yordam berishi lozim. Kasb to`gri tanlanganda yoshlar o`z qobiliyatlari va qiziqishlarini yaxshiroq ro`yobga chiqarishlari hamda jamiyatga ko`proq naf keltirishlari mumkin.

#### Foydalanilgan adabiyotlar:

1.G'aniyeva M.X. Ijtimoiy ish asoslari. Metodik qo'llanma. Toshkent 2010. – 80 b.

2. Mannopov S. Ma'ruzalar matni. Mutaxassislikka kirish va ijtimoiy ish etikasi. Farg'ona 2007. -120 b.

3."Bola va zamon" jurnali. Respublika bolalar ijtimoiy moslashuvi markazi. №4.2009. B. 18-20.

4.Mannopov S. Ijtimoiy ish xodimining kasbiy asoslari va etikasi. O'quv uslubiy ko'rsatma. Farg'ona 2012. – 56 b.

5. Axmedova M.E., Meleboyeva R.N., Bekmirov T.R., Nurmatov A.N. Kasbiy pedagogika. Darslik. T. 2022. - 280 b.

6. Qurbonova G.N. Kasbiy pedagogika. O`quv qo`llanma. Buxoro, 2020. - 180 b.

7. Avazboyev A.I, Ismadiyorov Ya.U. Kasbiy pedagogika. T. 2014. - 284 b.

#### **Muallif:**

Ibragimova Shoira Kosimovna - Nizomiy nomidagi Toshkent davlat pedagogika universiteti tayanch doktoranti.

UDK 372.881.111.1

#### THE ROLE OF SYNONYMS IN TEACHING ENGLISH

#### РОЛЬ СИНОНИМОВ В ОБУЧЕНИИ АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ

INGLIZ TILINI O'QITISHDA SINONIM SO'ZLARINING O'RNI

#### Baltayeva Nodira Timur qizi

Chirchik State Pedagogical University, Chirchik city, Amir Temur street 104. Email: nadirabaltaeva30@gmail.com

**Abstaract:** In the realm of English language education, the strategic incorporation of synonyms emerges as a fundamental pedagogical approach. Beyond its apparent association with vocabulary enrichment, the utilization of synonyms in teaching English encompasses a myriad of benefits that extend to various facets of language acquisition. From fostering nuanced communication skills to instilling confidence in both written and spoken expression, the emphasis on synonyms brings depth and versatility to the learning experience. In this exploration, we delve into the multifaceted role of synonyms, unraveling their significance in vocabulary expansion, contextual understanding, writing proficiency, and beyond.

Key words: realm of English, synonyms, teaching, language, learning experience, communication skills, instilling confidence.

Аннотация: В сфере преподавания английского языка стратегическое включение синонимов становится фундаментальным педагогическим подходом. Помимо очевидной связи с обогащением словарного запаса, использование синонимов в обучении английскому языку несет в себе множество преимуществ, которые распространяются на различные аспекты овладения языком. Акцент на синонимах придает глубину и универсальность процессу обучения: от развития тонких коммуникативных навыков до привития уверенности в письменной и устной речи. В этом исследовании мы углубляемся в многогранную роль синонимов, раскрывая их значение в расширении словарного запаса, контекстуальном понимании, навыках письма и многом другом.

Ключевые слова: область английского языка, синонимы, преподавание, язык, опыт обучения, коммуникативные навыки, укрепление уверенности.

Annotatsiya: Ingliz tili ta'limi sohasida sinonimlarning strategik inkorporatsiyasi fundamental pedagogik yondashuv sifatida namoyon bo'ladi. Ingliz tilini o'rgatishda sinonimlardan foydalanish tilni o'zlashtirishning turli jabhalariga taalluqli ko'plab afzalliklarni o'z ichiga oladi. Nuansli muloqot ko'nikmalarini rivojlantirishdan yozma va og'zaki ifodada ishonchni singdirishgacha, sinonimlarga urg'u berish o'rganish tajribasiga chuqurlik va ko'p qirralilik olib keladi. Ushbu tadqiqotda biz sinonimlarning ko'p qirrali rolini o'rganamiz, ularning so'z boyligini kengaytirish, kontekstni tushunish, yozish mahorati va boshqalardagi ahamiyatini ochib beramiz.

Kalit so'zlar: Ingliz tili sohasi, sinonimlar, o'qitish, til, o'rganish tajribasi, muloqot qobiliyatlari, ishonchni uyg'otish.

**Introduction.** In the realm of English language education, the strategic incorporation of synonyms emerges as a fundamental pedagogical approach. Beyond its apparent association with vocabulary enrichment, the utilization of synonyms in teaching English encompasses a myriad of benefits that extend to various facets of language acquisition. From fostering nuanced communication skills to instilling confidence in both written and spoken expression, the emphasis on synonyms brings depth and versatility to the learning experience. In this exploration, we delve into the multifaceted role of synonyms, unraveling their significance in vocabulary expansion, contextual understanding, writing proficiency, and beyond. In the dynamic landscape of English language education, the deliberate inclusion of synonyms stands out as a cornerstone in shaping proficient language learners. Far beyond the conventional realm of vocabulary building, the strategic deployment of synonyms in English teaching unfolds a tapestry of advantages that reaches into diverse dimensions of linguistic mastery. Beyond the

mere diversification of words, synonyms contribute significantly to a deeper understanding of language nuances, empowering students with a versatile linguistic toolkit [1]. The impact of synonyms is far-reaching, extending from the intricacies of vocabulary expansion to the subtleties of contextual comprehension. This linguistic arsenal, rich in synonymous alternatives, not only refines written and spoken expression but also plays a pivotal role in honing critical thinking skills. As students navigate the labyrinth of language, the emphasis on synonyms becomes a compass guiding them towards effective communication and eloquent self-expression. In this exploration, we embark on a journey to unravel the multifaceted role of synonyms in the English language classroom [4]. Beyond their immediate association with lexical diversity, we delve into their broader significance, dissecting their influence on contextual understanding, fostering writing proficiency, and cultivating a profound impact on the fabric of effective communication. Join us as we navigate the intricate web of language acquisition, where synonyms emerge not just as linguistic tools but as catalysts for comprehensive language mastery [2].

#### **Objects and research methods**

Teaching synonyms is a fundamental aspect of language education, and it holds significant importance for several reasons:

1. Vocabulary development: Teaching synonyms helps students expand their vocabulary. Exposure to different words with similar meanings allows them to express themselves more precisely and with greater variety, contributing to a richer and more nuanced understanding of language.

2. Communication skills: Understanding and using synonyms enhance students' communication skills. It enables them to convey their thoughts and ideas more effectively, choose the most appropriate words for a given context, and adapt their language to different audiences.

3. Reading comprehension: Proficiency in synonyms aids in reading comprehension. When students encounter unfamiliar words, knowing synonyms can help them deduce meanings from the context, fostering better understanding of texts and improving overall reading skills.

4. Writing proficiency: Writing often requires a diverse and expressive vocabulary. Teaching synonyms encourages students to choose words intentionally, fostering creativity and clarity in their written expression. It also helps them avoid repetitive language in their compositions.

5. Critical thinking: Exploring synonyms encourages students to think critically about word meanings and relationships. It prompts them to consider the subtle nuances and connotations of different words, promoting a deeper understanding of language.

6. Test preparation: Many standardized tests, including language proficiency exams, assess a student's vocabulary. Teaching synonyms aids in test preparation by equipping students with the skills needed to comprehend and respond to a variety of questions that may involve word choice and meaning.

7. Cultural competence: Language is deeply connected to culture, and teaching synonyms provides insights into the richness and diversity of language within different communities. It helps students appreciate the cultural nuances and variations in expression.

#### **Results and its discussion**

The use of synonyms plays a crucial role in teaching English for several reasons:

1. Vocabulary expansion: Learning synonyms helps students expand their vocabulary. Instead of relying on a single word to express an idea, they can use different words with similar meanings to add variety and richness to their language.

2. **Contextual understanding:** Studying synonyms enhances students' understanding of how words are used in different contexts. It allows them to grasp the subtle nuances and connotations of words, leading to more precise communication.

3. **Improving writing skills:** Encouraging the use of synonyms in writing helps students avoid repetition, making their writing more engaging and sophisticated. It also enables them to choose the most suitable words for different situations.

4. **Reading comprehension:** Knowledge of synonyms aids in better comprehension of texts. When students encounter unfamiliar words, knowing synonyms can help them deduce the meaning based on context and related words.

5. **Effective communication:** Understanding synonyms enhances verbal communication skills. It allows individuals to express themselves more precisely and adapt their language to different audiences and situations.

6. **Standardized test:** Many standardized tests, such as the SAT or GRE, assess students' vocabulary. Knowing synonyms can be advantageous in these exams, where a rich vocabulary is often associated with higher scores.

7. **Cultural awareness:** Learning synonyms can also contribute to cultural awareness, as it exposes students to different ways of expressing ideas in English. This is particularly important for learners who use English as a second language [7].

8. **Critical thinking:** Identifying synonyms requires critical thinking skills. Students need to analyze the meanings and shades of words to determine which ones are suitable in a given context.

9. Language fun and creativity: Teaching synonyms can be made enjoyable through games and activities. This not only makes the learning process more engaging but also encourages creativity in language use. Let's delve deeper into the idea of making the learning process enjoyable through games and activities, emphasizing how this approach enhances engagement and fosters creativity in language use: In the pursuit of effective language teaching, the incorporation of interactive games and activities centered around synonyms emerges as a dynamic strategy. Recognizing that traditional rote memorization can be both tedious and less effective, educators are increasingly turning to engaging methodologies that not only make the learning process enjoyable but also stimulate creativity in language use. Games designed to reinforce synonym knowledge inject an element of fun into the learning environment. Activities such as synonym matching games, word association challenges, or even crossword puzzles not only test students' understanding but also transform the learning experience into a captivating endeavor. By introducing an element of competition or collaboration, these games tap into the natural inclination for play, creating a positive and motivating atmosphere within the classroom [10]. The use of interactive activities not only captivates students' attention but also encourages them to think critically about language choices. For instance, engaging in a 'synonym charades' game requires students to not only identify synonyms but also embody the nuances of each word through gestures and expressions. This embodiment of language adds a kinesthetic dimension to learning, reinforcing the connections between words and their meanings in a memorable way. Furthermore, such activities provide a platform for fostering creativity in language use. When students are encouraged to explore a variety of synonyms in a playful context, they are more likely to experiment with language and discover the joy of linguistic expression. This experimentation lays the groundwork for a more intuitive and nuanced understanding of word choices, enabling students to communicate with flair and originality. In essence, integrating games and activities into the teaching of synonyms transcends the traditional boundaries of education. It transforms the language-learning journey into an immersive and enjoyable experience, cultivating not only a solid grasp of synonyms but also nurturing the seeds of creativity in language use that will blossom throughout students' linguistic endeavors [8].

**Building confidence:** As students become more adept at using a variety of words, their confidence in both written and spoken English tends to increase. They feel more equipped to express themselves effectively.

Methods: introduction and explanation: begin by introducing the concept of synonyms and explaining their importance in language learning and communication. Group activities engage students in collaborative activities where they work together to identify synonyms, discuss their meanings, and create sentences using them. Contextual learning: provide examples of synonyms used in context, and discuss how their meanings may vary depending on the context.

#### Conclusion.

Incorporating synonyms into English language teaching helps students build a robust vocabulary, enhances their communication skills, and fosters a deeper understanding of the language. The integration of synonyms into English language teaching serves as a multifaceted tool to enrich students' language skills. It goes beyond mere vocabulary expansion, contributing to enhanced communication, improved writing abilities, and a nuanced comprehension of language usage. Encouraging the use of synonyms not only aids in standardized test preparation but also fosters critical thinking, cultural awareness, and creativity. Ultimately, it plays a pivotal role in building students' confidence in expressing themselves effectively in written and spoken English. Let's elaborate further on the idea of how the use of synonyms contributes to students' confidence in written and spoken English: As students become more adept at navigating the rich tapestry of synonyms, a transformative shift occurs in their language proficiency. The mastery of synonyms empowers learners to articulate their thoughts with precision, lending an air of sophistication to both their written compositions and spoken expressions. The expanded vocabulary not only equips them with a diverse linguistic palette but also instills a sense of confidence in their ability to choose words that precisely convey their intended meanings. In written compositions, the integration of a varied vocabulary, facilitated by synonyms, enhances the clarity and eloquence of students' prose. They can effortlessly maneuver through different registers of language, adapting their writing style to suit diverse audiences and purposes. This versatility not only elevates the quality of their written work but also positions them as adept communicators capable of expressing ideas with nuance and sophistication. In spoken English, the confidence gained from a robust synonymic repertoire allows students to engage in articulate and effective verbal communication. Whether participating in class discussions, delivering presentations, or expressing personal opinions, students find themselves more equipped to navigate the intricacies of spoken language. The newfound confidence translates into a heightened ability to communicate persuasively, capturing the attention and respect of their audience. Moreover, as students witness the positive reception of their well-articulated ideas, they are motivated to explore language even further. This positive reinforcement creates a selfperpetuating cycle, where the confidence gained from using synonyms fuels a continuous desire to expand their linguistic capabilities. In essence, the journey through the world of synonyms not only enriches vocabulary but serves as a catalyst for the development of confident, articulate, and effective communicators.

#### **References:**

1. Alqahtani, Mofareh. "The Importance of Vocabulary in Language Learning and how to be Taught." International Journal of Teaching and Education, vol. 3, no. 3, 2015, pp. 21-34.

2. Bennett, Gena R. Using Corpora in the Language Learning Classroom: Corpus Linguistics for Teachers. University of Michigan Press, 2010, pp. 141-168.

3. Biber, Douglas, et al. Corpus Linguistics: Investigating Language Structure and Use. Cambridge University Press, 2006, pp. 26-37.

4. Cai, Jiutian. Is it "Great" Enough? A Corpus-based Study of "Great" and its Near Synonyms. Ball State University, 2012, pp. 56-70.

5. Caro, Keiby, and Nayibe Rosado Mendinueta. "Lexis, Lexical Competence and Lexical Knowledge: A Review." Journal of Language Teaching and Research, vol. 8, no. 2, 2017, pp. 205-219.

6. Moon, Rosamund. "What can a Corpus Tell us about lexis?." The Routledge Handbook of Corpus Linguistics, edited by Anne O'Keeffe and Michael McCarthy, Routledge, 2010, pp. 345-358.

7. Nation, I.S.P. New Ways in Teaching Vocabulary. TESOL, 1994, pp. 16-25.

8. Nation, I.S.P. Learning Vocabulary in Another Language. Cambridge University Press, 2001, pp. 46-57.

9. O'Keeffe, Anne, et al. From Corpus to Classroom: Language Use and Language Teaching. Cambridge University Press, 2007, pp. 118.

10. Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary. Oxford University Press, 2005. Palmer, F.R. Semantics. Cambridge University Press, 1997, pp. 38-45.

#### Author:

Baltayeva Nodira Timur qizi - Chirchik State Pedagogical University, teacher of the Interfaculty Foreign Language Department.

#### UDK 371.302

#### PSYCHOLOGICAL AND PEDAGOGICAL FOUNDATIONS FOR THE USE OF PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING TECHNOLOGY

MUAMMOLI OʻQITISH TEXNOLOGIYASINI QOʻLLASHNING PSIXOLOGIK-PEDAGOGIK ASOSLARI

ПСИХОЛОГО-ПЕДАГОГИЧЕСКИЕ ОСНОВЫ ИСПОЛЬЗОВАНИЯ ТЕХНОЛОГИИ ПРОБЛЕМНОГО ОБУЧЕНИЯ

#### Abdullayev Baxtiyor Abduraxmanovich

Guliston davlat pedagogika instituti, 120101. Sirdaryo viloyati, Guliston shahri, Talabalar koʻchasi, 49-uy. E-mail: <u>baxtiyor.abdullaev.78@mail.ru</u>

**Annotation.** The article analyzes numerous scientific studies conducted by many scientists on the way of activation of learning and cognitive activity of students. It also clarifies the psychological and pedagogical conditions of purposeful application of problem-based learning.

**Key words.** Didactics, problem, problem teaching, problem situation, problem principle, creative thinking, knowledge actualization.

Annotatsiya. Maqolada oʻquvchilarning oʻquv-bilish faoliyatini faollashtirishga oid koʻplab olimlarning olib borgan ilmiy tadqiqot ishlari tahlil qilingan. Shuningdek, muammoli oʻqitishni maqsadli qoʻllashning psixologik-pedagogik shart-sharoitlari oydinlashtirilgan.

Kalit soʻzlar. Didaktika, muammo, muammoli oʻqitish, muammoli vaziyat, muammolik tamoyillari, ijodiy fikrlash, bilimlarni faollashtirish.

**Аннотация.** В статье проанализированы многочисленные научные исследования, проводимые многими ученными по вопросам на пути активизации учебно-познавательной деятельности учащихся. А также уточняются психолого-педагогические условия целенаправленного применения проблемного обучения.

**Ключевые слова.** Дидактика, проблема, проблемное обучение, проблемная ситуация, принцип проблемный, творческое мышление, актуализация знаний,

Kirish. Pedagog-didaktik olimlar yillar davomida ta'lim jarayonini tashkil etishda "Nega oʻqitamiz? Nimani oʻqitamiz?" kabi savollariga javob izlash barorida "Qanday qilib samarali va natijali oʻqitish mumkin? – degan savolga hali ham javob qidirilmoqda va bu mavzuda ilmiy tadqiqot ishlari olib borilmoqa. Shu oʻrinda mamlakatimiz Prezidenti raisligida 2020-yil 30-oktyabr kuni oʻtkazilgan videoselektor yigʻilishida mamlakatda ta'lim-tarbiya tizimini takomillashtirish, ilm-fan sohasi rivojini jadallashtirish masalalari muhokamasi boʻyicha maktab oʻquvchilarni faqat yodlashga emas, balki fikrlashga chorlaydigan metodika qoʻllash zarurligini ta'kidlaganligi ham bejiz emas. "Maktabda oʻqitish metodikasi oʻzgarmasa, ta'lim sifati ham, mazmuni ham, muhit ham oʻzgarmaydi", – dedi mamlakatimiz rahbari [1].

### CONTENTS

### PEDAGOGY

Turdiboev Dilshod Xamidovich. PREPARATION OF FUTURE PRIMARY SCHOOL TEACHERS FOR PEDAGOGICAL ACTIVITIES BASED ON INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	3
Annakulova Dildora Baymuratovna. EFFECTIVENESS OF USING INTERACTIVE TECHNIQUES IN NON-TRADITIONAL	,
MUSIC LESSONS	6
Sagdullayev Jaxongir Axmadjon oʻgʻli. METHODICAL ANALYSIS OF THE TENDENCY OF YOUNG PEOPLE TO	0
CRIME AND IMPROVEMENT OF THE WORLDVIEW AIMED AT CRIME PREVENTION	9
Abdukadirova Laura Yulbarsovna. THEORETICAL FOUNDATIONS OF PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING: THE	10
EXISTENTIAL-HUMANISTIC APPROACH	12
Yangiyev Shavkat. A METHODOLOGICAL MODEL OF DEVELOPMENT OF STUDENTS' BASIC COMPETENCES IN	1.0
EDUCATIONAL CLUSTER CONDITIONS.	16
Axnazarova Diyora Erkin qizi. PSYCHOLOGICAL RESEARCHES IN THE FIELD OF GENDER	10
EQUALITY Azamkulov Gayrat Otakuziyevich. FUNDAMENTALS OF DEVELOPING MUSICAL AND CREATIVE SKILLS OF	19
STUDENTS	21
Islamova Durdonaxon Rustamxon qizi. FORMING TYPES OF EDUCATION THROUGH TOURISM ACTIVITIES IN YOUTH	24
Umirova Nilufar Amanbaevna, Maxamadieva Qundizoy Xonimkul kizi, Musakaeva Sabina Rishatovna. EDUCATIONAL	
AND COGNITIVE METHODS IN EXPERIMENTAL CHEMISTRY	26
Ibragimova Shoira Kosimovna. PEDAGOGICAL APPROACHES IN PROVIDING YOUNG PEOPLE'S GUIDANCE TO THE CHOICE OF A PROFESSION	30
Baltayeva Nodira Timur qizi. THE ROLE OF SYNONYMS IN TEACHING ENGLISH	
Abdullaev Baxtiyor Abduraxmanovich. PSYCHOLOGICAL AND PEDAGOGICAL FOUNDATIONS FOR THE USE OF	
PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING TECHNOLOGY	35
Mavlyanov Moʻminjon Akramovich, Oʻrozboyev Mirjalol Abdivosi oʻgʻli. MODERN APPROACHES TO ORGANIZING	
LABORATORY CLASSES IN HIGHER EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	
Mirxoliqova Charos Xabibullaevna. METHODS OF FORMING EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE IN PRIMARY SCHOOL STUDENTS	
Murodova Shaxodat Shamurzayevna. THE IMPORTANCE OF NON-STANDARD ASSIGNMENTS IN COMPUTER EDUCATION	46
Latipov Bobur. THE IMPORTANCE OF NON-VERBAL (OR VERBAL) ORAL PRESENTATION SKILLS FOR YOUNG LEARNERS IN ACADEMIC ESTABLISHMENTS	49
Erkinova Sevinch Mahmanazar qizi. EXPLORING INNOVATIVE APPROACHES TO LANGUAGE ACQUISITION FOR	
CHILDREN	51
Mirzoeva Nigora Shavkatjonovna, Rashidova Oynisa Khusniddin kizi. DEVELOPMENT OF CRITICAL THINKING OF	
FUTURE PRIMARY CLASS TEACHERS THROUGH INDEPENDENT EDUCATION	55
Raxmonova Munirabonu Gʻulomjon qizi. DEVELOPMENT OF CRITICAL THINKING SKILL OF PHILOLOGY	
STUDENTS IS THE KEY TO ACADEMIC SUCCESS	59
Xolnazarova Dildora Mamatmuratovna. PROCESS OF DEVELOPMENT OF LEGAL CULTURE IN STUDENTS IN	
EDUCATION INFORMATION	64
Xasanova Gulnaza Raxatjanovna. PEDAGOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF IMPROVING STUDENTS' INDEPENDENT	
LEARNING COMPETENCY UNDER THE CONDITIONS OF THE CREDIT-MODULE SYSTEM	68
Murodova Aziza Baxtiyorovna. STANDARD FOR MANAGING THE ORGANIZATION OF PRESCHOOL EDUCATION IN FRANCE	
Norboeva Umida Erkin qizi. ENTOMOPATHOGENIC NEMATODES ARE A NEW PROSPECTIVE DIRECTION	
OF FIGHTING AGAINST THRIPS IN CUCUMBER CULTIVATION IN SURKHONDARYO GREENHOUSES	
Ruzieva Shoxida Fatilloevna. THE CURRENT STATE OF ACADEMIC MOBILITY IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF HIGHER	
EDUCATION (In the example of Bukhara State University)	
Akhmatkulova Makhfuza Shukhrat qizi, Yakhyoeva Gulkhumor Shukhrat qizi. TEACHING ENGLISH TO CHILDREN	
OF 6-8 AGES ON THE BASIS OF EXCITING GAMES (Using the example of I Spy game)	85
Imanov Baxtiyor Berdievich. CONCEPTUAL FOUNDATIONS FOR LESSON ANALYSIS AND ASSESSMENT OF ITS	
Karimova Malika Abdi-Xafizovna. WORKING WITH TEXT TO DEVELOP STUDENTS' READING SKILLS	93
Ahtamqulov Muhriddin Ahtamqul oʻgʻli. METHODS OF ORGANIZING THE TEACHING OF ALGORITHMIC	07
LANGUAGES AND PROGRAMMING COURSES IN AN ELECTRONIC LEARNING ENVIRONMENT	
Xasanov Baxrom Boktiboyevich. USING AN INTEGRATIVE APPROACH IN THE EDUCATIONAL PROCESS	
Abdukarimov Xabibullo. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE INDICATORS OF THE LESSON	102