

10-mavzu: Darsda yechiladigan misollar

1-masala. d_1 va d_2 to'g'ri chiziqlar

$$d_1: x + 7y - 5 = 0,$$

$$d_2: 3x - 4y + 20 = 0.$$

tenglamalari bilan berilgan, ular orasidagi burchakni toping.

Yechish d_1 to'g'ri chiziqning burchak koeffitsienti $k_1 = -\frac{1}{7}$, d_2 to'g'ri chiziqning burchak koeffitsienti $k_2 = -\frac{3}{4}$, (25.6) formulaga ko'ra

$$\operatorname{tg} \varphi = \frac{\frac{3}{4} - \left(-\frac{1}{7}\right)}{1 + \frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{7}\right)} = \frac{\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{7}}{1 - \frac{3}{28}} = 1$$

Demak, $\varphi = 45^\circ$.

2-masala. Koordinatalar boshidan $3x-4y-2=0$ to'g'ri chiziqqacha bo'lgan masofani toping.

(10.21) formuladan

$$p(M_0, d) = \frac{|3 \cdot 0 - 4 \cdot 0 - 2|}{\sqrt{9+16}} = \frac{|-2|}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

1. Tomonlari

$$18x + 6y - 17 = 0, \quad 14x - 7y + 15 = 0, \quad 5x + 10y - 9 = 0$$

tenglamalar bilan berilgan uchburchakning burchaklarini toping.

2. Quyidagi to'g'ri chiziqlarning kesishish nuqtasini toping:

$$1) \quad 8x - 3y - 1 = 0, \quad 4x + y - 13 = 0$$

$$2) \quad 3x + 7y - 15 = 0, \quad 9x + 21y - 32 = 0$$

$$3) \quad 5x - 2y + 13 = 0, \quad x + 3y - 11 = 0$$

3. Quyidagi uchta to'g'ri chiziqlar bir nuqtadan o'tadimi?

$$1) 3x - y - 1 = 0, 2x - y + 3 = 0, x - y + 7 = 0$$

$$2) x + 3y - 1 = 0, 5x + y - 10 = 0, 3x - 5y - 8 = 0$$

$$3) 3x - y + 6 = 0, 4x - 3y - 5 = 0, 2x - y + 5 = 0.$$

4. Uchburchak tomonlari

$$x + 2y + 3 = 0, 3x - 7y + 9 = 0, 5x - 3y - 11 = 0$$

tenglamalar bilan berilgan. Uchburchakning balandliklari kesishgan nuqtani toping.

5. To'rtburchak tomonlari

$$x + 3y = 0, \quad x - y = 0, \quad x - y - 4 = 0, \quad 3x + y - 12 = 0$$

tenglamalar bilan berilgan. To'rtburchakning diagonallari tenglamasini tuzing.

6. To'g'ri chiziqlar orasidagi burchakni aniqlang.

$$\begin{cases} 3x - 4y - 2z = 0, \\ 2x + y - 2z = 0 \end{cases} \text{ va } \begin{cases} 4x + y - 6z - 2 = 0, \\ y - 3z + 2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

7. Berilgan $(3, 1, -2)$ nuqtadan va $\frac{x-4}{5} = \frac{y+3}{2} = \frac{z}{1}$

to'g'ri chiziqdan o'tuvchi tekislik tenglamasini tuzing.

8. Berilgan $A(4, -3, 1)$ nuqtaning $x + 2y - z - 3 = 0$ tekislikdagi proeksiyasini toping.

9. Berilgan $\frac{x}{4} = \frac{y-4}{3} = \frac{z+1}{-2}$ to'g'ri chiziqning $x - y + 3z + 8 = 0$ tekislikdagi proeksiyasini toping.

10. $\frac{x-3}{2} = \frac{y+4}{1} = \frac{z-2}{-3}$ to'g'ri chiziqdan o'tuvchi va $\frac{x+5}{4} = \frac{y-2}{7} = \frac{z-1}{2}$

to'g'ri chiziqqa parallel tekislik tenglamasini tuzing.

11. Berilgan to'g'ri chiziq berilgan tekislikda yotadimi?

1) $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+3}{-1} = \frac{z+2}{5}, \quad 4x + 3y - z + 3 = 0$

2) $\frac{x-1}{4} = \frac{y}{7} = \frac{z-2}{3}, \quad 5x - 8y - 2z - 1 = 0$

3) $\frac{x+2}{3} = \frac{y-5}{4} = \frac{z}{1}, \quad 3x - 2y - z - 1 = 0$

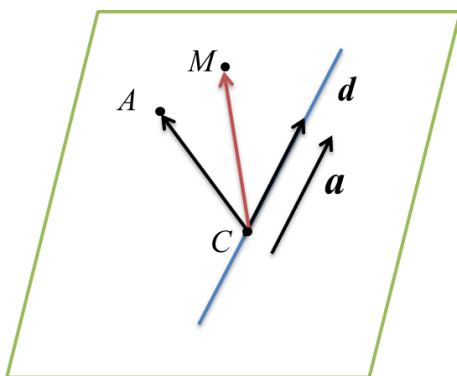
12. Berilgan to'g'ri chiziq va tekislik orasidagi burchakni toping.

1) $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+3}{-1} = \frac{z+2}{5}, \quad 4x + 3y - z + 3 = 0$

2) $\frac{x-1}{4} = \frac{y}{7} = \frac{z-2}{3}, \quad 5x - 8y - 2z - 1 = 0$

3) $\frac{x+2}{3} = \frac{y-5}{4} = \frac{z}{1}, \quad 3x - 2y - z - 1 = 0$

1. ([1], p68, 2.3.8.Ex) Berilgan $A(-1, 1, 2)$ nuqtadan va $d: \frac{x+2}{1} = \frac{y-3}{2} = \frac{z+1}{-1}$ to'g'ri chiziqdan o'tuvchi tekislik tenglamasini tuzing.



Echish: d to'g'ri chiziqdan $C(-2, 3, -1)$ nuqtani olamiz.

$\vec{a} = \{1, 2, -1\}$ - d to'g'ri chiziqni yo'naltiruvchi vektori.

$\vec{AC} = \{-1, 2, -3\}$. Qidirilayotgan tekislik $\vec{a}$, $\vec{AC}$ vektorlarga

parallel va $A(-1,1,2)$ nuqtadan o'tadi: $\begin{vmatrix} x+1 & y-1 & z-2 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow x - y - z + 4 = 0$

Javob: $x - y - z + 4 = 0$

2.3.1. ([1], p72) $\triangle ABC$ uchburchakning A va B uchlari mos ravishda Ox hamda Oy o'qlarining $2x - y - 2 = 0$ to'g'ri chiziq bilan kesishish nuqtalari bo'lib, $tg\hat{A} = \frac{1}{2}$, $tg\hat{B} = \frac{4}{3}$ bo'lsa, AC hamda BC tomonlar tenglamalarini tuzing.

2.3.2. ([1], p72) Tekislikda $4x - 6y - 3 = 0$, $2x - 3y + 7 = 0$ to'g'ri chiziqlar parallel ekanligi ko'rsatilsin hamda bu to'g'ri chiziqlarga parallel va ulardan teng uzoqlikda joylashgan to'g'ri chiziq tenglamasi tuzilsin.

2.3.8. ([1], p72) $x + 5y + z = 0$, $x - z + 4 = 0$ tekisliklarning kesishish to'g'ri chizig'idan o'tuvchi hamda $x - 4y - 8z + 12 = 0$ tekislik bilan $\frac{\pi}{6}$ burchak ostida kesishuvchi tekislik tenglamasini tuzing.

2.3.9. ([1], p72) Berilgan $P(4,3,-2)$ nuqtadan $3x - y + 5z + 1 = 0$ tekislikkacha masofani toping.

2.3.11. ([1], p72) $d: \begin{cases} 3x + 2y - z + 5 = 0 \\ x - y - z + 1 = 0 \end{cases}$ to'g'ri chiziqning koordinata tekisliklariga proeksiyalari tenglamalarini toping (x, y, z — fazoning ortogonal koordinatalari).

2.3.13. ([1], p72) $A(1, -1, 1)$, $B(1, 1, 0)$, $C(0, 2, -1)$ nuqtalar berilgan (ortogonal koordinatalar). A nuqtadan BC to'g'ri chiziqqacha masofani toping.

2.3.15. ([1], p72) $A(2, 3, 1)$ nuqtadan $\frac{x+1}{2} = \frac{y}{-1} = \frac{z-2}{3}$ to'g'ri chiziqqa perpendikulyar tushiring.

2.3.17. ([1], p72) Berilgan $\frac{x+3}{2} = \frac{y-5}{3} = \frac{z}{1}$, $\frac{x+2}{8} = \frac{y-1}{7} = \frac{z-3}{1}$ to'g'ri chiziqlar orasidagi masofani toping va bu to'g'ri chiziqlarga umumiy perpendikulyar tenglamasini tuzing.

1([2]). Berilgan $(3, 1, -2)$ nuqtadan va

$$\frac{x-4}{5} = \frac{y+3}{2} = \frac{z}{1}$$

to'g'ri chiziqdan o'tuvchi tekislik tenglamasini tuzing.

2([2]). $\frac{x-3}{2} = \frac{y+4}{1} = \frac{z-2}{-3}$ to'g'ri chiziqdan o'tuvchi va $\frac{x+5}{4} = \frac{y-2}{7} = \frac{z-1}{2}$ to'g'ri

chiziqqa parallel tekislik tenglamasini tuzing.

3([2]). Berilgan $A(4, -3, 1)$ nuqtadan $x + 2y - z - 3 = 0$ tekislikgacha bo'lgan masofani toping.

4([2]). Ushbu $\frac{x-7}{1} = \frac{y-3}{2} = \frac{z-9}{-1}$ va $\frac{x-3}{-7} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{z-1}{3}$ to'g'ri chiziqlar

orasidagi masofani toping.

5([2]). To'rtburchak tomonlari

$$x + 3y = 0, \quad x - y = 0, \quad x - y - 4 = 0, \quad 3x + y - 12 = 0$$

tenglamalar bilan berilgan. To'rtburchak burchaklari bissektrisalarining tenglamalarini tuzing.

6([2]). To'g'ri chiziq

$$\frac{x+1}{2} = \frac{y}{-1} = \frac{z-2}{3}$$

tenglama bilan berilgan bo'lsa, unga $A(4,0,-1)$ nuqtadan tushirilgan perpendikulyar tenglamasini tuzing.

7([2]). Tomonlari

$$18x + 6y - 17 = 0, \quad 14x - 7y + 15 = 0, \quad 5x + 10y - 9 = 0$$

tenglamalar bilan berilgan uchburchakning burchaklarini toping.

8([2]). To'rtburchak tomonlari

$$x + 3y = 0, \quad x - y = 0, \quad x - y - 4 = 0, \quad 3x + y - 12 = 0$$

tenglamalar bilan berilgan. To'rtburchakning diagonallari tenglamasini tuzing.

9([2]). Ushbu $\frac{x-7}{1} = \frac{y-3}{2} = \frac{z-9}{-1}$ va $\frac{x-3}{-7} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{z-1}{3}$ to'g'ri chiziqlarga

umumiy perpendikulyar bo'lgan to'g'ri chiziq tenglamasini tuzing.

3) $\frac{x-7}{5} = \frac{y-4}{1} = \frac{z-5}{4}$ va $3x - y + 2z - 5 = 0$