

28 – мавзу: Giperboloid va uning xossalari. Paraboloid va uning xossalari. Ikkinchi tartibli sirtning to`g`ri chiziqli yasovchilar

Masala. To`g`ri burchakli dekart koordinatalar sistemasida $A(0,0,3)$ va $B(0,0,-3)$ nuqtalar berilgan. Fazoda shunday nuqtalarning geometrik o`rnini topingki, bu nuqtalar har biridan A va B nuqtalargacha bo`lgan masofalar ayirmasining absolyut qiymati 4 ga teng bo`lsin.

Yechish. Faraz qilaylik, aytilgan geometrik o`ringa tegishli nuqta $N(x, y, z)$ bo`lsin. U holda masala shartiga ko`ra

$$|\rho(A, N) - \rho(B, N)| = 4$$

buni koordinatalar yozsak

$$\left| \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + (z-3)^2} - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + (z+3)^2} \right| = 4$$

yoki

$$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + (z-3)^2} = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + (z+3)^2} \pm 4$$

bundan

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 6z + 9 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 6z + 9 \pm 8\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + (z+3)^2} + 16$$

yoki

$$\mp \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + (z+3)^2} = 16 + 2z$$

Yana bir marta kvadratga ko`tarib, soddalashtirsak, ikki pallali giperboloid tenglamasiga ega bo`lamiz: $-\frac{x^2}{5} - \frac{y^2}{5} + \frac{z^2}{4} = 1$.

Masala. $M_0(6, 2, 8)$ nuqtadan o`tuvchi

$$\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} - \frac{z^2}{16} = 1$$

bir pallali giperboloidning to`g`ri chiziqli yasovchilarini toping.

Yechish. Bir pallali giperboloid uchun (36.3) tenglamalar sistemasini yozaylik.

$$\begin{cases} \lambda \left(\frac{x}{3} + \frac{z}{4} \right) = \mu \left(1 + \frac{y}{2} \right) \\ \mu \left(\frac{x}{3} - \frac{z}{4} \right) = \lambda \left(1 - \frac{y}{2} \right) \end{cases}$$

Bu tenglamalarga $x=6$, $y=2$, $z=8$ qiymatlarni qo`yib topamiz: $2\lambda = \mu$. Bu tenglikni $\lambda=1$, $\mu=2$ sonlari qanoatlantiradi. Bu qiymatlarni sistemaga qo`yib topamiz:

$$\begin{cases} 4x - 12y + 3z - 24 = 0 \\ 4x + 3y - 3z - 6 = 0 \end{cases}$$

Bu tenglamalar sistemasi M_0 nuqtadan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziqli yasovchilarining bitta oilasini aniqlaydi. Shunga o'xshash ishlarni (36.4) tenglamalar sistemasi uchun bajarib, sirtning M_0 nuqtadan o'tuvchi to'g'ri chiziqli yasovchilar oilasiga ega bo'lamiz.

$$\begin{cases} 4x - 3z = 0 \\ y - 2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

Giperbolik paraboloidning kanonik

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 2z \quad (36.5)$$

tenglamasini quyidagicha yozib olamiz:

$$\left(\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} \right) \left(\frac{x}{a} - \frac{y}{b} \right) = 2z.$$