3 2 The doctor suggested that Ken went to bed / go to bed.
  - 3 Lucia explained that she hadn't done her homework because she'd been ill.
  - 4 Harry admitted breaking my camera. / Harry admitted that he had broken my camera.

- 5 Timmy denied pulling her hair. / Timmy denied that he had pulled her hair.
- 6 Patrick complained that there was a fly in his salad.
- 4 1 get away, get by, went off, turned up
  - 2 getting ... down, ended up, took on, get on
  - 3 settling into, pop in, doing ... up, looking forward to

## **Everyday English**

	Judy Lingilish			
1	born	6	world	
2	sorry	7	roof	
3	feet	8	mile	
4	day	9	home	
5	minds	10	mud	

#### REVIEW

1	1	tell	7	he is.
	2	how he is	8	pop in
	3	it happened		word
	4	remind		persuade
	5	told		you live
	6	getting		(*)5 m.mr.m.
2	1	chatted	0	- de d

2	1	chatted	8	asked
	2	inquired	5157	offered
	3	replied		persuade
		explained		promised
	5	complained	12	say
	6	refused		thanked
	7	ended up		arranged

# Stop and check Units 9-12

1	1	wouldn't	9	had caught
	2	wouldn't		you were
	3	was		arriving
	4	hadn't	11	must be
	5	must be	12	can't have failed
	6	may have		they live
	7	the		can't be
	8	its	15	had seen

#### 2 ACROSS

-	1011000		
4	car	36	me
6	loan	37	debt
7	so	39	
9	beauty	42	pay
11	oven	44	
12	die	46	rents
14		47	clip
15	ground	48	touch
17	offers	49	breaks
18	no	52	Chess
19	headline	53	cash
22	dish	55	Let
23	sorts	56	ignores
26	can	57	from
27	won	58	sensitive
28	change	60	exit
31	have	64	each
34	some	65	no
25	Hant H.		

#### DOWN

1	secure	30	go
2	mud	31	home
3	Bye	32	
4	charge	33	
5		38	extra
6	lend	40	Country of the control of the contro
7	secret	41	hear
8	on	43	yours
10	tip	45	react
11	off	47	clear
13	to	49	
16	noise	50	
20	denied	51	plate
21	included	54	has
23	save	57	fee
24	one	59	no
25	an	61	in
26	came	62	to
29	All	63	up .

# Irregular verbs

Base form	Past Simple Past	participle	Base form	Past Simple	Past participle
be	was / were	been	leave	left	left
beat	beat	beaten	lend	lent	lent
become	became	become	let	let	let
begin	began	begun	lie	lay	lain
bend	bent	bent	light	lighted / lit	lighted / lit
bite	bit	bitten	lose	lost	lost
blow	blew	blown	make	made	made
break	broke	broken	mean	meant	meant
bring	brought	brought	meet	met	met
build	built	built	must	had to	had to
buy	bought	bought	pay	paid	paid
can	could	been able	put	put	put
catch	caught	caught	read /ri:d/	read /red/	read /red/
choose	chose	chosen	ride	rode	ridden
come	came	come	A. S.		
		777777	ring	rang	rung
cost	cost	cost	rise	rose	risen
cut	cut	cut	run	ran	run
dig	dug	dug	say	said	said
do	did	done	see	saw	seen
draw	drew	drawn	sell	sold	sold
dream	dreamed / dreamt	dreamed / dreamt	send	sent	sent
drink	drank	drunk	set	set	set
drive	drove	driven	shake	shook	shaken
eat	ate	eaten	shine	shone	shone
fall	fell	fallen	shoot	shot	shot
feed	fed	fed	show	showed	shown
feel	felt	felt	shut	shut	shut
fight	fought	fought	sing	sang	sung
find	found	found	sink	sank	sunk
fit	fit	fit	sit	sat	sat
fly	flew	flown	sleep	slept	slept
forget	forgot	forgotten	slide	slid	slid
forgive	forgave	forgiven	speak	spoke	spoken
freeze	froze	frozen	spend	spent	spent
get	got	got	spoil	spoiled / spoilt	
give	gave	given	spread	spread	spread
go	went	been / gone	stand	stood	stood
			100		
grow hang	grew hanged / hung	grown hanged / hung	steal stick	stole	stolen
-			and the same of th	stuck	stuck
have	had	had	swim	swam	swum
hear	heard	heard	take	took	taken
hide	hid	hidden	teach	taught	taught
hit	hit	hit	tear	tore	torn
hold	held	held	tell	told	told
hurt	hurt	hurt	think	thought	thought
keep	kept	kept	throw	threw	thrown
kneel	knelt	knelt	understand	understood	understood
know	knew	known	wake	woke	woken
lay	laid	laid	wear	wore	worn
lead	led	led	win	won	won
learn	learned / learnt	learned / learnt	write	wrote	written